

Thomas Webster.
 Gilbert Waugh.
 Thomas Henry Smith.
 Edward William Gullifer Showers.
 William Woodhouse.
 Henry Faithfull.
 Francis W. Wilson.
 John Tombs.
 John H. Collett.
 George L. Wulsh.
 Patrick Cameron.
 John Carfrae.
 Richard West.
 George Jackson.
 Samuel Goodfellow.
 Charles A. Walker.
 Richard A. Willis.
 Frederick Bowen.
 James S. Fraser.
 Isaac Kinnersley.
 Peter Delmonette.
 Henry Huthwaite.
 William C. Faithfull.
 Thomas Wilson.
 Felix Vincent Raper.
 George Swiney.
 George Pollock.
 Alexander Lindsay.
 James Alexander.
 Vnus Kennedy.
 Walter Raleigh Gilbert.
 Thomas P. Smith.
 Edward Froderick.
 George B. Brooks.
 Archibald Robertson.
 William Clinton Baddeley.
 Henry Bowdler.
 Peter Ludwick.
 James F. Dundas.
 James Morne.
 Edward H. Simpson.
 James Hackett.
 Thomas Newton.
 John A. Biggs.
 Edward H. Bellasis.
 William Nott.
 George Couper.
 Surtanias Henry Todd.
 John Briggs.
 Harry Thompson.

To be Majors.

Captain John Wilson.
 Thomas Richard Macquerna.
 Francis Hugh M. Wheeler.
 John Wilson.
 George Hicks.
 James William Douglas.
 James Manson.
 John Ward.
 Stamford Powell.
 William Barlow.
 Samuel Lewis Thornton.
 Hope Dick.
 David Hepburn.
 William Stronads.
 Samuel P. C. Humphrys.
 John Henry Simmonds.
 Harry Fisher Saker.
 John Angelo.
 John Gavin Drummond.
 Thomas Williams.
 William Bacon.
 Louis Sanders Bird.
 George Blake.
 Robert Lindsay Anstruther.
 Edmund Herring.
 Frederick Roberts.
 George Gladwin Deasman.
 Alexander Davidson.
 Eyre Evans Bruce.
 John Hall.
 John Haller.
 John Samuel Marshall.
 Daniel Alexander Penning.
 George Brooks Aitchison.
 Christopher Newport.
 George Chapman.
 John Hicks.
 John Landon Jones.
 Griffiths Holmes.
 Rutherford Hart.
 John Rawlin.
 George H. Woodhouse.
 Francis Goodenough.
 Richard Ogden Martin.
 John Hastings Mackintosh.
 Owen Phillips.
 William Bolton Gifford.
 Niel Campbell.
 Robert Kent.

William Henry Earle.
 Alexander McKinnon.
 William Sayer.
 Andrew Goldie.
 Henry Carter.
 William Ramsey.
 Charles Thoresby.
 James Bedford.
 William Edward Blair Leadbeater.
 Jeremiah Brock Nottidge.
 George Lee.
 Duncan Montgomerie.
 Andrew Mitchell Campbell.
 Lucius Horton Smith.
 John Farquharson.
 John Worthy.
 John Forbes.
 Frederick Bond.
 Thomas Biddle.
 William Martier.
 Hugh Macfarquhar.
 John Howison.
 Henry John Wood.
 George Dods.
 John Morgan Ley.
 Richard Graves Polwhele.
 John Chisholm.
 William Foytall.
 Edward Parry Gowan.
 John Allen.
 John Henry Irwin.
 John Castwright.
 Francis Frankland Whynter.
 William Hill Waterfield.
 George Fryer.
 Richard Buid.
 Patrick Thomson.
 George Barker.
 Francis Howden.
 John Fitzgerald.
 James Olliphant.
 Francis Straton.
 John J. Underwood.
 John Monson Boyce.
 William Frederick Steer.
 Claude Martin Wade.
 George William Bonham.
 Thomas Wilkinson.
 George Henry Robinson.
 Hugh C. Cotton.
 Charles Sinclair.
 Alexander Laws.
 Charles Hosmer.
 Richard Somner Seton.
 Alexander MacArthur.
 William Prescott.
 John Thomas Croft.
 Charles Waddington.
 William Henry Terrance.
 Frederick Blundell.
 Charles Wuhub.
 Stuart Corbett.
 George Frederick Penley.
 John Samuel Henry Weston.
 John Wynch.
 William John Thompson.
 Humphrey Hay.
 Malcolm Nicolson.
 Henry Monke.
 Henry Barkley Henderson.
 Thomas Best Jervis.
 Frederick Samuel Sotheby.
 Henry Liddell.
 Edward Huthwaite.
 Gavin Rolston Crawford.
 Henry Delafosse.
 Joseph Robert Woodhouse.

J. STUART, Lt.-Col.,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India Milly. Dept.

LIST OF UNCLAIMED LETTERS remaining in the General Post Office, which have accumulated between the 1st July and 30th September, 1885.

N.

Newhouse, Esq. Gorge—General Post Office, Calcutta.
 Newton, H. A.—55th Regt. Native Infantry, Bengal, in the care of Messrs. Palmer and Co.
 Neal, Michael—44th Regt. of Foot, Chatham, Captain Kitson's Company, Bengal, East Indies.
 Nab Cemar Mokerjee—Calcutta, to be left at the Dak Office until called for.
 Neelamber Baulder, Baboo—Bancoah, care of Baboo Colashand Moharjee, Calcutta.

Oliver, Captain Archibald.—Of the Bengal Establishment, care of William Hawkins, Esq., Company's Agent at the Cape of Good Hope.

(To be Continued.)

Wm. MOORE, Deputy Post Master,
Calcutta, General Post Office, 30th October, 1838.

NOTICE.—The undermentioned Transfers of Letters were effected, in consequence of the Packages arriving at Keelgeree too late to catch the Vessels for which they were originally intended:—

Date of the Receipt of the Letters at the General Post Office.	Name of the Ship by which the Letters were intended to have been transmitted.	Destination.	Name of the Vessel by which the Letters were transmitted.
23rd Sept. 1838.	Favourite,...	Cape of Good Hope,...	Herefordshire,
19th & 20th Oct.	Steamer Ganges,...	Rangoon and Moulmein,...	John Hepburne.
21st & 23rd ditto.	Queen Mab,...	Liverpool,...	James Hobson.
24th ditto ditto.	John Hepburne,...	Moulmein,...	Snipe.
4th & 5th ditto.	Snipe,...	Ditto,...	Cecilia.
5th ditto ditto.	Mias,...	Batavia,...	Grecian.
7th & 8th ditto.	Herefordshire,...	London,...	Sunda.
8th & 10th ditto.	Blakely,...	Liverpool,...	Elvira.

Wm. MOORE, Deputy Post Master,
Fort William, General Post Office, }
the 16th November, 1838.

Packages for the reception of Letters by the following Ships are open at this Office.

Name of Vessel.	Agents.	Intendel Departure.	To what Port.	Touching at.	Remarks.
Chamorro,	Fergusson Brothers & Co.,	17th Instant,	London.		
Alfred,	Lyall, Matheson & Co.,	18th Ditto,	China.		
John,	Ditto,	20th Ditto,	London.		
Wanderer,	Ditto,	Ditto,	Ditto.		
Colombo,	Ditto,	25th Ditto,	Liverpool.		

Wm. MOORE, Deputy Post Master.

Calcutta, General Post Office, the 16th November, 1838.

Notice to Exporters of Tobacco, Segars, &c., and to Masters of Vessels on which Tobacco, &c. may be Shipped.

No Tobacco can be imported into the United Kingdom unless the Master shall have on board a separate and distinct Manifest for such Tobacco, containing the particular weight in each Hogshead, Cask, Chest, or Case, with the Tare of the same, and otherwise drawn up in the form prescribed by the Act of Parliament.

Penalty on the Master £100—see 3 and 4 William 4, C. 52, Sec. 3, 7 and 11.

Tobacco may not be imported into the United Kingdom in any Ship or Vessel of less burthen than 120 Tons—nor unless in Hogsheads, Casks, Chests, or Cases, containing at least 100 lbs. net weight, and not packed in Bags or Packages within any such Hogsheads, Casks, &c. Nor separated nor divided in any way whatever, nor unless the particular weight of the Tobacco in such Package, with the Tare of the same, be marked thereon under penalty of forfeiture—3 and 4 William 4, C. 52, Sec. 58. It is important that parties Shipping Tobacco from this Port for Great Britain, should make themselves thoroughly acquainted with such portion of the Acts above quoted as relate to that Article.

R. WALKER, Collector of Customs.

Calcutta Custom House, the 16th July, 1838.

CUSTOMS.

List of Packages lying unclaimed at this Office.

- 1 Package, Mr. Humphry, Engineer, Fort Gloster, per Severn.
- 1 Parcel, Editor of the Madras Gazette, per Crusader.
- 1 Ditto, Marked S 4, per Crown.
- 2 Boxes, Marked B in diamond, 1 and 2, per Protector.
- 1 Cask, Marked F in diamond, 532, per Mary Ann Webb.
- 2 Bundles, News Papers, John Campbell, Pay Master, late 40th Regt., per John McLeellan.
- 2 Ditto ditto, no address, per Ditto.
- 1 Box, K. Mackenzie, Marked M in diamond, 1 to 30, per Alexander.
- 1 Parcel, J. Leau, care of Jenkins and Co., per St. George.
- 1 Box, Picture Frames, A G per Allaloria.
- 1 Ditto, W. Clive, per Cornair.
- 1 Ditto, Marked — 12 to 57, per Robert Small.
- 20 Packages, Felt, Marked T P in diamond, 1 to 20, per Duke of Bedford.
- 1 Ditto, containing 3 Boxes, Marked J C., per Fattasulm.
- 5 Ditto, Catch, per Colonel Burney.
- 2 Bags, Sago, Marked W, per Thetia.
- 1 Parcel, Captain G. C. Kennedy, Schooner Psyche, per Hindoo.
- 1 Ditto, J. Atherton, Chief Mate of the Ship Trafalgar, per Ditto.
- 1 Case, Revd. J. Marsh, per David Sentt.
- 7 Ditto, Marked M in diamond, 1 to 7, per Ditto.
- 1 Parcel, H. D. Brown, 4th Officer Roxburgh Castle, per Ditto.
- 1 Ditto, Dr. Tytler, per Larkins.
- 1 Ditto, T. W. Rawson, per Ditto.
- 6 Packages, Flower Pots, Marked D H in diamond, per Shaw Alam.
- 1 Parcel, F. W. Brown, care of Wilson and Co., per Malacca.
- 2 Ditto, Dr. Tytler, per John Fleming.
- 1 Quarter Case, Marked F B 81, per Bengal.
- 1 Box, Marked E M, per Gilbert Manro.
- 1 Ditto, Ditto Marked F. R. in diamond, per Cecilia.
- 1 Case, J. Dunbar, per Lyasador.
- 2 Ditto, John Jones, Barque Thetia, per Ditto.
- 1 Ditto, Slatos, Marked I, per Ripley.
- 1 Parcel, Adam, Scott and Co., per Elvira.
- 1 Ditto, McArthur, McIver and Co., per Ditto.
- 1 Ditto, Captain W. Fresh, care of Bruce, Shand and Co., per Serlingepattin.
- 1 Ditto, H. Dawson, care of Ratanjee Cowasjee, per Ditto.
- 1 Ditto, Lieut. H. C. Jones, Drzen, per Ditto.
- 1 Box, Mr. Scoude, at Hunter's Livery Stables, per Grecian.

- 2 Packages, Trunks, Marked I P B, per Sylph.
1 Case, Marked R. S. 7, per Asia.
1 Ditto, Assistant Surgeon Campbell, Madras Establishment, per Ditto.
1 Ditto, J. W. Knight, care of D. Ross, per Adelaide.
1 Ditto, Lieut. Ballard, 9th Regt., per Ditto.
1 Ditto, Capt. Carew, 13th Light Infantry, per Ditto.
1 Ditto, Dr. Voight, care of Thacker and Co., per Ditto.
1 Ditto, S. Somerville, per Hermia.
1 Carboy, Anniseed, per Virginia.

R. WALKER, Collector of Customs.

Calcutta Govt. Custom House, the 16th November, 1838.

N. B. Parties applying for the above Packages, will be pleased to send Invoices, or Bills, showing contents and value, and to depute persons to be present at the opening of them at this Office. The Collector has nothing to do with the business of Landing Packages from Ships, nor with forwarding them to their owners, or their destination.

The fact of Articles being destined for PRIVATE USE and not for Sale, does not exempt them from payment of Duty, if they be of a kind which is chargeable with Duty, under the Regulation.

THE Public are hereby informed, that the Sub-Treasurer will negotiate Bills upon the undermentioned Provincial Treasuries, at the rates cited, to the extent of the Surplus that is available at each Treasury:

LOWER PROVINCES.

Buldoah, ...	
Buckergunge, ...	
Beerbhoom, ...	
Bograh, ...	
Cuttack S. D. ...	
Pomer, ...	
Chittagong, ...	
Dacca, ...	at par and eight,
Dinagopore, ...	
Jessore, ...	
Maldah, ...	
Midnapore, ...	
Muddoh, ...	
Pabnah, ...	
Rangpore, ...	
Tippurah, ...	
Kamrup (Lower Assam), ...	
Newgong (S. C. Assam), ...	at a prem. of 1 per Cent. and at 3 days' sight.
Gowalparah, ...	
Dumung (N. C. Assam), ...	

C. MORLEY, Asst. General.

Fort William,
Accountant General's Office,
The 17th November, 1838.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of George Hore Swaine, of Park Street, in Calcutta, Painter, an Insolvent, seeking the benefit of the Statute 13, Geo. IV. cap. 73. At a Court holden on Saturday, the 3d day of November, instant, It was Ordered that the Hearing in this matter be adjourned until Tuesday, the 4th day of December next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend before the Court.

"Any Creditor or other person interested, who may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon the Estate of the said Insolvent, may attend and be heard at the Hearing, having given notice of such intention at the Office of the Chief Clerk three clear days before."

Office of Examiner, 12th November, 1838.
Mr. Stretell, Atty.

কলিকাতার জোত্রহিন করজমাদারদের

পরিজ্ঞানার্থে আদালত

নাতয়ান জাহ হোরেন। বর্তমান নবেম্বর মাসের ৩শদিবার তা কলিকাতার পার্ক ইষ্ট্রিট রিকের আদালত হইয়াছে যে এই বিবরণের সত্যতা সত্যের ঘোষণার সহ

কোত্র বাসবাহের বাসসাই জপ আগতে ডিনে এর ১ বৎসরের প্রকাশিত দর মাহার ৪ মঙ্গল আইনের ৭৩ ধারায় বার তারিখে এবং এই উক্ত নাতয়ান তৎকালীন এই আদালতে হাজির হইবেন

কোন মহাজন কিম্বা তদ্বিসয়ের সত্যথিকারি ব্যক্তি জিনি বাস্তা করেন এই উক্ত নাতয়ানের জাহাজদের উপর আপত্তা করিতে তিনি এই সূত্রের নিয়মিত দিবসের পূর্বে পূর্বে তিন দিবস থাকিতে চিকেনাক সাহেবের আকিমে তাহার মানসের সংবাদ দিলে তাহার আপত্তা সূত্র জাইবেক

একদমিনর সাহেবের আকিম

সন ১৮৩৮ সাল ১২ নবেম্বর

মেঃ হুট্টন উকিল

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of John Brown, lately carrying on trade and business at Clive Street, in Calcutta, as a Wine Merchant, under the style and firm of John Brown and Company, and now residing at Serampore, an Insolvent. At a Court holden on Tuesday the 6th day of November, instant, It was Ordered the 5th day of January next, be appointed for Hearing in this matter, and that the said Insolvent do then attend before the Court.

"Any Creditor or other person interested, who may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon the Estate of the said Insolvent, may attend and be heard at the Hearing, having given notice of such intention at the Office of the Chief Clerk three clear days before."

Office of Examiner, 12th November, 1838.

Messrs. Jackson and Meiklejohn, Atty.

কলিকাতার জোত্রহিন করজমাদারদের

পরিজ্ঞানার্থে আদালত

নাতয়ান জাহ বোরেন সাহেবের বর্তমান নবেম্বর মাসের ৩শদিবার তা কলিকাতার কিলির বার তারিখে ইন্সট্রিটে জেনম এক সরাপের আদালতে হুদ সওদাগরি নাম এবং উপস্থিতে মহইল জে এই কান বোরেন এবং কোম্পানির কা বিসয় সূত্রের রবারের কিস্তিএকমে জিরামপুরে নিমিতে নিজা বাস করেন রিত হইল আগ ত রেনওয়ারি মাহার ৫ তারিখে এবং এই উক্ত নাতয়ান তৎকালীন এই আদালতে হাজির হইবেন

কোন মহাজন কিম্বা তদ্বিসয়ের সত্যথিকারি ব্যক্তি জিনি বাস্তা করেন এই উক্ত নাতয়ানের জাহাজদের উপর আপত্তা করিতে তিনি এই সূত্রের নিয়মিত দিবসের পূর্বে পূর্বে তিন দিবস থাকিতে চিকেনাক সাহেবের আকিমে তাহার মানসের সংবাদ দিলে তাহার আপত্তা সূত্র জাইবেক

একদমিনর সাহেবের আকিম

সন ১৮৩৮ সাল ১২ নবেম্বর

মেঃ হুট্টন উকিল

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Thomas Wilson, of Dharmutollah, in Calcutta, Paper Manufacturer, who has been adjudged entitled to the benefit of the Statute 9th Geo. IV. Cap. 73. Notice is hereby given, that at a Court holden on Saturday, the 3d day of November, instant, an Application was made by Petition for and in behalf of Thomas Wilson, setting forth that he was a Paper Manufacturer and Trader, in Calcutta, and that he did, on the 26th day of May, in the year 1838, file in this Court a Petition for relief under the Provisions of the Statute 9th Geo. IV. Cap. 73, that on the 18th day of August in the said year, he was adjudged to the benefit of the said Statute: and that more than three months have passed since the filing of the said Petition, and that he is now desirous to apply to this Court for final discharge under the Statute 4th and 5th of Wm. IV. Cap. 79, entitled "an Act to amend the Laws relating to Insolvent Debtors in India," from all Debts or Liabilities due at the time of filing in this Court the Schedule of his Estate and Effects and of his Debts, for which he was then liable.

It was Ordered, that the Petition of the said Thomas Wilson be received and filed, and that the Chief Officer of the Court do forthwith cause notice of such Petition having been received and filed, to be published in the Gazette of this Presidency.

Published accordingly.

P. O'Hanlon, Examiner.

Office of Examiner, 15th November, 1838.

Messrs. Baillie and Molloy, Atties.

**কলিকাতার জোত্রহীন করজব্বারদেরদিগের
পরিজ্ঞানার্থে আদালত**

নাভয়ান তামস উইলসন সাহেব এতদ্বারা ঐ বর
বের বিষয় জিনি কলিকাতার ধর্ম দেওয়া আইতে
তলা নিবাসি কাগচের আড়তদার ছে জে বহুমাণ
এবং জিনি তজবিজ্ঞে প্রাপ্ত হইয়া নবেদর মাহার
ছেন লব্ধে আইনের— ও সনিবার তা
রিখের আদালতে এ উক্ত তামস উইলসন সাহে
বের পক্ষে আরজির দ্বারা এজাহার হয় তাহাতে
নির্দিষ্ট থাকে যে তিনি ছিলেন এক ব্যক্তি কাগচ
র আড়তদার এবং ব্যবসা করিতেন কলিকাতায়
এবং তিনি মোতারক কাজ কোর্ড বাদসাহের নাম
সাইএর ৯ বৎসরের প্রকাশিত আইনের ৭৩ ধারান
সারে সন ১৮৩৮ সালের মে মাহার ২৬ তারিখে
পরিজ্ঞানার্থে এক আরজি এই আদালতে দাখিল
করিয়াছেন এবং তিনি এ সনের আগষ্ট মাহার ১৮
তারিখে এ উক্ত আইনের লব্ধে প্রাপ্ত হইয়া পরি
জ্ঞান পাইয়াছেন এবং এ উক্ত আরজি দাখিলের
তারিখ তিন মাস বহিষ্ঠতা হইয়াছে এবং তিনি
চতুর্ উইলসন বাদসাহের বাদসাইএর চতুর্ এবং
পঞ্চম বর্ষীয় প্রকাশিত আইনের ৭৯ ধারা জাহা
হিন্দুধর্মের নাভয়ান করজব্বারান সমস্তির আইন
আইন পরিসোধন পুস্তক জারি হইয়াছে তদনুসা
রে বাক্তি আছেন জে সকল দেনা ও দাবি মাল
ও জায়দার দেনা ও পাওয়ানার কদ জাহা তাহার
দাখিল কালিন ত হার উপর আছে তাহা হইতে
একবারে প্রাপ্য পাইবার প্রার্থনায় আরজি দা
খিল করিলেন—

এহার হুদম হইল যে এ উক্ত তামস উইলসন
সাহেবের আরজি গৃহ্য হইয়া সেরেস্তায় দাখিল
হউক এবং এই আদালতের প্রধান আফিসর এ
উক্ত আরজি গৃহ্য হইয়া দাখিল হইবার এবং

এই সরহদের গেজেটে সত্তর প্রকাশ করেন—

উদানসারে প্রকাশ হইল—

P. O'Hanlon, Examiner.

একজামিনর সাহেবের আফিস—

সন ১৮৩৮ সাল ১৫ নবেদর—

মেশন বেসি এবং মালাই উকিলগন—

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Catchick Astwachtter Cavorke, of Armenian Street, in Calcutta, Merchant, who has been adjudged entitled to the benefit of the Statute. Notice is hereby given, that at a Court holden on Saturday, the 3d day of November, instant, an Application was made by Petition for and in behalf of Catchick Astwachtter Cavorke, setting forth that he was a Merchant and Trader within the Town of Calcutta, and that he was on the 31st day of August, 1838, duly adjudged an Insolvent under the Provisions of the Statute 9th Geo. IV. Cap. 73, that more than three months have passed since the filing of the said Adjudication, and that he is now desirous to apply to this Court for final discharge under the Statute 4th and 5th of Wm. IV. Cap. 79, entitled "An Act to amend the Laws relating to Insolvent Debtors in India," from all Debts or Liabilities due at the time of filing in this Court the Schedule of his Estate, Effects, and Claims, and of his Debts for which he was then liable.

It was Ordered, that the Petition of the said Catchick Astwachtter Cavorke be received and filed, and that the Chief Officer of the Court do forthwith cause notice of such Petition having been received and filed, to be published in the Gazette of this Presidency.

Published accordingly.

P. O'Hanlon, Examiner.

Office of Examiner, 15th November, 1838.

Messrs. Oshim and Paul, Atties.

**কলিকাতার যোত্রহীন করজব্বারদের দ্বারা
প্রার্থিত আদালত**

নাভয়ান ক্যাচিক এসথোয়া এতদ্বারা ঐ বর
চ্যাটর ক্যাবোকে সাহেবের দেওয়া আইতেছে
বিসয় জিনি কলিকাতার এর যে বহুমান নবেদ
মেনিএন ইস্টাউট নিবাসি সও র মাহার ও ননি
মাগর জিনি তজবিজ্ঞে প্রাপ্ত বার তারিখের আ
হইয়াছেন লব্ধে আইনের— মানতে উক্ত ক্যা
চিক এসথোয়া চ্যাটর ক্যাবোকে সাহেবের পক্ষে আ
রজির দ্বারা এজাহার হয় তাহাতে নির্দিষ্ট থাকে
যে তিনি ছিলেন এক সওমাগর এবং ব্যবসাই কা
রবার করিতেন কলিকাতায় এবং তিনি সন ১৮৩৮
সালের আগষ্ট মাহার ৩১ তারিখে চতুর্ কাজে বাদ
সাহের বাদসাইএর ৯ বৎসরের প্রকাশিত আইনের
৭৩ ধারানসারে নাভয়ান বটে হির হইল এবং এ
উক্ত নাভয়ানি জিরতার তারিখ তিন মাহার অভি
রেক গতো হইয়াছে এবং তিনি চতুর্ উইলসন
বাদসাহের বাদসাইএর চতুর্ এবং পঞ্চম বর্ষীয়
প্রকাশিত আইনের ৭৯ ধারা জাহা হিন্দুধর্মের
নাভয়ান করজব্বারান সমস্তির আইন পরিসোধন
পুস্তক জারি হইয়াছে তদনুসারে বাক্তি আছেন
জেসকল দেনা ও দাবি জাহা ত হার দেনা ও পাও
না মাল ও জায়দারের কদ দাখিল হইবার সময়
তাহার উপর থাকে তাহা হইতে একবারে প্রাপ্য
পাইবার প্রার্থনায় এই আদালতে সত্তর দাখিল
করিলা—

এহার হুদম হইল যে এ উক্ত ক্যাচিক এসথো
য়া চ্যাটর ক্যাবোকে সাহেবের আফিস গৃহ্য হইয়া

সেরেস্তার দাখিল হউক এবং এই আদালতের প্রধান আফিসর এই উক্ত আরাধি গৃহস্থ হইয়া দাখিল হইবার ঐক্য তৎপরে এই সরহদের গেজেটে প্রকাশ করেন

ডানুসারে হুজুম হইল

P. O'Hanlon, Examiner.

এককামিনর সাহেবের আফিস

সন ১৮৩৮ সাল ১৫ নবেম্বর

মেসুঅল ওমি এবং গাল উকীলগণ

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.
NOTICE is hereby given, that

Richard Parmer, of Cooristan Lane, in Calcutta, late a Clerk in the Military Board,

Now a Prisoner in the Gaol of Calcutta, hath filed his Petition, praying for Relief under the Provisions of the Statute 9th Geo. IV. Cap. 73, entitled an "Act to provide for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors in the East Indies," until the 1st day of March, 1833, continued by the Statute 2d William IV. Cap. 43, until the 1st day of March, 1836, and further continued by an Act of the Governor General of India in Council (Act No. IV. of 1836,) until the 1st day of March, 1839. —And the said Richard Parmer hath executed an Assignment to the Common Assignee of the said Court in trust for the benefit of the Creditors of the said Richard Parmer, of all the real and personal Estate and Effects which he now hath, or is entitled to, or which may come to, or be acquired by him before the Court shall have made its final Order in the matter of the said Petition.

P. O'Hanlon, Examiner.

Office of Examiner, 16th November, 1838.

Mr. Stutell, Atty.

কলিকাতার জোজিহিন করজদারানেরদিগের

পরিব্রাণার্থে আদালত

সম্মতিতে দেওয়া আইতেছে যে

রিচাড প্যারমর কলিকাতার গোরস্থান গলি নিবাসি নাবেক মিশিটরি বোডের করানি

সম্প্রতি তিনি কলিকাতার জেলে কয়েদ আছেন এবং তাহার অরিজী দাখিল করিয়াছেন এই প্রাধন্যর জে চতুর্থ জাজ বাহসাহের রাজহের নবম বৎসরের প্রকাশিত আইনের ৭৩ ধারা জাহার নাম হিন্দুস্থানের অক্ষম করজদারানের ইংরেজী সন ১৮৩৩ সালের মার্চ মাহার ১ তারিখ পর্যন্ত পরিব্রাণার্থ আইন এবং জাহা সন ১৮৩৬ সালের মার্চ মাহার ১ তারিখ পর্যন্ত সংস্থাপনার্থ আইন এই নামক চতুর্থ উইলিয়াম বাহসাহের রাজহের বিভিন্ন বৎসরের এক আইনের ৪৩ ধারা কত্রিক পুনঃস্থাপিত হইয়াছে এবং পুনরায় এই আইন ইণ্ডিয়ার গবরনর জেনারেল বাহাদুরের মোতাবক এক আইন নং ৪ সন ১৮৩৬ সালের সন ১৮৩৯ সালের মার্চ মাহার ১ তারিখ অবধি সংস্থাপিত হইয়াছে তাহার সিদ্ধি আভা তাহার সংকে আমলে আইনে এবং এই উক্ত রিচাড প্যারমর উক্ত আদালতের সাধারণ মোক্তারকারের নিকট তাহার মহাজনগনের উপকারার্থে ভাবত দ্বার রও অদ্বার বিষয় জাহা একনে তাহার আছে কি না জাহা উক্ত আদালতের বিষয়ে উক্ত আদালত হইতে শেষ হুজুম হইবার পূর্বে তাহার হুজুম আইনে কিয় উপার্জন করেন এই সকলের এক মোক্তারনামা দিখিয়া দিয়াছেন

কিয়া উপার্জন করেন এই সকলের এক মোক্তারনামা দিখিয়া দিয়াছেন

P. O'Hanlon, Examiner.

এককামিনর সাহেবের আফিস

সন ১৮৩৮ সাল ১৫ নবেম্বর

মেসু ইকুটেল উকিল

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.
NOTICE is hereby given, that

Charles Mottley, a Surgeon in the Third Regiment of the Bengal Infantry,

Now a Prisoner in the Gaol of Calcutta, hath filed his Petition, praying for Relief under the Provisions of the Statute 9th Geo. IV. Cap. 73, entitled an "Act to provide for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors in the East Indies," until the 1st day of March 1833, continued by the Statute 2d William IV. Cap. 43, until the 1st day of March 1836, and further continued by an Act of the Governor General of India in Council (Act No. IV. of 1836,) until the 1st day of March, 1839. —And the said Charles Mottley hath executed an Assignment to the Common Assignee of the said Court in trust for the benefit of the Creditors of the said Charles Mottley, of all the real and personal Estate and Effects which he now hath, or is entitled to, or which may come to, or be acquired by him before the Court shall have made its final Order in the matter of the said Petition.

P. O'Hanlon, Examiner.

Office of Examiner, 16th November, 1838.

Mr. Frith, Atty.

কলিকাতার জোজিহিন করজদারানেরদিগের

পরিব্রাণার্থে আদালত

সম্মতিতে দেওয়া আইতেছে যে

চার্লস মটলি তিনি বাহাল ইন্সলভেন্টের তৃতীয় পল্টনের এক সারজন

সম্প্রতি তিনি কলিকাতার জেলে কয়েদ আছেন এবং তাহার অরিজী দাখিল করিয়াছেন এই প্রাধন্যর জে চতুর্থ জাজ বাহসাহের রাজহের নবম বৎসরের প্রকাশিত আইনের ৭৩ ধারা জাহার নাম হিন্দুস্থানের অক্ষম করজদারানের ইংরেজী সন ১৮৩৩ সালের মার্চ মাহার ১ তারিখ পর্যন্ত পরিব্রাণার্থ আইন এবং জাহা সন ১৮৩৬ সালের মার্চ মাহার ১ তারিখ পর্যন্ত সংস্থাপনার্থ আইন এই নামক চতুর্থ উইলিয়াম বাহসাহের রাজহের বিভিন্ন বৎসরের এক আইনের ৪৩ ধারা কত্রিক পুনঃস্থাপিত হইয়াছে এবং পুনরায় এই আইন ইণ্ডিয়ার গবরনর জেনারেল বাহাদুরের মোতাবক (এক আইন নং ৪ সন ১৮৩৬ সালের) সন ১৮৩৯ সালের মার্চ মাহার ১ তারিখ পর্যন্ত সংস্থাপিত হইয়াছে তাহার সিদ্ধি আভা তাহার সংকে আমলে আইনে এবং এই উক্ত চার্লস মটলি উক্ত আদালতের সাধারণ মোক্তারকারের নিকট তাহার মহাজনগনের উপকারার্থে ভাবত দ্বার বিষয় জাহা একনে তাহার আছে কিয়া জাহা উক্ত আদালতের বিষয়ে উক্ত আদালত হইতে শেষ হুজুম হইবার পূর্বে তাহার হুজুম আইনে কিয় উপার্জন করেন এই সকলের এক মোক্তারনামা দিখিয়া দিয়াছেন

P. O'Hanlon, Examiner.

এককামিনর সাহেবের আফিস

সন ১৮৩৮ সাল ১৫ নবেম্বর

মেসু ফিথি উকিল

NOTICE of Public Sale, for Arrears of Revenue, unless intermediately liquidated, at the Collector's Office, Zillah Hooghly, on Friday, the 14th December, 1838, corresponding with 30th Aushan 1245 B. S.

Name of Mohal to be sold, and of the Pergunnah in which it is situated and No. of Lot in Collector's Sale Advertisement.	Recorded Proprietor.	Amount Sudder Jamma.	Arrears of Revenue, including Interest for the month of Aug. and Sept. 1838.	REMARKS.
No. 36, Mundleghat, Ph. Mundleghat,	Mr. Hedger, &c.	223988 2 5	1121 9 7	This land produces Paddy, Salt, Mulberry, Mohal under Butwarrah.
" 37, Dukbinbar, Ph. Baulia,	Nitta Nund Coondoo Choudree, &c.	11756 4 10	1262 6 8	Ditto Paddy, Potatoes, Sugar-cane, &c.
" 39, Shockholer, Mouzoh 22, Ph. Baulia,	Jogul Kinsore Biswas, &c.	10148 0 8	1105 5 6	Ditto ditto ditto.
" 40, Bahingura, in 13 Mouzohs, Ph. Baulieggurree,	Buyatub Dass Mullic, &c.	7953 1 7	853 12 7	Ditto ditto ditto.
" 41, Bolee, &c. in 14 Mouzohs,	Ditto,	10124 1 7	1103 3 5	Ditto ditto ditto.
" 42, Kooldoh, Ph. Chunderconoh,	Ditto,	10794 10 4	1173 10 9	Ditto ditto ditto.
" 43, Nekurhang, in 41 Mouzohs, Ph. Do.	Juggo Mohun Mokeerjee, &c.	11230 7 2	1204 2 11	Ditto ditto ditto.
" 44, Bonepore, &c. 32 Mouzohs, Ph. Do.	Buyatub Dass Mullic, &c.	10840 7 9	1168 10 4	Ditto ditto ditto.
" 45, Pandish, &c. 19 Do. Ph. Baulia,	Kuma Nath Chatterjee,	11158 14 6	1219 3 9	Ditto ditto ditto.
" 46, Angur, &c. 50 Do. Ph. Chunderconoh,	Buyatub Dass Mullic, &c.	10984 10 7	1180 1 7	Ditto ditto ditto.

Hooghly, Collector's Office, 8th November, 1838.

W. H. BELL, Collector.

NOTICE of Public Sale, for Arrears of Revenue, unless intermediately liquidated, at the Collector's Office, Zillah Hooghly, on Friday, the 14th December, 1838, corresponding with 30th Aushan 1245 B. S.

Name of Mohal to be sold, and of the Pergunnah in which it is situated and No. of Lot in Collector's Sale Advertisement.	Recorded Proprietor.	Annual Sudder Jamma.	Arrears of Revenue, including Interest for the Kist of Aug. and Sept. 1838.	REMARKS.
No. 33, Jugdispore, &c. in 114 Mouzohs,	Collee Nath Roy Choudree, &c.	38087 2 0	4142 11 6	This land produces Paddy, Grain, Sugar-cane, &c.
" 34, Bahadoorpore,	Prasunno Coomar Takoor,	16002 0 1	1748 6 0	Ditto ditto ditto.
" 35, Mamoodpore,	Gobind Chunder Banerjee,	10831 4 0	1170 2 5	Ditto ditto ditto.

Hooghly, Collector's Office, 8th November, 1838.

W. H. BELL, Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undermentioned Two Allotments of Soonderbuns' Forest Land, Deoreen in favor of Government by the Presidency Special Commissioner, on the 24th July, 1837, can be obtained on the usual Jungle-borees terms, upon application being made at the Office of the Commissioner of the Soonderbuns, at Allipore.

Name of Allotment.	Supposed area.	Boundaries.	Remarks.
Khooloah Barisanul.	70,000	North, the Pangsohee river, the Barweekhalee Khul, and the Jewdhoora river.—East, the Balisaur river.—West, the Bholah river.—South, the Cheops, Barweekhalee, and Kumarkhalee Khals.	This allotment is situated on the Western bank of the Balisaur river, opposite to the cultivated lands lately resumed from the possession of the Zemindars of Pergunnah Sryndpore. It is high and dry, requiring little or no embanking to keep out the Salt Water, and a considerable portion of it would appear to have been at one time cleared of jungle. An abundance of large Soondree timber might be procured from this allotment, and from its proximity in a district already cultivated, fresh water at all times of the year might be obtained without difficulty. From its situation and capabilities, the land of this allotment offers many advantages to speculators.
Ditto.....	70,000	North, the Cheops, Barweekhalee, and Kumarkhalee Khals.—East, the Balisaur river.—South, the Dhumir river joining the Bholah with the Balisaur river.—West, the Bholah.	The like remarks apply modified in so far as this allotment is to the south of the preceding one.

Soonderbuns, Commissioner's Office, Allipore, the 6th Sept. 1838.

G. T. SHAKESPEAR, Commissioner.

Administration.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of **HUGH ROSS**, late of Cawnpore, a Lieutenant Colonel in the Military Service of the East India Company, and Commanding the Seventh Regiment Bengal Native Infantry, are requested to make payment to the Registrar of the Supreme Court at Fort William, Administrator to the Estate, to whom all Creditors are also desired to make known their Claims. [1]

5th November, 1838.

UNION BANK.

NOTICE.—The Acting Secretary of the Union Bank begs to intimate to the Proprietors, that the period for taking up the Fourth part of their New Stock will expire on the 31st December next, and it is therefore expedient, that those Proprietors who have not had the opportunity of doing so, should make arrangements for that purpose within the period specified, otherwise their right will be forfeited agreeably to the 4th Clause of the Resolutions passed at the General Meeting of Proprietors held on 14th April last.

JOHN STORM,

Acting Secy. Union Bank.

Calcutta, the 12th November, 1838.

BENGAL BONDED WAREHOUSE ASSOCIATION.—A Half-yearly Meeting of the Proprietors will be held in their Office, Clive Street, on Monday, the 19th Current, at 12 o'Clock, to inspect the Accounts, and to receive the Directors' Report.

By Order of the Directors,

W. LIMOND, Secretary.

Calcutta, November 12, 1838.

CHAUNDNEY CHOKE BAZAR.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the **CHAUNDNEY CHOKE BAZAR** will be let in the Receiver's Office, in the Court House, on Monday, the 26th Instant, at 12 o'Clock, on a lease for three years, commencing from 1st December next.

For particulars apply to the Receiver's Office.

E. MACNAGHTEN.

Receiver's Office, Court House, {
12th November, 1838. }

SHERIFF'S OFFICE,

9TH NOVEMBER, 1838.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Sessions of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery and also an Admiralty Sessions, will be holden by the Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William, and the Places subordinate thereto, at the Court House in the said Town of Calcutta, on Saturday the 6th day of December next, at 11 of the clock in the forenoon, of which all persons are required to take notice.

J. YOUNG, Sheriff.

কলিকাতার ৯ নম্বর ১৮-৩৮ নং

সম্রাটের বেড়া আইনদ্বারা যে আদালত ৮ বিজ্ঞ
১৮-৩৮ নং সনদ্বারা এমার বইর সময় বছর
কলিকাতার কোর্ট উইলেনসের এবং তাহার অধ
নাতি যে সনদ দ্বারা উইলেনসের বইর কোর্ট
উইলেনসের সনদে কোর্ট আদালত আদাল
তের দ্বারা ওয়র টার্মিনর এবং এডমিরেলটি অর্থাৎ
মহাসমুদ্র সনদ্বারা মোকদ্দমার দিকদ্বারা এক কেস
আদালত বিচার করিলেন সকলেই নবন নবন

J. YOUNG, Sheriff.

NOTICE.—In compliance with the following Requisition, a Public Meeting will be held at the Town Hall, on Saturday, the Twenty-fourth day of November, Instant, at 3 o'Clock in the Afternoon, precisely, for the purpose therein specified.

J. YOUNG, Sheriff.

Calcutta, Sheriff's Office, 15th November, 1838.

To **JAMES YOUNG, Esquire,**

High Sheriff of Calcutta.

Sir,—We the undersigned request that you will convene a Meeting of the Inhabitants of Calcutta, at an early day, in order to take into consideration the propriety of again petitioning both Houses of Parliament, for the repeal of Act No. XI. 1836, commonly called the Black Act.

We are, Sir,

Your obedient Servants,

T. Dickens.
W. F. Fergusson.
T. Holroyd.
Colin Campbell.
H. Leighton.
J. P. McKilligan.
A. Gilmore.
W. Carr.
Wm. Patrick.
Rammannath Tagore.
Geo. F. Remfrey.
Radamadub Bonnerjee.
R. Scott Thomson.
Longueville Clarke.
J. F. Leith.
K. R. Mackenzie.
A. Gouger.
W. S. Smith.
Jas. Ogilvie.
Alex. Porteous.
Dwarkanauth Tagore.
Prasannocomar Tagore.
J. Moore.
Henry Holroyd.
R. Thomas.

Jas. Hastie.
R. Leishman.
William Cobb Hurry.
John Starn.
Wm. F. Gibbon.
A. Pittar, Lattey & Co.
Jenkins and Co.
Whyte, Holmes and Co.
E. Nosky and Co.
R. F. Bolst.
W. P. Scott.
Robert White.
W. Dunlop.
J. Robison.
W. Turner.
George S. Dick.
R. Campbell.
Thos. Palmer.
W. W. Robinson.
Payne and Co.
M. Collin.
Robert Frith.
J. M. Edmond.
G. Vint.
David Hare.

Calcutta, November 6, 1838.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undermentioned articles driven on shore near Pooree, Southern Division of Cuttack, between 21st October and 5th November 1838, will be sold by Public Auction, unless claimed before the 5th December 1838.

List of Articles driven on shore near Pooree—
3 Barrels of Beer.
1 Small box of Pickles.
1 Chest Capers.
48 Bottles of Franks.
12 Ditto of Vinegar.
19 Empty Water Casks.
1 Ditto Chest, &c. &c.
3 Pieces Wood, &c. &c.

Parties considering themselves entitled to the above mentioned articles are requested to make their claims known to the Magistrate of the Southern Division of Cuttack.

A. FORBES,

Offy. Magistrate.

S. D. of British Cuttack, }
Magistrate's Office, }
Pooree, the 10th Nov. 1838. }

STEAM NOTICE.



The **SODOMA**, in tow of the **JUMNA**, Steam Vessel, for Allahabad, will leave Calcutta on the 20th November, and will probably leave Allahabad on the 18th December on her return to Calcutta.

By Order of the Marine Board.

(Signed) **J. H. JOHNSTON**

Controller of Great Steam Vessels.

Calcutta 12th November 1838.

Sheriff's Sales.

NOTICE is hereby given, that on Thursday, the Twenty-ninth day of November, instant, precisely at the hour of 12 o'Clock at Noon, the Sheriff of Calcutta will put up to Public Sale, at the Lower Verandah of the Court House, near the entrance into the Sheriff's Office, by Virtue of a Writ of Fieri Facias in his hands against Beereburn Mullick, Uddychurn Mullick, Nitoychurn Mullick, Sons, and Ramnarain Mullick, Toolseedoss Mullick, and Sombuldoos Mullick, Grand Sons, Heirs, legal personal Representatives of Ramgopal Mullick, deceased,—

The Right, Title, and Interest of the said Ramgopal Mullick, deceased, of, in, and to all that Upper-roomed Brick-built Dwelling House and Premises, No. 4, with the piece or parcel of Land on which the same is erected and standing, containing, by estimation, Five Cottahs, be the same a little more or less, situate, lying, and being in Soorty Bagan, in Collootullah, in the Town of Calcutta, and butted and bounded as follows: (that is to say), on the North by the Tenanted Ground of Rammo-hun Saha, on the South by the Public Road, on the East by the Tenanted House and Premises formerly belonging to the said Ramgopal Mullick, deceased, and on the West by the Dwelling House and Premises of Roop Thackoor.

The Conditions of Sale may be known by applying at the Sheriff's Office.

NOTICE is hereby given, that on Thursday, the Sixth day of December next, precisely at the hour of 12 o'Clock at Noon, the Sheriff of Calcutta will put up to Public Sale, at the Lower Verandah of the Court House, near the entrance into the Sheriff's Office, by Virtue of a Writ of Fieri Facias in his hands against Ramcomul Chuttopadhin,—

The Right, Title, and Interest of the said Ramcomul Chuttopadhin, of, in, and to all that Upper-roomed Brick-built Messuage, Tenement or Dwelling House, No. 15, with a piece or parcel of Land thereunto belonging, containing, by estimation, Three Cottahs, more or less, situate, lying, and being at Sibteallah Lane, in Burrobazar, in the Town of Calcutta, and butted and bounded as follows: (that is to say), on the West by a Lane, on the East by the House and Land of Bibee Bannoo Boye, on the North by the Hoytuckhanna and Land of Wooddychund Bysack, and on the South by the House and Land of the late Govindchund Dhur.

Also, the Materials and Buildings of a Lower-roomed House and several Tiled Huts, erected and built on a piece or parcel of Rented Ground, situate, lying, and being at Moydaypatty, in Burrobazar, in the Town of Calcutta, the property of and belonging to the said Ramcomul Chuttopadhin.

Also, the Right, Title, and Interest of the said Ramcomul Chuttopadhin, of, in, and to all that Upper-roomed Brick-built Messuage, Tenement, or Dwelling House, with a piece or parcel of Land thereunto belonging, containing, by estimation, One Bighah and Ten Cottahs, more or less, situate, lying, and being at Hoyearrob, in Pergunnah Silampore, and in the Zillah of Hooghly, and butted and bounded as follows: (that is to say), on the South by Public Road, on the East by the House and Land of Buddhinath Chuttopadhin, on the North by the House and Land of Ramchand Carr, and on the West by a Tank.

And also, the Right, Title, and Interest of the said Ramcomul Chuttopadhin, of, in, and to a Tank, with a piece or parcel of Land thereunto belonging, containing, by estimation, Three Bighahs, more or less, situate, lying, and being at the same place, and butted and bounded as follows: (that is to say), on the North, West and South by

the Public Road, and on the East by a piece or parcel of Land of Shaik Aurthan.

The Conditions of Sale may be known by applying at the Sheriff's Office.

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It is requested that Government Notifications for the Calcutta Gazette, of any length, may be sent to the Press before Noon of Friday, and those of a few lines only before 5 P. M. of that day.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1838.

FORT WILLIAM,
GENERAL DEPARTMENT, 26th June, 1832.

All Public Officers of Government sending Advertisements to the Calcutta Gazette for Publication, are hereby directed to make them as short as possible, and to specify always how many times the Advertisement shall be repeated.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Vice President in Council,

H. T. PRINSEP, Secy. to the Govt.

FORT WILLIAM,
FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT,
THE 19th NOVEMBER, 1838.

The following revised Terms and Conditions for making Advances in India and China upon Goods and Merchandise consigned to England are published for general information, also the following paragraphs 5 and 6 of the despatch of the Hon'ble Court of Directors, dated 12th August, prescribing the same for future observance:

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Ditto.....	Bombay.
For Spanish Dollar Ditto.....	China.

4th.—The Parties will be required to place in the hands of the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium, Bills of Lading of the Consignment and Policies of Insurance effected thereon, both in triplicate. The Bills of Lading must be drawn

deliverable to the East India Company, or endorsed to the order of the East India Company. The Policies of Insurance must be effected in the name and on behalf of the East India Company, as the Parties interested, or endorsed to their order, but persons desirous of effecting the necessary Insurance in this Country, and of depositing the Policies in the Company's Treasury, will be allowed to do so.

5th.—In case of default being made either in acceptance, or payment of the Bills, the Court of Directors to be authorized, in such manner and at such times as they may see fit to sell the Goods, for the purpose of re-paying the Company the amount of the Advances made thereon, including Freight and any other charges or expenses which the Company may have incurred on account of the Consignment, together with interest, should any have accrued; the Company, on the other hand, allowing discount, where any part of the proceeds shall be realized before the Bills fall due, and the settlement of either surplus or deficiency shall be made with the Consignor; and if in India or China by the Government or Agents from whom he received the Advance, at the rate of exchange at which the Company may at the time be drawing Bills upon such Government or Agents.

6th.—An Agent in England shall be appointed for each Consignment, to whom the Court of Directors shall be empowered to make over the Goods, subject to all the conditions agreed upon with the Company, on payment of the Bills; and with whom they shall be authorized to transact generally all business relating to such Goods. The Consignor shall be at liberty to make provision, in case of the Party upon whom the Bill is drawn, (being also the Agent) having failed to accept the Bill, for the substitution of another Agent.

7th.—After the arrival of the Goods in England and when they shall have been placed in such deposit as may have been agreed upon, the Agent may be put into possession of them before the Bills become due, upon the amount of such Bills (less discount) being paid, together with the Freight and any other charges and expenses which the Company have paid or may be subject to on account of the Goods.

8th.—The rate of Discount to be allowed by the Company shall be the same as that charged by the Bank of England; and in cases where interest shall have accrued, such interest shall be computed at the rate or rates per cent. at which the Company have allowed Discount during the period for which such interest is chargeable.

9th.—Parties or their Agents will be required to insure the Goods from fire, and deposit the Policies with the East India Company; such Insurance to take effect from the date of the termination of the Sea risk. Should however the Parties or their Agents fail to effect such Insurance, the East India Company shall be at liberty to insure the Goods, the expense of which shall be reimbursed to them previously to their making over the Goods to those Parties or their Agents.

10th.—Parties receiving Advances, to address in each instance a Letter in quadruplicate to the Court of Directors, according to a form which will be furnished by the Officers of Government (or authorized Agents of the East India Company), signifying their assent to all the foregoing conditions, but more particularly for the purpose of expressly authorizing the sale of the Goods by the Company (without either notice to or concurrence of any person whatsoever) at any period after default shall be made either in acceptance or payment of the Bills; also authorizing, in such cases, the repaying to the Company the Advances made, either principal or interest, together with any other charges or expenses which the Company may have incurred in respect of the Goods, and appointing the Agent in England for each transaction.

Extract of a Despatch from the Hon'ble the Court of Directors in the Financial Department, dated the 17th August, No. 18 of 1838.

5.—In future we desire that you will restrict your Advances to the great staple Articles of Indian Produce, Cotton, Silk, Sugar, Coffee, Indigo, Salt Petre and Piece Goods—and further that no Advance be made upon any Consignment the ascertained value of which shall be less than 5,000 Rupees.

6.—Several Packages of Tobacco upon which you have made Advances have been seized by the Officers of Customs, in consequence of their having been imported in illegal Packages.—Extracts from the Acts 3 and 4, Will. 4, Cap. 52, Sec. 58, and 6th and 7th Will. 4, Cap. 60, Sec. 4, relating to the Article of Tobacco, are transmitted in the Packet.

Published by Order of the Hon'ble the President of the Council of India in Council,

H. T. PRINSEP,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

No. 76.
FORT WILLIAM,
GENERAL DEPARTMENT,
THE 21st NOVEMBER, 1838.

The Hon'ble the President in Council is pleased to attach Mr. W. Wynyard, Writer, reported qualified for the Public Service, to the North Western Provinces.

H. T. PRINSEP,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

No. 55.
FORT WILLIAM,
GENERAL DEPARTMENT,
THE 21st NOVEMBER, 1838.

Mr. W. Wynyard, Writer, is reported qualified for the Public Service, by proficiency in two of the Native Languages.

ECCLIESIASTICAL.

The Furlough granted to the Revd. H. Hutton, Chaplain at Dum Dum, on the 31st ultimo, is cancelled at his own request. The Revd. Mr. Hutton is permitted to remain as heretofore Chaplain at Dum Dum.

The Hon'ble the Deputy Governor of Bengal is pleased to order that the leave of absence granted to the Revd. J. Vaughan, Chaplain at Dinapore, commence from the 20th instead of the 15th instant.

H. T. PRINSEP,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. 75.
FORT WILLIAM,
GENERAL DEPARTMENT,
THE 16th NOVEMBER, 1838.

Notice is hereby given, that the Salaries and Allowances of the Civil and Marine Departments, for November, instant, will be discharged by the Sub-Treasurer and Marine Paymaster respectively, on or after Saturday, the 15th proximo.

Published by Order of the Hon'ble the President in Council,

H. T. PRINSEP,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FORT WILLIAM,
MILITARY DEPARTMENT, 17th Nov. 1838.

Notice is hereby given, that the Pay, Batta, and other Allowances for November 1838, of the Troops in the Presidency, and at the other Stations of the Army, will be issued on or after Monday, the 10th Proximo.

By Order of the Hon'ble the President in Council,

J. STUART, Lt.-Col.,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India Mil. Dept.

FORT WILLIAM, LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT, THE 12th NOVEMBER, 1838.

The following Act is passed by the Hon'ble the President of the Council of India in Council, on the 10th November 1838, with the assent of the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India, which has been read and recorded.

Ordered, that the Act be promulgated for general information.

Act No. XXIX. of 1838.

I. It is hereby enacted, that from the First day of December 1838, Sections JIX., LX. and LXI. Regulation X. 1819, of the Bengal Code, shall be repealed.

II. And it is hereby enacted, that when information shall be given to any Salt Agent or Superintendent of Salt Chokies that contraband Salt is stored in any warehouse, dwelling house, or other place situated in the tract of country in Bengal or Orissa within which the transportation of Salt without Ruwana is not lawful, and such Salt Agent or Superintendent of Salt Chokies shall deem the information credible, and desire to act thereupon, he shall require the same to be given to him in writing, or shall take the deposition of the informant, as may be most convenient, so that the following particulars shall be placed on record in his office.—First, the name, profession and place of residence of the informant. Second, the place, that is, the name of the town or village, and description of the house, warehouse or other place where the Salt may be stated to be in store. Thirdly, the name of the person to whom the house, warehouse, or other place belongs, or on account of, or by whom the Salt is there stored. Fourthly, the quantity and description of the Salt, and the grounds for believing the same to be contraband.

III. And it is hereby enacted, that if the contraband Salt so stated to be in store exceed in quantity one mowd or Indian cow, it shall be liable to seizure in manner following, that is to say, the Salt Agent or Superintendent of Chokies, having before him the written statement or deposition of an informant, given in or taken down as above prescribed, shall, provided the place of such store be not too distant, proceed in person, together with the informant, summoning by written notice the nearest Police Darogha or other Officer in charge of the Police Thana or Station to attend likewise, and witness the proceeding.

IV. And it is hereby enacted, that for the purpose of making seizure of Salt in store so informed against, it shall be competent to any Salt Agent or Superintendent, having a Police Officer in company, to break open the door of the house, warehouse or other place in which the Salt may be stated to be stored, if, upon requisition duly made, the door be not immediately opened by the owner or occupant thereof.

V. And it is hereby enacted, that if the Salt Agent or Superintendent shall not be able to proceed in person to make a seizure of Salt in manner above provided, he shall send along with the informant one or more confidential Officers of his public establishment, not being under the rank of a Jemadar or Peons, giving to such Officer or Officers his warrant ordering and authorizing the seizure, and sending notice as above prescribed for the Police Darogha or other Police Officer to attend, and the Officer so deputed shall have power to act in like manner, as is provided for the Agent or Superintendent in person; provided that the door of no house, warehouse or other place, shall be broken open to make a seizure of Salt except in the presence of a Salt Agent or Superintendent of Chokies, or of an Officer so specially deputed, and of an Officer of Police.

VI. And it is hereby enacted, that it shall be competent to the Head Officer of any Salt Chokie or Aurung for the manufacture of Salt, and for any Assistant to a Salt Agent or Superintendent, to receive information of Salt exceeding one mowd in quantity being in store in a house, warehouse or other place in the manner prescribed in Sections II. and to act thereupon as provided in Sections III. and IV. of this Act for the Salt Agent and Superintendent, provided that the place of store described in such information be situated at a distance of more than three kos from the station of a Salt Agent or Superintendent of Chokies, or from the place where the Salt Agent or Superintendent may be.

VII. And it is hereby enacted, that if the Darogha or person in charge of any Police Thana or Station, receiving notice to attend at a seizure of Salt in store as above prescribed, shall not attend, or attending shall refuse to act in aid of the seizure, or shall in any way wilfully frustrate the object of the search and seizure, such Darogha or other Officer shall, on representation of the facts by the Officers of the Salt Department, and on conviction of the same before the Magistrate of the District, besides being dismissed from office, be liable to a fine equal to the amount of fine that would have been leviable on the owners of the Salt, if it had been seized according to the information laid.

VIII. And it is hereby enacted, that whenever it shall be necessary to break open any house, warehouse or other place to effect a seizure of Salt the rules and precautions prescribed in Regulation XX. of 1817 and Section X. Regulation VII. of 1780 of the Bengal Code, for breaking into a house for execution of process of distraint, shall always be observed by the Police Officers in attendance; provided however that the responsibility for the act, and the determination whether to require the door to be broken open or not shall rest with the Officers of the Salt Department only.

IX. And it is hereby enacted, that whenever a seizure of Salt in store in any house, warehouse or other place shall be made by a Salt Agent or Superintendent of Chokies, the circumstances which attended the seizure shall be recorded in an official proceeding to be placed on record in the office.

X. And it is hereby enacted, that if the seizure be made by an Officer of the Salt Department, other than an Agent or Superintendent of Chokies, such Officer shall report the circumstances within twenty-four hours to his Official Superior; and the Police Officer in attendance shall likewise report the occurrences at the time of seizure to his Official Superior.

XI. And it is hereby enacted, that no Salt found in store in any house or warehouse shall be deemed to be contraband, or shall be liable to seizure, unless, when the search is made, there shall be found more thereof than one mound or Indian anna, and the owner or person in charge shall be unable to account satisfactorily for the manner of its being in his possession.

XII. And it is hereby enacted, that whenever Salt shall be seized as contraband, because unaccompanied by any Ruwana or other protecting document, the person or persons conveying or having in charge the same shall be apprehended; and all Officers who are empowered to seize Salt under the provisions of Regulation X. 1819 of the Bengal Code, shall likewise be competent to arrest the parties found with or having the Salt in possession.

XIII. And it is hereby enacted, that it shall be lawful for the Salt Agents and Superintendents of Chokies and other Officers who may be duly empowered to seize Salt, to stop and search any boats or vessels of a build adapted for sea navigation, then may be found within the limits described in Section XXXIII. of this Act; and if Salt shall be found therein, not accompanied by the necessary Ruwana or other protecting document, to detain the vessel with the crew thereof, and to take them for adjudication of the case to the nearest accessible station of an Officer empowered to adjudicate cases of contravention of the Salt Law.

XIV. And it is hereby enacted, in modification of Section XXXVI. Regulation X. of 1819 of the Bengal Code, that if any person shall be found in the act of conveying Salt without Ruwana, or other protecting document, exceeding in quantity five seers of 80 tubals to the seer, within the tract of country in Bengal or Orissa wherein the transportation of Salt is prohibited unless so protected, or if several persons be found carrying Salt so unprotected, in gangs or companies, which Salt shall exceed in the whole quantity five seers for each person in such gang or company, every such person shall be subject to the penalties prescribed by Regulation X. of 1819 aforesaid, and by this Act, for the illegal possession and transportation of Salt.

XV. And it is hereby enacted, in modification of Section CXXI. of Regulation X. 1819 aforesaid, that any person or persons, who may be convicted of smuggling Salt without Ruwana singly or in gang, and sentenced to pay a fine to Government on account of Salt so smuggled, or attempted to be smuggled, shall, if the fine be not paid, be liable to imprisonment in the Criminal or Fouljdarie jail, for a period not exceeding six months in commutation of such fine.

XVI. And it is hereby enacted, in further modification of Section CXXI. of Regulation X. 1819 aforesaid, that any person, who may be sentenced under Sections XX XI., LXXVIII. and LXX. of the said Regulation, to imprisonment in addition to fine, for the offences described in those Sections respectively, shall in like manner be liable, as above provided for persons convicted of gang smuggling, to undergo such punishment in the Fouljdarie jail: and cases of the kind described in the said Sections shall be adjudicated, in like manner as cases in which fine only is adjudged: and the warrant of the Officer, adjudicating any case under this or the preceding Section of this Act, shall be authority for the Magistrate, or other person in charge of the Fouljdarie jail, to hold the person described therein in confinement in such jail, as may be specified and required in the said warrant.

XVII. And it is hereby enacted, that when any person shall be convicted of gang smuggling, or of any of the offences described in Sections XXXI., and LXX. of Regulation X. of 1819 aforesaid, after having been previously convicted of a like offence, he shall be sentenced, in addition to the penalty attaching to such offence, to imprisonment in the Fouljdarie jail for a period of six months, and a like punishment of six months imprisonment shall be incurred, in addition to the punishment which

may be inflicted for a first offence, upon every subsequent conviction after the second.

XVIII. And it is hereby enacted, that it shall be lawful for any Salt Agent to proceed for the recovery of any balance that may be due to Government within the year, upon any contract made for the manufacture of Salt in the limits of his Agency, by the process of distraint; and for the demand and levy of the same, to exercise the powers vested by the Regulations and Acts of the Government in zemindars and raddar farmers, being subject to like restrictions, and with the like remedies to any parties aggrieved thereby.

XIX. And it is hereby enacted, that if any person shall by threats or by violence prevent the lawful arrest of any person by an Officer duly authorized to seize Salt, or shall procure his release after arrest, or if the party found with the Salt in possession, or any other persons resist any such Officers, they shall severally and respectively be liable to the punishment prescribed in Section LVI. of Regulation X. 1819 of the Bengal Code.

XX. And it is hereby enacted, that if any Officer making an arrest upon account of Salt smuggling shall neglect to carry the person arrested to the proper Officer of the Salt Department, or shall delay to report the arrest to his superior, or shall release or connive at the escape of the person arrested, every such Officer shall, on conviction of any one of the above offences, besides dismissal from office, be liable to be sentenced for the same to a fine not exceeding 200 Rupees, and to imprisonment not exceeding three months; and the sentence may be adjudged by any Officer competent to adjudicate a forfeiture of contraband Salt, and, in case of non-payment of the fine, to a further imprisonment not exceeding three months, at the discretion of the Officer deciding the case.

XXI. And it is hereby enacted, that whenever any person may be arrested by an Officer of the Salt Department, or by any other Officer of other Departments duly empowered to make a seizure of Salt, the person making the arrest shall be bound to carry the party arrested direct to the Officer of the Salt Department who may be competent to try the case; and no person so arrested shall be released, until the case shall have been brought to judgment in the manner provided by Law.

XXII. And it is hereby enacted, that if any Officer of the Salt Department be convicted before the Magistrate of any District, of having vexatiously and unnecessarily seized the goods of any person on the pretence of seizing or searching for Salt, or of having vexatiously and unnecessarily arrested any person, or of having stopped and detained any boat unnecessarily and without authority, or of having detained any boat longer than is necessary for the purpose of search, every such Officer shall, besides dismissal, be punished with imprisonment not exceeding six months, and with fine not exceeding 200 Rupees, commutable, if not paid, to a further imprisonment not exceeding six months.

XXIII. And it is hereby enacted, in modification of Section CXXII. Regulation X. of 1819 aforesaid, that if any person shall wilfully and maliciously give false information in respect to there being illicit Salt in store in any house or warehouse, and so procure that such house or warehouse shall be searched to the injury or vexation of the owners thereof, or of any other person or persons whatsoever, such false informer shall, on conviction of the offence before any Magistrate, be liable to imprisonment for two years, and to fine not exceeding 500 Rupees, at the discretion of any Magistrate by whom the case may be tried, and in case of the non-payment of the fine to imprisonment for a further period of six months.

XXIV. And it is hereby enacted, that when parties shall be convicted of the illegal possession or transportation of Salt, and shall be liable to the penalty of five Rupees per mound as prescribed in Section XXXVI. Regulation X. of 1819 of the Bengal Code, the fine shall be at the said rate according to the quantity of Salt seized, whether less or more than one mound, and each one of the smugglers in company, or parties to the fraud on the Revenue, shall be liable to the whole fine.

XXV. And it is hereby enacted, that it shall be competent to the Governor or Deputy Governor of Bengal to vest with the powers of adjudicating cases of contravention of the Laws for protection of the Revenue derived from Salt, any Assistant to a Salt Agent, or Uncovenanted Superintendent of Salt Chokies, who may seem to him qualified; and such Officers, when invested with such powers, shall exercise them subject to the same rules and restrictions as Covenanted Salt Agents and Superintendents of Chokies; provided that no Officer adjudicating cases of contravention of the Salt Revenue Laws shall receive any part of the rewards that may be decreed or otherwise benefit directly by the adjudication of such cases.

XXVI. And it is hereby enacted, that cases arising out of this Act shall be tried in the same manner as is prescribed in Regulation X. of 1819 of the Bengal Code for other cases of contravention of the Laws for the protection of the Revenue derived from Salt; and the Officer adjudicating the case shall be guided by the provisions of Sections C. to CXVI. of that Regulation; and the Judge of the City or Zillah shall be bound to proceed in respect to persons sentenced to any fine or other penalty under the provisions of this Act, in the same manner, subject to the

modifications and additions hereinafter provided, as is prescribed in respect to persons convicted of the offences and tried before the authorities specified and provided by the said Regulation.

XXVII. And it is hereby enacted, in modification of Clauses XXXII. and XXXIII. of Regulation X. 1819 of the Bengal Code, that it shall be the duty of every party under direct engagements with Government for the Land Revenue, either as a proprietor or farmer, and of every proprietor of Ikhtijar lands upon whose zemindari, farm or Ikhtijar estate there shall be any works producing Salt, otherwise than under contract with a Salt Agent or on account of Government, to give notice of the same in writing to the nearest public Officer of Police or Land Revenue or of the Salt Department, within ten days from the date on which the works were first prepared; and in like manner it shall be the duty of every person employed in the collection of the Land Revenue of any Mihal on the part of Government, or of the Court of Wards, or of joint proprietors, to give like notice in respect to Salt manufactured on the lands under their management; and every such proprietor, farmer, proprietor of Ikhtijar estate or manager who shall knowingly omit to give such notice, shall be liable on conviction before the Judge of any Zillah or City to a fine of 500 Rupees, for every Khadar or Salt Work established on his lands; and such knowledge shall not be required to be established by direct proof, but may be inferred from circumstances at the discretion of the Judge deciding the case; and any fine that may be adjudged under this Section shall be recoverable by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the offender, or by process of execution taken out by any Salt Agent or Superintendent of Chokies in the manner provided for decrees of the Civil Courts.

XXVIII. And it is hereby enacted, in modification of Section LXIV. Regulation X. of 1819 aforesaid, and in addition therein, that when there may be no direct proof of the unauthorized removal of Salt from any goleh or place of Government store, sufficient to convict the parties concerned therein of theft within the provisions of the said Section, the Officer or Officers who may have been entrusted with the charge of such goleh, or place of Government store, shall nevertheless be liable for the offence of embezzlement of Salt of any score in their custody, the amount of which shall, according to the accounts kept of receipts and deliveries, exhibit a deficiency for which he or they may not duly account. And the Officer in charge of any goleh or Salt store shall in like manner be deemed guilty of embezzlement if he has made away with, or shall not produce the true account of such store, and any person against whom the offence of embezzlement shall be established under this Section, shall be liable, on conviction before the Magistrate of the City or District, to be punished by fine and imprisonment under the general powers vested in the Zillah and City Magistrates.

XXIX. And it is hereby enacted, in addition to the Rules contained in Sections CXL. CXII. and CXIII. of Regulation X. 1819 of the Bengal Code, for the adjudication of cases of contravention of the Laws enacted for the protection of the Revenue derived from Salt, that if the attendance of the parties charged with such offences cannot be obtained by reason of their failure to attend in person or by vakeel, after being served with a summons, or by reason of their evading process, the Officer adjudicating any such case shall issue notice for the attendance of the parties accused in the manner prescribed in Section CII. of the said Regulation; and if the parties do not attend in person or by vakeel within the time fixed by such notice the Officer adjudicating the case shall pass judgment thereon, under the said last mentioned Section, in like manner as if the parties accused were present; and the Officer so adjudicating any case *ex parte*, may, at any time after such judgment, issue his warrant for the apprehension of the persons convicted for execution of the sentence, in the manner provided in Regulation X. of 1819 of the Bengal Code, and in this Act, for cases in which the parties were present; and further may at any time sue out process for levying the amount of fine adjudged, from any Civil Court competent to execute its own decrees in the manner and form prescribed for the execution of the decrees of such Civil Court under Section XXX. of this Act.

XXX. And it is hereby enacted, that when the Officer holding proceeding in any case *ex parte*, as above provided, shall refer the case to the Judge of any City or Zillah, in consequence of the amount of fine being such as the said Officer is not competent finally to adjudge, the Judge of the City or Zillah, to whom such case may be referred, shall issue such orders and institute such proceedings as are authorized by Sections CXI. to CXIII. of Regulation X. of 1819 of the Bengal Code, in like manner as if the offenders were sent over with the case or were present to be heard in their defence; and whenever any fine may be adjudged by the Zillah or City Judge, the same may be levied on the application of the Salt Agent or Superintendent of Salt Chokies under the rules in force for the execution of the decrees of Civil Courts.

XXXI. And it is hereby enacted, in modification of the Rules contained in Sections CIX. and CXII. of Regulation X. of 1819 of the Bengal Code, whereby the power of final adjudication by Salt Agents or Superintendents of Chokies, in cases of the contravention of the laws enact-

ed for the protection of the Salt Revenue, is restricted to cases in which the quantity of Salt proposed to be confiscated shall not exceed twenty maunds, or the fine adjudged shall not exceed 50 Rupees, that the judgment of any Salt Agent or Superintendent of Chokies, or of any other Officer vested by Government with like jurisdiction, in such cases, shall be final in all cases wherein the Salt adjudged to be confiscated shall not exceed eighty maunds, and the fine imposed upon the defendant, or any one of several defendants, shall not exceed 400 Rupees. Provided however that every such judgment may under Section CXVII. of the said Regulation be brought by petition before the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium, and be reversed or amended by that authority.

XXXII. And it is hereby enacted, in modification of Section CXIV. Regulation X. 1819 of the Bengal Code, that the Zillah and City Judges shall pass final judgment in all cases referred to them for adjudication, when the quantity of Salt to be confiscated shall exceed eighty maunds, or the fine imposed shall exceed 400 Rupees; provided however that there shall in all such cases be an appeal open to the Soldier Dowany Adawlat, under the Rules for the admission of special appeals in that Court, upon any point of law which may be ruled by a Zillah or City Judge in any such judgment.

XXXIII. And it is hereby enacted, that the penalties of this Act shall take effect only within the tract of Country bounded by Salt Chokies in the manner prescribed in Section XXXVI. of Regulation X. 1819 of the Bengal Code, and within which the transportation of Salt not belonging to Government, without a Revenue or Special Pass from the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium, is prohibited; and it is hereby declared that such tract shall not extend within the Delta of the Ganges and Megna Rivers, beyond the line of the reach of the tides in the Rivers communicating with the Bay of Bengal as taken at spring tides in the dry season, nor eastward of the Megna, north of the River Gomtee, nor westward of the River Hooghly, beyond a line drawn from a point on that River distant one mile from the northern end of the town of Nyasirah, and to the north thereof, to a like point distant one mile to the north of the town of Garrah, and thence to a like point distant one mile to the north of the town of Midnapore, and thence to a like point distant one mile to the north of Huddipokur in Singhbhum, so as to include each of those towns respectively.

T. H. MADDOCK,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FORT WILLIAM, LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

THE 10TH NOVEMBER, 1858.

The following draft of proposed Articles of War for the Government of the Native Officers and Soldiers in the Military Service of the Honourable the East India Company and for the Administration of Justice by Courts Martial read in Council for the first time on the 10th November 1858, and ordered to be published for general information.

SECTION 1.

Of Initiating and Discharges.

Articles of War Art. 1. Every Recruit, prior to being enrolled in his Regiment, shall have the Articles of War relating to Mutiny and all Recruits. Desertion read and explained to him, after which the following Declaration shall be made to him by the Officer Commanding, in front of the Regiment in presence of the Native Officers and Soldiers.

Declaration. "In time of Peace, after having served five years, on making application for your discharge through the Commanding Officer of your Company, it will be granted you within three months from the date of your application; provided it will not cause the vacancies in your Company to exceed Ten, in which case you shall remain until that objection be removed; but in time of War you have no claim to a discharge, but shall remain and do your duty until the necessity of retaining you in the Service shall cease."

Declaration. "In time of Peace, after having served five years, on making application for your discharge through the Commanding Officer of your Company, it will be granted you within three months from the date of your application; provided it will not cause the vacancies in your Company to exceed Ten, in which case you shall remain until that objection be removed; but in time of War you have no claim to a discharge, but shall remain and do your duty until the necessity of retaining you in the Service shall cease."

The following Oath shall then be required from him, according to the forms of his religion, in front of the colours.

Oath.

Oath. "I, A. B., Inhabitant of Village, Pargana, Subah, do swear, that I will never forsake or abandon my colours, [the word guns to be substituted for

"colours in swearing in Artillery Recruits]—that I will march wherever I am directed, whether within or beyond the Company's Territories; that I will implicitly obey all the orders of my Superior Officers, and in every thing behave myself as becomes a good Soldier, and faithful Servant of the State."

Recruits for general service. Art. 2. And when any Recruit is enlisted for a Regiment raised for General Service, the following words shall be added to the Declaration made to him previously to enrolment.

"And you engage to embark on board ship, whenever the Service shall require your proceeding by sea;" and the following words shall be added to the form of Oath for all Recruits for those Regiments: "And I do further swear, that I will readily embark on board ship, whenever the Service shall require me to proceed by sea."

Commissioned Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers, and Soldiers by what authority to be dismissed the Service.

Art. 3. No Commissioned Officer shall be dismissed excepting by the sentence of a General Court Martial. No non-Commissioned Officer shall be discharged except by the sentence of a Court Martial. Soldiers may be discharged the

Service by order of the Officer Commanding in Chief at the Presidency to which they may belong or by sentence of a Court Martial. Every such dismissal or discharge shall include forfeiture of all claim to pension; Provided that no sentence of discharge awarded by a Court Martial inferior to General shall be carried into effect without the concurrence of the General, or other Officer, Commanding the Division, District, or Field Force with which the Prisoner may be serving: Provided also, that the Governor General in Council in his executive capacity, and the Governor in Council of any Presidency to which a Commissioned or non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier may belong, shall have power to order his dismissal or discharge.

Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers to be furnished with a discharge Certificate.

Art. 4. All non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers discharged the Service, shall be furnished by the Commanding Officer of the Regiment with a discharge Certificate, made out in the Vernacular Language of the individual discharged, with an English Translation, expressing the authority for, or cause of, such discharge, and the period of their service in the Regiment, to which they may at the time belong.

Penalty of Enlisting in other Regiments, &c., without a discharge from former Regiment.

Art. 5. No non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier shall enlist himself in any other Regiment without a regular discharge from his former Corps, under the penalty of being reputed a Deserter and suffering accordingly.

SECTION II.

Crimes and Punishments.

Crimes Punishable with death, transportation, or imprisonment.

Penalty of Mutiny. Art. 6. Any Officer, non-Commissioned Officer, or Soldier, who shall begin, excite, cause or join in, any Mutiny or Sedition in the Regiment or Corps to which he belongs; or in any other Corps or Regiment in the Service, or serving as allies, on any pretence whatsoever, or who, being present at any Mutiny or Sedition shall not use his utmost endeavours to suppress it, or who coming to the knowledge of any Mutiny, intended Mutiny, or concealed combination against the State, who shall not without delay give information thereof to his Commanding Officer;—or

Penalty of striking or drawing any weapon against a Superior Officer, &c.

Art. 7. Who shall strike his Superior Officer, or shall draw, or offer to draw, or lift up any weapon, or use or offer any violence against him, on any pretence whatever; or shall disobey any lawful command of his Superior Officer;—or

Penalty of Desertion.

Art. 8. Who, in time of War or alarm, shall be found sleeping upon his Post, or shall leave it before regularly relieved;—or

Penalty of doing violence to any person who brings Provisions to the Camp or Quarters, in time of War or alarm.

Penalty of making known the watch word.

Rules and Discipline of War;—or

Penalty of making false alarms in Camp or Quarters.

Penalty of holding correspondence with or giving intelligence to the Enemy.

Penalty of relieving or harbouring an Enemy.

Penalty of going in search of Plunder.

Penalty of cutting away Arms or Ammunition.

Penalty of misbehaving before the Enemy.

Penalty of shamefully abandoning, &c., to the Enemy any Garrison, Fortress, &c.

shall use means to induce any other Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer, or Soldier so to abandon, or deliver up any such Garrison, Fortress, Post or Guard;—or

Penalty of treacherously assisting an Enemy to escape.

shall suffer death, or transportation for life or any term of years;—or imprisonment with or without hard labour for life, or for any term of years, as a General Court Martial shall award, together with solitary confinement for any portion or portions of the term of imprisonment not exceeding one month at a time, or three months in the space of one year.

Crimes not punishable with Death or Transportation.

Penalty of selling Stores, &c., the property of Government.

Art. 20. Any Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer, or Soldier who shall embezzle or fraudulently misapply any money entrusted to him on the public account, or for any Military purpose, or any Provisions, Forage, Arms, Clothing, Ammunition, or Military Stores, of whatever kind or description, the property of Government, entrusted to his charge, or who shall be concerned in, or connive at, any such embezzlement, or fraudulent misapplication, shall, on conviction thereof, before a General Court Martial, be dismissed the Service and fined to the extent of the loss or damage, and be further liable to suffer imprisonment with or without hard labour for a term which may extend to three years together with solitary confinement for any portion or portions of such term not exceeding one month at a time, or three months in the space of one year.

Penalty of permitting and consenting to desert.

Art. 10. Who, in time of War or alarm, shall do violence to any person bringing provisions or other necessaries to the Cantonment or Camp of the Troops employed; or shall force a safeguard;—or

Art. 11. Who shall treacherously make known the watchword to any person not entitled to receive it, according to the

Art. 12. Who, in time of War, shall by discharging of Fire Arms, drawing of swords, beating drums, making signals, using words, or by any means whatsoever, intentionally occasion false alarms in Action, Camp, Garrison, or Quarters;—or

Art. 13. Who shall be convicted of holding correspondence with or giving intelligence to the Enemy, or any person in rebellion, either directly or indirectly, or coming to the knowledge of such correspondence shall not discover it immediately to his Commanding Officer;—or

Art. 14. Who shall directly or indirectly assist or relieve the Enemy, or persons in rebellion, with money, victuals, ammunition, or shall knowingly harbour or protect an Enemy or Rebel;—or

Art. 15. Who shall leave his Commanding Officer, or his Post, or Company in time of Action, or go in search of Plunder;—or

Art. 16. Who shall, in presence of an Enemy, cast away his Arms or Ammunition;—or

Art. 17. Who shall misbehave himself before the Enemy, or use means to induce others so to misbehave;—or

Art. 18. Who shall shamefully abandon, or deliver up to the Enemy, any Garrison, Fortress, Post or Guard, committed to his charge, or which it was his duty to defend, or who shall use means to induce any other Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer, or Soldier so to abandon, or deliver up any such Garrison, Fortress, Post or Guard;—or

Art. 19. Who shall treacherously release, wilfully aid, or connive at the escape of any Enemy or Rebel placed as a Prisoner under his charge,

shall suffer death, or transportation for life or any term of years;—or imprisonment with or without hard labour for life, or for any term of years, as a General Court Martial shall award, together with solitary confinement for any portion or portions of the term of imprisonment not exceeding one month at a time, or three months in the space of one year.

Crimes not punishable with Death or Transportation.

Penalty of selling Stores, &c., the property of Government.

Art. 20. Any Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer, or Soldier who shall embezzle or fraudulently misapply any money entrusted to him on the public account, or for any Military purpose, or any Provisions, Forage, Arms, Clothing, Ammunition, or Military Stores, of whatever kind or description, the property of Government, entrusted to his charge, or who shall be concerned in, or connive at, any such embezzlement, or fraudulent misapplication, shall, on conviction thereof, before a General Court Martial, be dismissed the Service and fined to the extent of the loss or damage, and be further liable to suffer imprisonment with or without hard labour for a term which may extend to three years together with solitary confinement for any portion or portions of such term not exceeding one month at a time, or three months in the space of one year.

Art. 21. Any Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer, or Soldier, who shall be convicted of acting advised, or persuaded

any other Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier to desert, or having conspired at such desertion;—or

Penalty of not joining from leave without delay when Corps is ordered on Service.

Art. 22. Who, being on leave of absence, shall have received information from the Head Quarters of his Regiment, or from other competent authority, that his Regiment has been ordered on Service, and shall not rejoin without delay;—or

Penalty of taking a bribe for procuring leave, &c.

Art. 23. Who directly or indirectly shall require or accept a bribe, present or gratification, on the pretence of procuring leave of absence, promotion, or any other advantage or indulgence for any Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer, or Soldier;—or

Penalty of occasioning false alarms in time of peace.

Art. 24. Who, in time of peace, shall, by discharging fire arms, drawing swords, beating drums, or by any other means whatever, occasion false alarms in Camp, Garrison, or Quarters;—or

Penalty of being two miles from Camp without leave.

Art. 25. Who shall be found two miles from the Camp without leave;—or

Penalty of remaining at night out of Camp or Quarters.

Art. 26. Who shall be absent from his cantonment after sunset, or from Camp after retreat beating, without leave from his superior Officer;—or

Penalty of not repairing at the time fixed to the parade, &c.

Art. 27. Who shall fail to repair at the time fixed to the parade or place appointed, if not prevented by sickness or some other sufficient cause;—or

Penalty of quitting Company or Troop without leave.

Art. 28. Who shall, without urgent necessity, or without leave of his superior Officer, quit his Company or Troop;—or

Penalty of quitting Guard or Post without being relieved, &c.

Art. 29. Who shall quit his Guard or Post without being regularly dismissed or relieved;—or

Penalty of releasing a prisoner without orders, or suffering him to escape.

Art. 30. Who, being in command of a Guard, shall refuse to receive any prisoner duly committed to his charge, or shall without proper authority release any prisoner, or shall suffer, through carelessness or neglect, any prisoner to escape;—or

Penalty of not seeing reparation done to persons ill treated, &c.

Art. 31. Who, being in Command at any Post, or on the march, on complaint made to him of any person under his command beating or otherwise ill treating any person, or extorting from him more than he is obliged to furnish by authority, or disturbing fairs, or markets, or committing any kind of riot, shall not see reparation done to the party or parties injured, or if that be impracticable shall not report the same to his superior Officer, shall be punished by the sentence of a General or other Court Martial, in manner hereinafter mentioned.

Penalty for entertaining and not confining deserters.

Art. 32. Any Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier who shall knowingly enlist a deserter, or shall not after his being discovered, immediately cause him to be confined, and give notice thereof to the nearest Commissioned Officer;—or

Penalty of drunkenness on duty.

Art. 33. Who shall be found drunk on duty;—or

Penalty of striking or doing violence to a Sentry.

Art. 34. Who shall strike, or do violence to a Sentry;—or

Penalty of false Returns or Reports.

Art. 35. Who shall knowingly make a false Return or Report to any of his superior Officer authorized to call for such Return or Report of the state of the men under his command, or of arms, ammunition, clothing, or other stores thereunto belonging, or of which he may otherwise have charge;—or

Penalty of false Certificates, &c. to obtain Pension, &c.

Art. 36. Who shall be convicted of obtaining, or attempting to obtain for himself, any Officer or Soldier, or for any other person whatsoever, any Pension or Allowance, by any false Statement, Certificate, or Document, or by the omission of the true Statement

Penalty of disgraceful conduct of Commissioned Officers.

Art. 37. Who, being an Officer, shall behave in a manner unbefitting the character of an Officer, the fact or facts whereon the charge is grounded being clearly specified, shall, if an Officer, on conviction thereof before a General Court Martial, be dismissed the service;—and if a Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier shall, on conviction thereof, be punished according to the sentence of a General or other Court Martial, in manner hereinafter mentioned.

Penalty of breach of arrest.

Art. 38. Whatsoever Officer under arrest, shall leave his confinement before he is set at liberty by competent authority, shall, according to the sentence of a General Court Martial, be dismissed the service, or be punished in manner hereinafter mentioned.

Penalty of stealing from a comrade, &c.

Art. 39. Whatsoever Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier shall be convicted of stealing money or goods, the property of a comrade, or of a Military Officer, or of committing any petty offence of a fraudulent nature, to the injury of, or with intent to injure, any person, Civil or Military, shall be punishable according to the sentence of any Court Martial in manner hereinafter mentioned, and the property so fraudulently obtained shall be restored to the owner.

Penalty of committing any waste or spoil in Towns, Villages, Gardens, &c.

Art. 40. Any Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier, who shall, without orders, commit waste or plunder, either in towns or villages, gardens or fields, or shall injure or destroy the property, or shall do violence on the person of any of the inhabitants;—or

Penalty of extorting money, &c. as fees, duties, or on any pretence whatsoever.

Art. 41. Any Commissioned Officer Commanding at any post, or on the march, who shall, on any pretence whatever, illegally, and against the will of the parties, extort money or other property, or services;—or

Penalty of a N. C. O. or Soldier extorting money, &c. as fees on any pretence whatsoever.

Art. 42. Any Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier at any post, or on the march, who shall extort money or property of any description, as fees or duties, or on any pretence whatever, or shall, without authority, exact from villagers or others, carriage, portage, or provisions;—or

Penalty of selling or wasting ammunition delivered out.

Art. 43. Who shall sell, lose, or designedly, or through neglect, waste the ammunition delivered out to him;—or

Penalty of selling, &c. horse, arms, &c.

Art. 44. Who shall sell or designedly, or through neglect, lose or injure his horse, or spoil his arms, clothes, accoutrements, or Regimental necessaries, shall make compensation for the injury, loss, or damage sustained; and such loss, injury or damage shall in the case of any Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier be made good by monthly stoppages not exceeding half his pay and allowances, and shall be punishable according to the sentence of a General or other Court Martial in manner hereinafter mentioned.

Penalty of bringing absent without leave and of overstaying the period of leave.

Art. 45. Any Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier who shall absent himself without leave, or shall without sufficient cause overstay the period for which leave may have been granted him, shall forfeit his pay and allowances for the time he may have been irregularly absent, and be further liable to be punished by the sentence of a General or other Court Martial in manner hereinafter mentioned.

Penalty of malingering, &c.

Art. 46. Whatsoever Commissioned Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier, shall be convicted of feigning, or producing disease or infirmity shall, if a Commissioned Officer, be dismissed the service, and if a Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier, shall forfeit all claim to pension on discharge in addition to such other punishment as may be awarded by any Court Martial.

Art. 47. All crimes not capital, and all disorders or offences which Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers or Soldiers may be guilty of to the prejudice of good

order and military discipline, though not specified in these Rules and Articles, are to be taken cognizance of by Courts Martial, and to be punished with any such punishments as Courts Martial are by these Articles enabled to inflict according to the nature and degree of the offence.

Crimes incident to Court Martials.

Penalty of not attending when summoned as a witness before a Court Martial or of refusing to be sworn.

Art. 48. Any person amenable to these Articles of War, who, when duly summoned before a Court Martial, shall not attend; or shall refuse to be sworn, or to give evidence upon solemn affirmation or declaration as hereinafter is mentioned, shall be subjected to a fine not exceeding a thousand rupees, and such punishments as any Court Martial is enabled to inflict as hereinafter mentioned.

Penalty of Perjury.

Art. 49. Whoever Officer shall be found guilty by a General Court Martial of perjury, by wilfully and knowingly giving false evidence on Oath or solemn affirmation or declaration, on any trial before any other General or other Court Martial, or any Military Court, entitled to administer an oath, shall be dismissed the service, and be further subject by the Sentence of a General Court Martial to fine to the amount of his arrears of pay and allowances, or imprisonment which may extend to three years; and every Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier so convicted shall be dismissed the service, and be liable to suffer such other punishment or punishments as any Court Martial may award under these Articles.

How punished for not attending, or for perjury.

Art. 50. Any person not amenable to these Articles of War, having been upon any Court Martial as hereinafter mentioned, and summoned, refusing or neglecting to attend, or who attending shall give such testimony as, if given in a Civil Court, would render him guilty of perjury, shall be liable to trial in a Civil Court, and on conviction, shall suffer such penalties as may be inflicted against a person offending in like manner in any Civil Court.

Penalty of using menacing words, gestures, &c. before a Court Martial.

Art. 51. Any person using menacing words, signs, or gestures, in the presence of a Court Martial then sitting, or causing any disorder or riot so as to disturb their proceedings, shall be punished according to the nature and degree of his offence by the judgment of the same Court Martial, with imprisonment for any term not exceeding six months.

SECTION III.

Administration of Justice.

Courts Martial by whom convened. Sentences confirmed or mitigated.

Art. 52. The Commander-in-Chief or Commanding Officer of the Forces for the time being, at the Presidency to which the Prisoner to be tried may belong, is empowered to convene Courts Martial, for the trial and punishment of all offences specified in these Articles, and to confirm the sentences passed by such Courts, and to mitigate or remit the punishments awarded according to his discretion.

General Courts Martial how constituted. Not ordinarily to consist of less than thirteen Commissioned Officers.

When may consist of five.

Officer, he conveniently assembled.

No sentence to be put in execution until confirmed.

Art. 53. A General Court Martial shall not consist of less than thirteen Commissioned Officers, unless it be held out of the Hon'ble Company's Territories, where a General Court Martial may consist of five Commissioned Officers, if a greater number cannot, in the judgment of the convening Officer, be conveniently assembled.

Courts Martial not being General Courts Martial.

Art. 54. The Commander-in-Chief or Commanding Officer of every Station, Detachment, Garrison, Detachment or Regiment may assemble Courts Martial.

Art. 54. No sentence of a General Court Martial shall be put in execution until after a report shall have been made of the whole proceedings to the Commander-in-Chief of the Forces for the time being at the Presidency to which the Prisoner may belong, and until he shall have confirmed the same, and have signified his directions thereon.

Art. 55. The Commander-in-Chief or Commanding Officer of every Station, Detachment, Garrison, Detachment or Regiment may assemble Courts Martial.

Art. 56. The Commander-in-Chief or Commanding Officer of every Station, Detachment, Garrison, Detachment or Regiment may assemble Courts Martial.

to the nature of his Command, for the trial and punishment of all offences specified in these Articles, where General Courts Martial have not exclusive jurisdiction.

Sentences to be confirmed by the Commanding Officer previous to execution.

No Officer Commanding less than four Companies to confirm the sentence of a Court Martial.

Art. 56. No Officer on detached Command of less than four Companies or Detachments numerically equal to four Companies, shall carry into execution any punishment awarded by a Court Martial held by his order, until the sentence shall have been confirmed by the Officer Commanding the Regiment to which the offender belongs, except when an immediate example is necessary.

Courts Martial not General how constituted not to consist of less than five Officers ordinarily.

Three when sufficient.

Senior Officer to preside at General Courts Martial.

At all inferior Courts Martial an European Officer to superintend.

Interpreter to be appointed.

Hours of sitting.

Art. 57. Courts Martial not being General, shall not consist of less than five Commissioned Officers, excepting where that number cannot conveniently be assembled, when three shall be sufficient, of whom the Senior Officer shall be President.

Form of Proceeding.

Art. 58. At all General Courts Martial the Senior Officer shall sit as President without being so appointed by Warrant.

Oath to be taken by the Interpreter.

Art. 59. At all Courts Martial inferior to General an European Officer, of not less than five years' standing in the service, except in cases where no Officer of that standing may be available, shall be appointed to conduct the proceedings.

Art. 60. An Interpreter, if practicable, shall be appointed to all Courts Martial.

Oath by Members of the Court.

Art. 61. Trials by Courts Martial may be carried on between the hours of six in the morning and four in the afternoon, and not otherwise, except in cases which may require an immediate example.

Art. 62. On the assembly of the Court the Judge Advocate or Superintending European Officer shall administer to the Interpreter the following Oath:

"I, A. B., swear that I will faithfully interpret and translate the proceedings of the Court, and that I will not divulge the sentence until it shall have been approved or published; and further, that I will not disclose or discover the vote or opinion of any particular Member of the Court, unless required to give evidence thereof by a Court of Justice or Court Martial in due course of Law."

In case of the unavoidable absence of an Interpreter the European Superintending Officer of a Court Martial inferior to General shall take the oath prescribed for the Interpreter. The Judge Advocate or Superintending Officer shall then cause the following Declaration to be made by each Member on oath according to the forms of his religion:

"I, A. B., do swear that I will duly administer Justice according to the Articles of War without partiality, favour or affection, and, if any doubt shall arise, then according to my conscience, the best of my understanding, and the custom of War in the like cases, and that I will not divulge the sentence of the Court until it shall be approved of, or published; and further, that I will not disclose or discover the vote or opinion of any particular Member of the Court, unless required to give evidence thereof by a Court of Justice or a Court Martial in due course of Law."

The following Oath shall then be administered by the Interpreter to the Judge Advocate or Superintending Officer:

"I, A. B., do swear that I will not disclose or discover the vote or opinion of any particular Member of the Court Martial unless required."

"ed to give Evidence thereof by a Court of Justice, or a Court Martial, in due course of Law."

"So help me God."

Provided that it shall not be necessary to re-administer these Oaths on the commencement of fresh trials before the same Court.

Summoning and examination of Witnesses.

Persons not amenable to Military authority how summoned.

Art. 63. In all cases where persons required as Witnesses before a Court Martial may not be amenable to these Articles, the Judge Advocate or Commanding Officer shall transmit to the Magistrate within whose jurisdiction the Witness may reside, his Summons for the attendance of such person, and the Magistrate shall cause the Witness to be duly Summoned.

Witnesses to be examined on Oath or solemn Declaration.

Art. 64. All persons who give Evidence at a Court Martial are to be examined on Oath, according to the forms of their respective religions, or if they shall object, on the ground of any religious scruple to take an Oath, they may, at the discretion of the Court, be permitted to make their solemn affirmation or declaration in such manner as is hereinafter mentioned.

Hindoo exempted from taking an Oath to subscribe a Declaration.

Art. 65. In the case of a Witness of the Hindoo persuasion being exempted from taking an Oath, the following Declaration shall be subscribed by him previously to his deposition.

"I will faithfully answer according to the truth,

"such questions as may be put to me by the Court

Declaration.

"In the cause now before the Court; I will not declare any thing not warranted by the truth; if I declare any thing not warranted by the truth, I shall be deserving of punishment from Ishwar."

Muslimans exempted from taking an Oath to subscribe a Declaration.

And in the case of a Musliman Witness so exempted, the following Declaration shall be subscribed by him previously to his deposition.

"I sincerely promise and solemnly declare in the presence of Almighty God,

Declaration.

"that I will faithfully and without partiality answer according to the truth, any questions that may be put to me by the Court, respecting the cause now before the Court."

After the Witness, whether Hindoo or Musliman, has given his deposition, he is to subscribe the following Declaration:

"I solemnly declare in the presence of Almighty

Declaration.

"God, that I have faithfully, and without partiality, answered, according to the truth, the questions put to me by the Court, respecting the cause now before the Court."

Manner of Voting.

Art. 66. All the Members of a Court Martial are to preserve order, and in giving their votes are to begin with the youngest, and in all cases where a sentence of death may not be awarded, the decision shall be by the majority of Members present, provided the number of Members present be not less than that required by the preceding Articles, but in case of an equality of votes, the decision shall be in favour of the prisoner, the President at a General Court Martial shall vote with the other Members, but shall have no casting vote. The European Superintending Officer at a Court Martial, inferior to General, shall not vote.

Art. 67. No Sentence of death shall be given against any offender by a Court Martial unless two-thirds of the Members present concur therein.

Art. 68. Whenever any Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer, or Soldier shall be charged with the commission of a Crime deserving punishment, his Commanding Officer, if he is of opinion that there are reasonable grounds for enquiry, shall order him to

be put under arrest, if an Officer; or if a Soldier, to be confined, until he shall be either tried by a Court Martial, or shall be lawfully discharged by a proper authority; and a Court Martial for the trial shall be assembled within eight days, or if it cannot be conveniently assembled within that time, then as soon as it can be conveniently assembled.

Limitation of liability to trial.

Art. 69. All Commissioned Officers, all Prisoners charged with offences, which are punishable with death or with transportation, or with imprisonment exceeding four months, shall be tried by General Courts Martial only.

Art. 70. A General Court Martial, when a Commissioned Officer shall be convicted before it of any offence before specified, of which the punishment is not before defined, or is left discretionary, may adjudge such Officer to be suspended from rank and pay and allowances, for a stated period, or to be placed lower on the list of his rank, by an alteration of the date of his commission, thereby losing the corresponding benefit of length of service, and the Court shall, in every such sentence, specify the extent or degree of suspension or reduction, which they shall so adjudge. A General Court Martial may in the cases before mentioned adjudge a Commissioned Officer to be punished with imprisonment for any period not exceeding four months.

Art. 71. Any Court Martial, General or not General, when a Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier shall be convicted before it of any offence before specified of which the punishment is not before defined or is left discretionary, may adjudge such Non-Commissioned Officer to be reduced to serve as a private Soldier, or may adjudge a Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier to be placed lower in the list of the rank which he holds, with proportionate loss in respect to length of service, such loss to be distinctly specified in the sentence, and to be restorable by the Commander in Chief, or may adjudge such Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier to be imprisoned for any period not exceeding four months, or to be imprisoned with hard labour for any period not exceeding two months, and may direct the prisoner to be kept in solitary confinement for any portion or portions of his term of imprisonment, not exceeding one month at a time. And in addition to any such punishments may adjudge a forfeiture of all claim to pension on discharge which might otherwise have occurred to such Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier from the length or nature of his service. Provided, that no Soldier who has undergone the punishment of imprisonment with hard labour under the sentence of any Court Martial shall be capable of being re-admitted into the ranks, or receiving pension on discharge.

Art. 72. It shall not be competent to any Court Martial to sentence any Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier to be flogged, but Camp-followers not above the condition of menial servants or laborers, shall be liable to corporal punishment not exceeding one hundred lashes, with or without nine tails.

Art. 73. No person being acquitted or convicted before a Court Martial of any offence, shall be liable to be tried a second time by the same or any other Court Martial for the same offence.

Art. 74. No person shall be liable to be tried or punished for any offence against those Rules and Articles which shall appear to have been committed more than three years previous to the order directing the assembly of the Court Martial whereby he is to be tried, unless the person accused, by reason of his absconding himself, or some other manifest impediment, shall not have been amenable to justice within that period, in which case such person shall be liable to be tried, at any time not exceeding two years after the impediment shall have ceased.

Commissioned Officers amenable to General Courts Martial only. Offences of which the punishment may be death or imprisonment exceeding four months, or punishments in the next Articles.

Powers of punishment vested in General Courts Martial.

Powers of punishment vested in all Courts Martial—Non-Commissioned Officers punished with loss of rank, &c.

Corporal punishment not to be awarded, except for offences by Camp-followers.

No person to be tried a second time for same offence.

Limitation of liability to trial.

Rules and Articles which shall appear to have been committed more than three years previous to the order directing the assembly of the Court Martial whereby he is to be tried, unless the person accused, by reason of his absconding himself, or some other manifest impediment, shall not have been amenable to justice within that period, in which case such person shall be liable to be tried, at any time not exceeding two years after the impediment shall have ceased.

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Commissioned Officers amenable to General Courts Martial only. Offences of which the punishment may be death or imprisonment exceeding four months, or punishments in the next Articles.

Non-Commissioned Officers have to be reduced.

Punishments otherwise than by Courts Martial.

Jurisdiction of Commanding Officer without a Court Martial may award Drill or Extra Duty—or confinement in the Quarter Guard.

Court Martial precluded from awarding such sentences.

An Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier, considering himself wronged by his superior, may complain to his Commanding Officer.

Commissioned Officer or Soldier, may complain to the Commanding Officer of his Regiment, who is hereby required to examine into such complaint, or remit it to his superior authority, as the circumstances may require; but if the complaint should appear to be frivolous or groundless, the party preferring it shall be liable to be punished by the sentence of a Court Martial according to the circumstances of the case, by being reduced in rank or suspended from rank, or by being imprisoned or deprived of Pay and Allowances according to the manner and to the extent as by these Articles may be awarded by any Court Martial.

Allowances under Arrest.

Commissioned Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier, confined on a criminal charge not entitled to full pay, &c. during his absence from his Regiment, &c.

in his Regiment, or to the party he shall be ordered to join; but shall be subsisted at a rate proportioned to his rank, and if he be acquitted he shall receive the balance of all arrears of pay and allowances accruing during the time of his confinement.

Execution of Sentences by Courts Martial.

Sentence of Death—Nizamut Adawlut to give effect to sentences of Transportation.

Troops. Whenever the sentence of a General Court Martial shall adjudge transportation or sentence of death shall be committed by competent authority to transportation, the Nizamut Adawlut shall give effect to such sentence or committed sentence, on the sentence being certified to the Court by the Adjutant General, or his Deputy, under the authority of the Commander in Chief.

Imprisonment. Persons sentenced to imprisonment by Courts Martial shall be imprisoned in any public prison, or in any other fit place which the Commander in Chief at the Presidency to which the prisoner may belong shall appoint, provided such place be within such Presidency.

Magistrates to give effect to sentences of imprisonment by Military authority.

shall be the duty of any Magistrate to give force to such sentences on the offender sentenced to imprisonment being delivered to his custody, and on being furnished with a copy of the sentence by the General or other Officer Commanding the Division or District, within which the trial is held.

When a fine is adjudged by a Court

Art. 75. No Non-Commissioned Officer shall be reduced to the ranks, but by the sentence of a Court Martial.

Art. 76. In cases of light offences, a Commanding Officer may without the intervention of a Court Martial, award extra Drill or Extra Duty not exceeding fifteen days; or confinement in the Quarter Guard for not exceeding three days, and none of these descriptions of punishment shall be awardable by sentence of a Court Martial.

Of Complaints.

Art. 77. If any Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier, shall think himself wronged by his superior or other Officer, he is to complain thereof to the Commanding Officer of his Troop or Company, by whom if the grievance be not redressed, such Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier, may complain to the Commanding Officer of his Regiment, who is hereby required to examine into such complaint, or remit it to his superior authority, as the circumstances may require; but if the complaint should appear to be frivolous or groundless, the party preferring it shall be liable to be punished by the sentence of a Court Martial according to the circumstances of the case, by being reduced in rank or suspended from rank, or by being imprisoned or deprived of Pay and Allowances according to the manner and to the extent as by these Articles may be awarded by any Court Martial.

Art. 78. Any Commissioned Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer, or Soldier, under arrest, or in confinement under charge of any offence, shall not be entitled to receive his full pay and allowances from the day of his commitment till the day of his return to duty.

Art. 79. Sentences of death shall be executed in like manner as such sentence is executed, when awarded by Courts Martial for the trial of the East India Company's European Troops.

Art. 80. Persons sentenced to imprisonment by Courts Martial shall be imprisoned in any public prison, or in any other fit place which the Commander in Chief at the Presidency to which the prisoner may belong shall appoint, provided such place be within such Presidency.

Art. 81. Whenever any sentence of a Court Martial shall adjudge imprisonment, or imprisonment with labour or with solitary confinement or both, it shall be the duty of any Magistrate to give force to such sentences on the offender sentenced to imprisonment being delivered to his custody, and on being furnished with a copy of the sentence by the General or other Officer Commanding the Division or District, within which the trial is held.

Art. 82. In every case wherein a fine or pecuniary compensation shall be adjudged

Martial the pay or property, &c. of the offender within Camp, &c. shall be available.

ed by a Court Martial, any arrears of pay or public money due to the offender, or any property belonging to him in Camp, Garrison, or Cantonment shall be available, under an order from the Officer Commanding, for the payment of the amount so adjudged. And the goods and chattels of the offender may be distrained on and the distress sold by warrant under the hand of the President of the Court Martial.

SECTION IV.

Effects of the Dead.

Effects of deceased Commissioned Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers, Soldiers and Public Servants.

Art. 83. When any Commissioned Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer, or Soldier, or any person receiving public pay drawn by any Officer in charge of a Public Department belonging to the Army, may die, or be killed in the service, the Commanding Officer of the Regiment or Party, or Officer in charge of the Department, shall secure his Effects and direct an inventory thereof to be taken, a duplicate of which is to be lodged in the Office of the Adjutant, or Officer in charge of the Department.

Rules to be observed in the disposal of the Effects of the deceased, if an Executor be on the spot.

Art. 84. If there be no Executor on the spot, appointed by the deceased, the Effects are to be publicly sold, the Commanding Officer of the Regiment or Party, or Officer in charge of the Department, after discharging the debts of the deceased, viz. the expense of funeral ceremonies, his debts in Camp or Quarters, and Regimental debts of every description, shall account for the residue to the Heir or Heirs declared by Will, whether written or verbal, or in failure of such to the legal representative of the deceased, and in the event of no Executor, Heir, or other representative of the deceased attending and establishing his claim within twelve months from the date of the casualty, the amount in the hands of the Officer having charge of the Estate is to be remitted to the General Treasury at the Presidency.

SECTION V.

Articles relating to service out of the British Territories, Martial Law, Rebels, Pay during imprisonment by the Enemy, Effects of Deserters.

When troops are serving where there is no Court of Civil Jurisdiction, serious offences may be tried by General Court Martial.

Art. 85. Whenever any body of the Troops shall be employed where there is no British Court of Civil Jurisdiction, any Officer, Soldier, or other person amenable to Military Law, accused of murder, robbery, or other serious offences against person or property, shall be liable to be tried by a General Court Martial, and punished with death, or otherwise, according to law.

General Courts Martial may be assembled for the trial of any person accused of any crime committed against the property, &c. of an inhabitant of any place out of the British Territories where the Troops shall be in Military possession, &c.

Art. 86. In any place out of the British Territories or in States in alliance with the British Government, where the Troops shall be in Military possession, the Officer Commanding any Division, Detachment, or distinct party, may assemble General Courts Martial, which shall consist of not less than seven Officers at the least, for the trial of any person under his Command, accused of any crime committed against the property or person of any inhabitant or resident at such place, or of having committed violence or any other offence, and every such Court Martial shall have power to adjudge any person so accused to suffer the punishment herein prescribed for the crime or offence charged, but no sentence passed by such Court shall be executed until confirmed by the Officer Commanding the Troops or service to which such Division, Detachment, or Party shall belong.

General Courts Martial may be assembled for the trial of persons owing allegiance to the British Government.

Art. 87. And in all places within the Company's Territories where Martial Law shall have been by the authority proclaimed, the Officer Commanding the Division, Detachment,

who may be taken in arms against the said Government, &c.

or distinct Party, may assemble General Courts Martial, which shall consist of not less than seven Officers, for the trial of any person owing allegiance to the British Government who may be taken in arms against the said Government, or who may be assisting in rebellion by maliciously attacking or injuring the persons or properties of any loyal subjects, or in any other manner; and it shall be lawful for any such Court Martial to adjudge any person so found guilty to suffer death by being hanged by the neck until dead, or to be otherwise punished as to such Court Martial shall seem expedient. But no sentence shall be executed until confirmed by the said Commanding Officer.

And the Commanding Officer of every such Division, Detachment, or distinct Party, is hereby authorized to arrest and detain in custody all persons engaged in such rebellion, or suspected thereof, and to cause all persons so arrested and detained to be brought to trial and to execute the sentence of all such Courts Martial, whether of death or otherwise, and to do all other acts necessary for such several purposes.

Previous aiding.
As the Enemy, amenable to Court Martial, and liable to death.

Art. 88. Every Court Martial, so constituted in the preceding Article, shall have power to try any person owing allegiance to the British Government, who shall be taken in arms against the State, or otherwise aiding and abetting the Enemy; and such person so found guilty shall be liable to the punishment of death, by being hanged by the neck until dead, or to transportation for life. But no sentence passed by such Court shall be executed until confirmed by the Officer Commanding the Troops or vessels to which such Division, Detachment, or Party shall belong.

Any Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer, or Soldier made prisoner to fight all claim to pay and allowances, &c.

Art. 89. Any Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer, or Soldier, who shall be taken prisoner by the enemy shall forfeit all claim to pay and allowances during the period of his remaining a prisoner, and until he shall again return to the service; when, if he can establish, before a Court Martial, that he was unavoidably taken prisoner in the course of action and that he hath not served with or assisted the enemy, and that he hath returned as soon as possible to the service, he shall be entitled to receive either the whole, or such portion of his arrears of pay and allowances as the Court Martial shall award.

Effects of Desertion.

Art. 90. The Effects of Desertion are to be publicly sold, and the proceeds, after payment of Regimental debts, remitted by the Officer Commanding the Corps to which the Deserter belongs, to the General Treasury of the Presidency.

SECTION VI.

Application of the Articles.

Art. 91. All Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers, Soldiers, all Drivers of Carriages, Transporters, and Wagoners, all Hospital Attendants, Subalterns, Sergeants and Horsemen, all Artificers and Laborers, Sappers, Camp-followers, or others attached to or serving with any part of the Army, are to be governed by these Articles and subject to trials by Courts Martial.

SECTION VII.

Translation of the Articles.

Art. 92. These Articles are to be translated into the several languages of the different Presidencies, and the parts following, viz. are to be read once every six months at the head of every Troop or Company stationed in the Service.

Ordered, that this Draft be re-considered at the first Meeting of the Legislative Council after the 15th day of December next.

J. H. MAUDOCY,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

(No. 2109.)

ORDERS BY THE HONORABLE THE DEPUTY GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

JUDICIAL AND REVENUE DEPARTMENTS.

LEAVES OF ABSENCE.

THE 25th NOVEMBER, 1838.

Mr. James Shaw, Civil and Sessions Judge of Tipperah, for one month, from the 13th proximo, preparatory to proceeding to Europe on Furlough.

THE 13th NOVEMBER, 1838.

Mr. T. Bruce, Acting Magistrate and Collector of Backergunge, for one month, from the 1st January next, preparatory to proceeding to Europe on Furlough.

THE 14th NOVEMBER, 1838.

Mr. B. J. Colvin, Magistrate and Collector of Poores, to the 15th proximo, or until the sailing of the Ship on which he may take his passage, in extension of the leave granted to him on the 11th September last.

Mr. G. C. Champ, Civil and Sessions Judge of Memensing, for one month, from the 20th instant, preparatory to proceeding to Europe on Furlough. Mr. J. M. Hay will conduct the current duties of the Judge's Office, until further orders.

THE 17th NOVEMBER, 1838.

Mr. L. J. H. Grey, Assistant to the Collector of Murshadabad, for fourteen days, from the 11th instant, on private affairs.

THE 20th NOVEMBER, 1838.

Mr. C. W. Bristake, Senior Commissioner of the Court of Requests, for twenty days, from the 22d instant, on private affairs.

APPOINTMENTS.

THE 25th NOVEMBER, 1838.

Mr. J. B. Odley to Odisha as Magistrate and Collector of Jamm, until further orders—his appointment of the 9th ult., to act as Magistrate and Collector of Shahabad, is hereby cancelled.

The extended portion of the leave of absence granted to Mr. J. W. Alexander, Third Commissioner of the Court of Requests, on the 21st September last, has been cancelled from the 1st instant, at his own request.

The leave of absence for one month granted to Mr. E. Peterson, Apothecary, attached to the Province of Arracan, on private affairs, on the 23d October last, is to take effect from the 25th of September last.

FRED. JAS. BALINDAY,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

GENERAL ORDERS BY THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL.

Camp Badlee, 6th November, 1838.

The Governor General has been pleased to appoint Lieutenant W. W. Apperley, 4th Light Cavalry, to be an Assistant in the Sind Department, vice Captain Johnson, proceeding with Shah Shoojah's Levies.

WM. CASEMENT, M. G.

Secy. to the Govt. of India Mtly. Dept., with the Rt. Hon. the Govr. Genl.

GENERAL ORDERS BY THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL.

Camp Badlee, 9th November, 1838.

The following arrangements were made, in the Political Department, under date the 3d instant:

Lieutenant R. Maule, of the Bengal Artillery, to place himself under the orders of Captain C. M. White, Political Agent at Goodman, proceeding to Peshawar.

Assistant Surgeon David Gullan to proceed to Jaypore, with a view to afford Medical attendance to Major Ross' Mission at that place.

WM. CASEMENT, M. G.

Secy. to the Govt. of India Mtly. Dept., with the Rt. Hon. the Govr. Genl.

GENERAL ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE PRESIDENT IN COUNCIL.

PORT WILLIAM, 20th November, 1888.

No. 171 of 1888.—Surgeon J. Taylor has been authorized, in the Judicial and Revenue Department, under date the 16th ultimo, to perform the Medical duties of the Civil Station of Dacca, in the room of Surgeon G. Lamb, on leave.

The undermentioned Officers have obtained leave of absence in the Judicial and Revenue Department, under date the 23d ultimo:

Assistant Surgeon Henry John Thornton, attached to the Civil Station of Purnea, for one month, from the 1st instant, on private affairs.

Apothecary F. Peterson, attached to the Province of Arracan, for one month, from the 1st instant, on private affairs.

Native Doctor Dendral Sing was appointed, in the Political Department, under date the 17th ultimo, to the Station of Darjeeling.

Native Doctor Chandra-dew is appointed to the Station of Midgellee, vice Dendral Sing.

J. STUART, Lt.-Col.

Off. Secy. to the Govt. of India, Miln. Dept.

STEAM DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

NOTICE is hereby given, that it is the intention of the Hon'ble the Governor in Council to despatch the Hon'ble Company's Steam Ship "Atlanta" to Suez, with an Overland-Packet, on Tuesday the 1st of January 1889.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Governor in Council,

(Signed) E. M. WOOD, Lieut.-Col.

Secy. to Govt.

Bombay Castle, 7th Nov. 1888.

With reference to the above Copy of a Notification, it is hereby notified, that the 15th of the ensuing month of December, will be the latest safe date for the transmission of letters, from Calcutta to Bombay, which may be intended for the January Steamer.

It is requested that parties who can make it convenient to do so, will have the goodness to send their letters a day or two before the 15th proximo, since the letters, &c. on the announced latest safe date, are becoming so numerous and consequently heavy, as very seriously to retard the transit of the mails of these dates.

G. ALEXANDER,

Off. Post-Master General

Port William, General Post Office,
the 9th November, 1888.

LIST OF UNCLAIMED LETTERS remaining in the General Post Office, which have accumulated between the 1st July and 30th September, 1888.

R.

Robertson, Esq. James—Asst. Surgeon H. M. 44th Regt. Chhazapore, Bengal Presidency, East Indies.

Robertson, Esq. James—Asst. Surgeon H. M. 49th Regt. Hazaribagh, Bengal.

Robinson, Mrs. J. W.—Delhi.

Rosch, Mr. E. Senior—Care of Mr. D. Swinney, Cape Town.

Richardson, Esq. G. W.—Care of Mr. Blandford, No. 22, Grove Street, Cape Town, Cape of Good Hope.

Retro, Mrs.—Cape of Good Hope, 10, Bank Street.

Rodríguez, Mrs. Maria—First Lane Chaudhney Chok, No. 27, Calcutta.

Russell, Mrs.—Care of Lieut.-Col. Swinney, Commanding 74th Regt. N. I., Mirzapore.

Ready, Thos.—Pat. 10th Regt., Calcutta.

Rousseau, Monsieur Philippe—Calcutta.

Robinson, James—Calcutta.

Ramswamy, — Madras Man, in charge of Mr. C. A. Morris' property, to wait at the Post Office till called for, Benares.

Rajnarayn Mitro—Care of Joykardyan Mitro, Calcutta, Simlya.
Radamohun Gangooly—Calcutta.

(To be Continued.)

Wm. MOORE, Deputy Post-Master.

Calcutta, General Post Office, 20th October, 1888.

Packets for the reception of Letters by the following Ships are open at this Office.

Name of Vessel.	Agents.	Intended Departure.	To what Port.	Travelling at.	Remarks.
Steamer Glasgow.	J. Mackay and Co.	Immediately.	Rangoon & M. m. m. m.		
Dyn.	Lynn, Matheson and Co.	24th Instant.	Bombay.		
Wanderer.	J. & Co.	25th Instant.	Liverpool.		
Harcourt.	Gillman and Co.	26th Instant.	Calcutta.		
Pellin Swinney.	Gillman and Co.	28th Instant.	Calcutta.		
David Scott.	Gillman and Co.	30th Instant.	Calcutta.		
Ind.	Lyell, Matheson & Co.	Ditto.	Calcutta.		
Chambers.	Ditto.	Ditto.	Calcutta.		
John.	Ditto.	1st December.	Calcutta.		

Wm. MOORE, Deputy Post-Master.

Calcutta, General Post Office, 20th November, 1888.

CUSTOMS.

List of Packages lying unclaimed at this Office.

- 1 Package, Mr. Humphrey, Engineer, Port Dostoy, per Severin.
- 1 Ditto, Editor of the Madras Gazette, per Cromwell.
- 1 Ditto, Marked S 4, per Crown.
- 2 Boxes, Marked H in diamond, 1 and 2, per Protector.
- 1 Case, Marked F in diamond, 532, per Mary Webb.
- 2 Bundles, News Papers, John Campbell, Pay Master, late 4th Regt., per John McLaughlin.
- 2 Ditto ditto no address, per India.
- 1 Box, K. Mackenzie, Marked M in diamond, 1 and 2, per Alexander.
- 1 Parcel, J. Leao, care of Jenkins and Co., per George.
- 1 Box, Picture Frames, A. G. per Allahabad.
- 1 Ditto, W. Clapp, per Coram.
- 1 Ditto, Marked — 12 to 57, per Robert Smith.
- 20 Packages, Felt, Marked T & U in diamond, 1 to 2, per Dicks on Bedford.
- 1 Ditto, containing 3 Boxes, Marked J C., per Fatma salam.

- 6 Ditto, Catch, per Colonel Burney.
 2 Bags, Sago, Marked W, per Tholl.
 1 Parcel, Captain G. C. Kennedy, Schooner Psycho, per Hladoo.
 1 Ditto, J. Atherton, Chief Mate of the Ship Trafalgar, per Ditto.
 1 Case, Revd. J. Marsh, per David Scott.
 2 Ditto, Marked M in diamond, 1 to 7, per Ditto.
 1 Parcel, H. D. Brown, 4th Officer Roxburgh Castle, per Ditto.
 1 Ditto, Dr. Tytler, per Larkins.
 1 Ditto, T. W. Rawson, per Ditto.
 3 Packages, Flower Pots, Marked D D in diamond, per Shaw, Alam.
 2 Parcel, F. W. Brown, care of Wilson and Co., per Mulecham.
 2 Ditto, Dr. Tytler, per John Fleming.
 1 Quarter Case, Marked F B 81, per Bengal.
 1 Box, Marked F M, per Gilbert Munro.
 1 Ditto, Marked F. R. in diamond, per Crockett.
 1 Case, J. Dunbar, per Alexander.
 2 Ditto, John Jones, Barque Thelb, per Ditto.
 1 Ditto, Stairs, Marked I, per Ripley.
 2 Packages, Trunks, Marked I P B, per Sylph.
 1 Parcel, Adam, Scott and Co., per Elvira.
 1 Ditto, McArthur, McIver, per Ditto.
 1 Ditto, H. Dawson, care of Rustamjee Cowasjee, per Seringapatam.
 1 Box, M. Soude, at Hunter's Livery Stables, per Glasgow.
 1 Case, Marked B. S. 7, per Asia.
 1 Ditto, Assistant Surgeon Campbell, Madras Establishment, per Ditto.
 3 Ditto, E. G. Scott, per Ditto.
 1 Ditto, Lieut. Ballard, 6th Regt., per Adelaide.
 1 Ditto, Capt. Carey, 10th Light Infantry, per Ditto.
 1 Box, S. Somerville, per Humina.
 1 Carboy, Annand, per Virginia.
 1 Parcel, Mrs. A. Colvin, per Earl of Hildwick.
 1 Ditto, Genl. Pécory, per Ditto.
 1 Ditto, Capt. Worlow, care of J. H. Stoenquell, per Ditto.
 1 Ditto, Mrs. Gammitto, 3d Lt. Dragoons, per Ditto.
 1 Ditto, W. Linwood, per Ditto.
 1 Ditto, P. Sutherland, Military Hospital, per Ditto.
 1 Ditto, J. H. Stoenquell, per Ditto.
 1 Ditto, Major Stairs, per Ditto.
 1 Ditto, Baysam and Co., per Ditto.
 1 Ditto, H. & Co. Tucker, per Ditto.
 1 Ditto, F. Weber, care of R. C. Jenkins, per Ditto.
 1 Ditto, Mrs. F. Swinhoe, per Ditto.
 2 Ditto, H. H. Holman, per Ditto.
 4 Ditto, S. Smith and Co., per Ditto.
 3 Ditto, Lyall, Matheson and Co., per Ditto.
 1 Ditto, Lt. Col. Thackerall, 44th Regt. Gbazoore, per Ditto.
 1 Ditto, O. F. Bluff, care of E. P. Grant, per Ditto.
 1 Ditto, A. J. Colvin, per London.
 1 Ditto, S. Smith and Co., per Ditto.
 1 Ditto, Mrs. H. Chapman, per Ditto.
 1 Ditto, F. G. Clever, care of J. and R. Wilson, per Ditto.
 1 Ditto, Mrs. Gammitto, 3d Lt. Dragoons, per Ditto.
 1 Ditto, O. H. Cameron, per Ditto.
 1 Ditto, Marchant, Lyall and Co., per Ditto.
 1 Box, Marked P No. 1, per Sir Wm. Wallace.
 1 Ditto, Thacker and Co., per Bengal Packet.

R. WALKER, Collector of Customs.
 Calcutta Cust. Custom House, the 22d November, 1838.
 N. B. Parties applying for the above Packages, will be desired to send Invoices, or Bills, showing contents and value, and to deposit persons to be present at the opening of them at this Office. The Collector has nothing to do with the business of landing Packages from Ships, nor with forwarding them to their owners, or their destination. The fact of Articles being destined for private use, and not for Sale, does not exempt them from payment of Duty, if they be of a kind which is chargeable with Duty, under the Regulation.

Notice to Exporters of Tobacco, Segars, &c., and to Masters of Vessels on which Tobacco, &c., may be Shipped.

No Tobacco can be imported into the United Kingdom unless the Master shall have on board a separate and distinct Mark for each Tobacco, containing the particular weight in each Hoghead, Cask, Cheal, or Case, with the Tare of the same, and otherwise drawn up in the form prohibited by the Act of Parliament.

Penalty on the Master £100—Sec 3 and 4 William 4, c. 58, Sec. 3, 7 and 11.

Tobacco may not be imported into the United Kingdom in any Ship or Vessel of less burthen than 120 Tons—nor unless in Hogheads, Casks, Cheals, or Cases, containing at least 100 lbs. net weight, and not packed in Bags or Packages within any such Hogheads, Casks, &c. Nor separated nor divided in any way whatever, nor unless the particular weight of the Tobacco in such Package, with the Tare of the same, be marked thereon under penalty of forfeiture—3 and 4 William 4, c. 58, Sec. 58. It is important that parties Shipping Tobacco from this Port for Great Britain, should make themselves thoroughly acquainted with such portion of the Acts above quoted as relate to that Article.

R. WALKER, Collector of Customs.
 Calcutta Custom House, the 18th July, 1838.

THE Public are hereby informed, that the Sub-Treasurer will accept Bills upon the undermentioned Provincial Treasuries, in the rates cited, to the extent of the Surplus that is available at each Treasury:

LOWER PROVINCES.

Buckergunge, ...	
Barishool, ...	
Bogra, ...	
Buldoah, ...	
Chittagong, ...	
Cuttack B. B., ...	
Pooner, ...	
Dacca, ...	at par and at sight.
Mirzapore, ...	
Jessore, ...	
Maidul, ...	
Mirzapore, ...	
Naddow, ...	
Pahmah, ...	
Rangpoor, ...	
Tipperah, ...	
Khuramp (Lower Assam), ...	
Nowgong (S. C. Assam), ...	at a premi of 1 per Cent. and at 3 days' sight.
Gowainpore, ...	
Burong (N. C. Assam), ...	

C. MORLEY, Acct. General.

Fort William.
 Assistant General's Office.
 The 24th November, 1838.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the matters of the Petition and Schedule (the same having been filed in the Court) of

SHANK UNRAY,
 of Elliot Road, in Calcutta, Khannanah, will be heard on Saturday, the 6th day of January, 1839, at the hour of noon.

No Creditors will be allowed at the Hearing to oppose the discharge of a Debtor, unless he shall have given notice of his intention to the Chief Clerk three clear days before the day of Hearing.

Office of Registrar, 7th November, 1838.
 Mr. N. Hudson, Atty.

কলিকাতার পৌরহিন করদারানেরদিগের পরিত্রাণার্থ আদানত

এতদ্বারা এইরূপে দেওয়া হইতেছে যে এই আদানত দাবিরকর) আরম্ভি ও কলের বিষয় নিম্নের
 নীতি

নৈব দাবি

যিনি কলিকাতার কলিকট বোর্ডে নিবাসি এবং
 মাসিক বিবয় মুন নি হইবেক বন ১৮-৩৯ নামের
 মেনেওয়ারি মাছার ও মনিবার তারিখে কলি এই
 প্রকরণে সময়

কি "কোন মহান আদানত করিতে পারিবেন
 নাই প্রদানিতে কোন করদার কলিকট মনিবার
 বিলম্বিত দিবসের পূর্ পূর্ণ দিন দিবস দাবিতে

ভাৰ্গৱ মাৰ্গৰ সৰ্বাধিক চিহ্ন কেলক সাহেবৰ
আফিবেলা দেন

এক কামিনৰ সাহেবৰ দপ্তৰখানা

সন ১৮৩৮ সাল ১৭ নবেম্বৰ

মে. এন হুভাৰ্ড উকিল

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of John Brown, lately carrying on trade and business as Wine Merchant, in Olive Street, in Calcutta, under the Style or Firm of John Brown and Company, and now residing at Serampore, an Insolvent, seeking the benefit of the Statute 8th Geo. IV. Cap. 79. Notice is hereby given, that an Account in detail of the Receipts and Disbursements of John Wallis Alexander, Esquire, the Assignee of the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvent, from the 24th day of July until the 17th day of November 1838, has been filed, and may be inspected by the Creditors of the said Insolvent, and all persons interested therein, on application at the Office of the Chief Clerk.

Office of Examiner, 22d November, 1838.
Mr. Alexander, Assignee.

কলিকাতাৰ জোজহিন কৰজদাৰীনেৰিগেৰ

পরিজ্ঞাপণ আদানত

ভনি জান বোৰ সাহেবৰ এতদ্বাৰা এই
বিসৰ জিনি সপ্ৰতি কৰবৰ
কৰিডেন কলিকাতাৰ কিলি
ইন্ডিটে সৰপেৰ সওদাগৰি
জান বোৰ এন. কোম্পানি
নাম ও উপাধিতে কিছু একনে
জিৰামপুৰে বাস কৰেন আফি
কৰে লভে জে. ফোৰে বা
দপ.হেৰ বাপ.হাইএৰ ১ বৎস
য়েৰ একাধিত আইনেৰ ৭৩
খাৰায়

ই. সন ১৮৩৮ সালেৰ জুলাই মাহৰ ২৪ তারিখ না
নবেম্বৰ মাহ ১৭ তারিখ দাখিল হইয়াছে এন.
উক. কামিন মহাজনগন এন. অন্যান্য লোক যাহা
বিসেৰ এ বিসয়ে বাৰে আছে চিক কেলক সাহে
বেৰ দপ্তৰখানাৰ আগমন কৰিলে উক. হিসাব
দৃষ্টি কৰিতে পাইবেন

এক কামিনৰ সাহেবৰ আফিবেলা

সন ১৮৩৮ সাল ২২ নবেম্বৰ

মে. আলিকজণ্ডাৰ মুক্তিয়ারকাৰ

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Andrew Hervey, Lieutenant Colonel in the 81st Regt. of the Bengal Infantry, an Insolvent, who had been adjudged entitled to the benefit of the Statute 8th Geo. IV. Cap. 79. Notice is hereby given, that an Account in detail of the Receipts and Disbursements of John Wallis Alexander, Esquire, the Assignee of the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvent, from the 31st day of August until the 17th day of November 1838, has been filed, and may be inspected by the Creditors of the said Insolvent, and all persons interested therein, on application at the Office of the Chief Clerk.

Office of Examiner, 22d November, 1838.
Mr. Alexander, Assignee.

কলিকাতাৰ জোজহিন কৰজদাৰীনেৰিগেৰ

পরিজ্ঞাপণ আদানত

ভনি এন. কলিকাতাৰ এন. কোম্পানি
বিসৰ জিনি এন. কোম্পানি
এন. কোম্পানি
এন. কোম্পানি

লেনে কৰজেন বাৰ্গাল ইনকা
নটীৰ ৬৫ পলটনেৰ ডাবিয়ে
ৰ বাৰ্গাল এণ্ড ইনকাৰেন লভে
জাৰ ফোৰে বাপ.হাইএৰ বাপ
হাইএৰ ১ বৎসৰেৰ একাধিত
আইনেৰ ৭৩ খাৰায়

ই. সন ১৮৩৮ সালেৰ আগষ্ট মাহৰ ৩১ তা
রিখ না. নবেম্বৰ মাহ ১৭ তারিখ দাখিল হইয়া
ছে এন. উক. কামিন মহাজনগন এন. অন্যান্য
লোক যাহা বিসয়ে বাৰে আছে চিক কেলক সাহে
বেৰ দপ্তৰখানাৰ আগমন কৰিলে
উক. হিসাব দৃষ্টি কৰিতে পাইবেন

এক কামিনৰ সাহেবৰ আফিবেলা

সন ১৮৩৮ সাল ২২ নবেম্বৰ

মে. আলিকজণ্ডাৰ মুক্তিয়ারকাৰ

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Stephen Malmgren, of Malmgren's Lane, in Calcutta, a Section Writer, an Insolvent, who had been adjudged entitled to the benefit of the Statute 8th Geo. IV. Cap. 79. Notice is hereby given, that an Account in detail of the Receipts and Disbursements of John Wallis Alexander, Esquire, the Assignee of the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvent, from the 20th day of September until the 17th day of November 1838, has been filed, and may be inspected by the Creditors of the said Insolvent, and all persons interested therein, on application at the Office of the Chief Clerk.

Office of Examiner, 22d November, 1838.

Mr. Alexander, Assignee.

কলিকাতাৰ জোজহিন কৰজদাৰীনেৰিগেৰ

পরিজ্ঞাপণ আদানত

ভনি ইসটেবল মেমকনম গা
পৰ সাহেবৰ বিসৰ জিনি কলি
কাতাৰ বিলিডেন সেন বিলি
এক মেমকনম রাইটৰ ডাবিয়ে
বাৰ্গাল এণ্ড ইনকাৰেন লভে
জাৰ ফোৰে বাপ.হাইএৰ বাপ
হাইএৰ ১ বৎসৰেৰ একাধিত
আইনেৰ ৭৩ খাৰায়

ই. সন ১৮৩৮ সালেৰ
নবেম্বৰ মাহ ১৭ তারিখ দাখিল হইয়াছে এন.
উক. কামিন মহাজনগন এন. অন্যান্য লোক যাহা
বিসয়ে বাৰে আছে চিক কেলক সাহে
বেৰ দপ্তৰখানাৰ আগমন কৰিলে উক. হিসাব
দৃষ্টি কৰিতে পাইবেন

এক কামিনৰ সাহেবৰ আফিবেলা

সন ১৮৩৮ সাল ২২ নবেম্বৰ

মে. আলিকজণ্ডাৰ মুক্তিয়ারকাৰ

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Rebee Amee-
run, of Matchoah Bazar, in
Calcutta, an Insolvent, and
now a prisoner in the Gaol of
Calcutta, seeking the benefit
of the Statute 9th Geo. IV.
Cap. 79. At a Court holden on
Saturday, the 17th day of
November, instant, it was
Ordered that the said In-
solvent be remanded until
Tuesday, the 4th day of
December next, and that
the Hearing in this matter be adjourned until then: and
that it be referred to Patrick O'Harden, Esquire, the Ex-
aminer of this Court, to enquire into the truth of the
Schedule of the Debts, Estate and Effects of the said In-
solvent filed in this Court on the 3d day of January last,
and to report thereon on the said 4th day of December:
and that John Wallis Alexander, Esquire, the Assignee
of the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvent, and Mr.
Rowland Graham do, on being served with this Order, per-
sonally and respectively attend before the said Examiner
during the said reference: and that the said Insolvent
be brought up on the said 4th day of December.

"No Creditor will be allowed at the Hearing to
oppose the discharge of a Prisoner, unless he shall have
given notice of his intention to the Chief Clerk three
clear days before the day of Hearing."

Office of Examiner, 22d November, 1838.

Mr. Martindell, Atty.

কলিকাতার জোজিহিন করকমারানেরদিগের

পরিজ্ঞানার্থে আদালত

নাতরান বিবি আদালতের বর্তমান নবেহর
বিসয় জিনি কলিকাতার মেচ্ছ মাহার ১৭ শনি
গাবাকার বিবাসি একপে কসি বার তারিখের আ
কাতার সেনের করোমী আকিঃ দাণ্ডে হুদয় হ
কে করে পরিজ্ঞান জাজ ফোর্ড ইল যে এই উক্ত
বাদসাহের বাদসাইএর ৯ ব নাতরান মুলতবি
পীর প্রকাশিত আইনের ৭৩ রহিলেন আগতো
ধারায়— ডিসেম্বর মাহার ৪
মঙ্গলবার তারিখ অবধি এবং তৎকালিনে এই বিস
য়ের সুন্নি মহঙ্গা রহিল এবং এই উক্ত নাতরানে
র গতো জানেওয়ারি মাহার ৩ তারিখের এই আ
দালতে রাখিল করা সেনা ও পাণ্ডনা মাল ও কাহ
দাহের ফদের জখাঃ অনাসমারে এই আদালতে
র পরিকর কবুত পাট্টিক ওঃ হনলান সাহেবকে
সমাপন হইল তেহ এই উক্ত ডিসেম্বর মাহার ৪ তা
রিখেই তাহার রিপোর্ট করেন এবং এই উক্ত নাত
রানের মাল ও জায়দারের মোকারকার জিজ্ঞাস্ত জান
ওয়ালিস আনিকজের সাহেব এবং মেঃ রোয়া
ও গুহ্যাম সাহেব এই হুময়নামার নকল পাইলেই
প্রত্যক্ষ এই উক্ত রিকরেনসেতে এই উক্ত পরিকরের
নিকটে হাজির হইবেন এবং এই উক্ত নাতরানকে
এ উক্ত ডিসেম্বর মাহার ৪ তারিখে আনিবেন—

কোন মহাজম আপত্ত্য করিতে পারিবেন
নাই প্রকাশিতে কোন করোমীর অংশি বা চিক
কোসক সাহেবের আকিয়ে এই সুন্নির বিস্তারিত
দিকের পূর পূর তিন দিক দিকিতে তাহার মান
কোর মাহার সেন—

একজামিনর সাহেবের আকিয়

সন ১৮৩৮ সাল ১১ নবেহর

মেঃ মার্টিনডেল উকিল

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Rebee Solomon, At a Court holden on
of Matchoah Bazar in Cal- Saturday, the 17th day of
cutta, an Insolvent, and now November, instant, it was
a prisoner in the Gaol of Cal- Ordered that the said In-
cutta, seeking the benefit of solvent be remanded until
the Statute 9th Geo. IV. Tuesday, the 4th day of
Cap. 79. December next, and that
the Hearing in this matter be adjourned until then: and
that it be referred to Patrick O'Harden, Esquire, the Ex-
aminer of this Court, to enquire into the truth of the
Schedule of the Debts, Estate and Effects of the said In-
solvent filed in this Court on the 3d day of January last,
and to report thereon on the said 4th day of December:
and that John Wallis Alexander, Esquire, the Assignee
of the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvent, and Mr. Row-
land Graham do, on being served with this Order, person-
ally and respectively attend before the said Examiner during
the said reference: and that the said Insolvent be brought
up on the said 4th day of December.

"No Creditor will be allowed at the Hearing to
oppose the discharge of a Prisoner, unless he shall have
given notice of his intention to the Chief Clerk three
clear days before the day of Hearing."

Office of Examiner, 23d November, 1838.

Mr. Martindell, Atty.

কলিকাতার জোজিহিন করকমারানেরদিগের

পরিজ্ঞানার্থে আদালত

নাতরান বিবি আদালতের বর্তমান নবেহর
কলিকাতার মেচ্ছ গাবাকার বিবাসি হুদয় মাহার ১৭
একপে কলিকাতার সেনের করোমীর সনিবার তা
আকিঃ করে পরিজ্ঞান জাজ ফোর্ড রিধের আদা
হ বাদসাহের বাদসাইএর ৯ বসি লতে হুদয়
ম প্রকাশিত আইনের ৭৩ ধারায় হইল যে এই
উক্ত নাতরান মুলতবি রহিলেন আগ ৪ ডিসেম্বর
মাহার ৪ মঙ্গলবার তারিখ অবধি এবং তৎকালিন
এই বিসয়ের সুন্নি মহঙ্গা রহিল এবং এই উক্ত
নাতরানের গতো জানেওয়ারি মাহার ৩ তারিখের এই
আদালতে রাখিল করা সেনা পাণ্ডনা মাল ও কাহ
দাহের ফদের জখাঃ অনাসমারে এই আদালতের
পরিকর জিজ্ঞাস্ত পাট্টিক ওঃ হনলান সাহেবকে
সমাপন হইল তেহ এই উক্ত ডিসেম্বর মাহার ৪ তা
রিখেই তাহার রিপোর্ট করেন এবং এই উক্ত নাত
রানের মাল ও জায়দারের মুক্তিয়ারকার জিজ্ঞাস্ত জান
ওয়ালিস আনিকজের সাহেব এবং মেঃ রো
য়াও গুহ্যাম সাহেব এই হুময়নামার নকল পাই
লেই প্রত্যক্ষ এই উক্ত রিকরেনসেতে এই উক্ত প
রিকরের নিকটে হাজির হইবেন এবং এই উক্ত নাত
রানকে এই উক্ত ডিসেম্বর মাহার ৪ তারিখে আনি
বেন—

কোন মহাজম আপত্ত্য করিতে পারিবেন
নাই প্রকাশিতে কোন করোমীর অংশি বা চিপ
কোসক সাহেবের আকিয়ে এই সুন্নির বিস্তারিত
দিকের পূর পূর তিন দিক দিকিতে তাহার মান
কোর মাহার সেন—

একজামিনর সাহেবের আকিয়

সন ১৮৩৮ সাল ১৩ নবেহর

মেঃ মার্টিনডেল উকিল

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

NOTICE is hereby given, that at a Court holden on Saturday, the 17th day of November, instant, on the Hearing and Examination of the Petition and Schedule of

Shah Mokim,

of Cassytopah, in Calcutta, Provisioner, seeking the benefit of the Statute 9th Geo IV, Cap. 73. It was adjudged, that the said Shah Mokim was entitled to the benefit of the said Statute and that he be discharged.

P. O'Hanlon, Examiner.

Order of Premier, 22d November, 1838.

Mr. Martindell, Atty.

কলিকাতার জে.জি.হিন করজব্বারদেরনি

গের পরিত্রাণ আদালত

এতদ্বারা স্বর দেওয়া জাইতেছে যে বর্তমান মাসের মাস ১৭ শনিবার তারিখের আদালতে সন্মতিতে এবং তহকিক করার আরজি ও বেনা পণ্ডরানির কর্ম

সেধ মকিম

কিমি কলিকাতার কসাইটোনা নিবাসি খাদ্যদ্রব্য বিক্রয়ক প্রার্থনা করে জাহা দেহে বানসাহের বাসনাই এর ১ বৎসরের প্রকাসিত আইনের ৭০ ধারা, এহার ফলম উইল জে এ উজ সেধ মোকিম প্রণ হইয়া নতুন উজ আইনের এবং তাহার ধা লাস

P. O'Hanlon, Examiner.

একত্রানির সাহেবের আদালত

সব ১৮৩৮ সাল ২২ নবেম্বর

মে. মারটেনডেন উরিন

Administration.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of HUGH ROSS, late of Calcutta, a Lieutenant Colonel in the Military Service of the East India Company, and Commanding the Seventh Regiment Bengal Native Infantry, are requested to make payment to the Registrar of the Supreme Court at Fort William, Administrator to the Estate, to whom all Creditors are also desired to make known their Claims. [2]

5th November, 1838.

UNION BANK.

NOTICE.—The Acting Secretary of the Union Bank begs to intimate to the Proprietors, that the period for taking up the Fourth part of their New Stock will expire on the 31st December next, and it is therefore expedient, that those Proprietors who have not had the opportunity of doing so, should make arrangements for that purpose within the period specified, otherwise their right will be forfeited agreeably to the 4th Clause of the Resolutions passed at the General Meeting of Proprietors held on 11th April last.

JOHN STORM,

Acting Secy. Union Bank.

Calcutta, the 12th November, 1838.

CHAUNDNEY CHOKE BAZAR.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the CHAUNDNEY CHOKE BAZAR will be let at the Receiver's Office, in the Court House, on Monday, the 20th Instant, at 12 o'Clock, on a lease for three years, commencing from 1st December next.

For particulars apply to the Receiver's Office.

E. MACNAGHTEN.

Receiver's Office, Court House,

12th November, 1838.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE,

9TH NOVEMBER, 1838.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Sessions of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery and also an Admiralty Sessions, will be holden by the Supreme Court of Judicature at Port William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Port William, and the Places subordinate thereto, at the Court House in the said Town of Calcutta, on Saturday the 8th day of December next, at 11 of the clock in the forenoon, of which all persons are required to take notice.

J. YOUNG, Sheriff.

সরিপ আপির ১ নবেম্বর ১৮৩৮ সাল

সম্রাট দেওয়া জাইতেছে যে আগামি ৮ দিক্বর ১৮৩৮ সাল সনিবার এগার ঘণ্টার সময় মহর কলিকাতার কোর্ট উইলেনের এবং তাহার অধ লাভিকের সঙ্গ স্থানে তহিমিতে বঙ্গদেশে কোর্ট উইলেনের সুপারেন কোর্ট আপন আপন আদালতের ঘরে ওপর টরমিনের এবং এডমিরেলটি জর্জি মহাসমুদ্র সমুদ্রিক্রয় মোকদমার নিমিত্ত এক সেনি আন অর্থাৎ মিছিল করিবেন সকলেই সরন রাখুন

J. YOUNG, Sheriff.

NOTICE of Public Sale for Arrears of Revenue, unless intermediately liquidated, at the Collector's Office, of Zillah Backergunge, on the 4th day of December 1838 next, corresponding with 20th August 1845 B.S.

Name of Mahal to be sold and of the Pergunah in which it is situate, and No. of Lot in Collector's Sale Advertisement.	Recorded Proprietor.	Annual Subsidy.	Arrears of Revenue, including interest and Penalty.	Remarks.
No. 403, Nairpore Tappah, ...	Gopal Lal Thakur, ...	25753 2 44	3274 4 1	
No. 404, Khartab Ditta, Sherifgan Nizamat Begum Talook, ...	Mohendunder Chowdry,	7204 4 01	1141 10 3	

T. BRUCE, Collector.

E. E.

Zillah Backergunge, Collector's Office, the 2d November, 1838.

NOTICE of Public Sale, for Arrears of Revenue, unless intermediately liquidated, at the Collector's Office, Zillah Hooghly, on Friday, the 14th December, 1838, corresponding with 30th Aghsan 1245 B. S.

Name of Mehal to be sold, and of the Pergunnah in which it is situated and No. of Lot in Collector's Sale Advertisement.	Recorded Proprietor.	Amount Sudder Jamma.	Arrears of Revenue, including Interest for the month of Aug. and Sept. 1838.	REMARKS.
No. 26, Mundieghat, Ph. Mundieghat,	Mr. Hodger, &c.	22398 2 5	11721 7	This Land produces Paddy, Salt, Mulberry, Mehal under Butwarrah.
" 37, Dukhinbar, Ph. Baulia,	Nitta Nand Cuondoo Choudro, &c.	11756 4 10	1202 6 8	Ditto Paddy, Potatoes, Sugar-cane, &c.
" 39, Shockhallee, Mouzah 23, Ph. Baulia,	Jagul Kisoro Biswas, &c.	10148 0 1	1105 5 1	Ditto ditto ditto.
" 40, Bahirgura, in 13 Mouzaha, Ph. Bauliepoore,	Buystab Doss Mullie, &c.	7953 1 7	853 12 7	Ditto ditto ditto.
" 41, Bolen, &c. in 14 Mouzaha, Ph. Bauliepoore,	Ditto,	10134 1 7	1103 9 5	Ditto ditto ditto.
" 42, Koutdoh, Ph. Chanderconoh,	Ditto,	10794 10 4	1173 10 9	Ditto ditto ditto.
" 43, Nekubang, in 41 Mouzaha, Ph. Do.	Juggo Mohun Mukerjee, &c.	11239 7 2	1204 2 11	Ditto ditto ditto.
" 44, Bonepoore, &c. 52 Mouzaha, Ph. Do.	Buystab Doss Mullie, &c.	10840 7 9	1169 10 4	Ditto ditto ditto.
" 45, Pandrah, &c. 19 Do. Ph. Baulia,	Rama Noh Chatterjee,	11138 14 1	1214 3 9	Ditto ditto ditto.
" 46, Angur, &c. 50 Do. Ph. Chanderconoh,	Buystab Doss Mullie, &c.	10984 10 7	1180 1 7	Ditto ditto ditto.

Hooghly, Collector's Office, 8th November, 1838.

W. H. BELLI, Collector.

NOTICE of Public Sale, for Arrears of Revenue, unless intermediately liquidated, at the Collector's Office, Zillah Hooghly, on Friday, the 14th December, 1838, corresponding with 30th Aghsan 1245 B. S.

Name of Mehal to be sold, and of the Pergunnah in which it is situated and No. of Lot in Collector's Sale Advertisement.	Recorded Proprietor.	Annual Sudder Jamma.	Arrears of Revenue, including Interest for the 1st of Aug. and Sept. 1838.	REMARKS.
No. 33, Jugdispoore, &c. in 114 Mouzaha,	Collee Noh Roy Choudro, &c.	38687 2 0	4142 11 6	This Land produces Paddy, Grain, Sugar-cane, &c.
" 34, Bahadoorpore,	Prasanna Coomar Taksor,	18002 11 1	1748 11 0	Ditto ditto ditto.
" 35, Manoodpore,	Gobind Chander Baonjee,	10831 4 9	1179 3 6	Ditto ditto ditto.

Hooghly, Collector's Office, 8th November, 1838.

W. H. BELLI, Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undermentioned Two Allotments of Soonderhuns' Forest Land, Decree in favor of Government by the Presidency Special Commissioner, on the 24th July, 1837, can be obtained on the usual Jungle-lease terms, upon application being made at the Office of the Commissioner of the Soonderhuns, at Allipore.

Name of Allotment.	Supposed area.	Boundaries.	Remarks.
Knowleah Barisual.	70,000	North, the Pangachee river, the Barwekhalee Khak, and the Jowdhooa river.—East, the Ballisur river.—West, the Bholah river.—South, the Cheopa, Barwekhalee, and Kumarikhalee Khale.	This allotment is situated on the Western bank of the Ballisur river, opposite to the cultivated lands lately resumed from the possession of the Zemindars of Pergunnah Seyadpoore. It is high and dry, requiring little or no embanking to keep out the Salt Water, and a considerable portion of it would appear to have been at one time cleared of jungle. An abundance of large Soondree timber might be procured from this allotment, and from its proximity to a district already cultivated, fresh water at all times of the year might be obtained without difficulty. From its situation and capability, the land of this allotment offers many advantages to speculators.
Ditto.....	70,000	North, the Cheopa, Barwekhalee, and Kumarikhalee Khale.—East, the Ballisur river.—South, the Dhamir river joining the Bhole with the Ballisur river.—West, the Bhole.	The like remarks apply modified in so far as this allotment is to the south of the preceding one.

Soonderhuns, Commissioner's Office, Allipore, the 8th Sept. 1838.

G. T. SHAKESPEAR, Commissioner.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undermentioned articles driven on shore near Pooree, Southern Division of Cuttack, between 31st October and 5th November 1838, will be sold by Public Auction, unless claimed before the 5th December 1838.

List of Articles driven on shore near Pooree—

- 3 Barrels of Beer.
- 1 Small box of Pickles.
- 1 Chest Capers.
- 49 Bottles of Fruits.
- 12 Ditto of Vinegar.
- 19 Empty Water Casks.
- 1 Ditto Chest, &c. &c.
- 3 Pieces Wood, &c. &c.

Parties considering themselves entitled to the above mentioned articles are requested to make their claims known to the Magistrate of the Southern Division of Cuttack.

A. FORBES,
Offy. Magistrate.

S. D. of Zillah Cuttack, }
Magistrate's Office,
Pooree, the 10th Nov. 1838. }

STEAM NOTICE.



The SOORMA, in tow of the JUMNA, Steam Vessel, for Allahabad, left Calcutta on the 21st Instant, and will probably leave Allahabad on the 18th December on her return to Calcutta.

By Order of the Marine Board,

(Signed) J. H. JOHNSTON,
Controller of Govt. Steam Vessels.
Calcutta, 21st November, 1838.

CIVIL SERVICE ANNUITY FUND.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Annual General Meeting of the Subscribers to the Civil Service Annuity Fund will be held at the Town Hall, at ONE o'clock P. M. on Tuesday, the 1st of January next, for the purpose of auditing the Accounts of the past year, for the election of Five Managers of the Fund for the year 1839, and for the consideration of any other questions that may arise or be referred to the Meeting.

After the business of the General Meeting shall be concluded, the Managers give notice that the Meeting will be made Special to consider the propriety of memorializing the Honorable Court that the indulgence of retiring upon reduced Annuities now granted to Subscribers who have been more than ten, and upwards of fifteen years in the Country, upon certified inability from ill health to remain here, may be extended to all Subscribers of that period of actual residence respectively, who may wish, from whatever cause, to retire.

The Special Meeting above notified has been called at the requisition of the undermentioned Subscribers:

Rosa D. Mangion.	R. Torrens.
T. P. Biscoe.	Jan. G. Campbell.
John C. Erskine.	John S. Torrens.
R. P. Harrison.	E. T. Trevor.
C. Bury.	G. P. Leicester.
W. Travers.	

By Order of the Managers,
J. P. GRANT, Secretary.

C. S. A. F. O., }
12th November, 1838. }

CIVIL FUND.

UNDER Articles X. and XVI. of the Rules, a Half-yearly General Meeting of the Subscribers will be held at the Town Hall, on Monday, the 28th day of January, 1839, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, when an election of Managers in the room of Mr. Tucker, Mr. Bradton, Mr. Walker, Mr. J. P. Grant and Mr. McClintock will take place.

By Order of the Managers,

(Signed) R. B. FITZGERALD, Secretary.

Civil Fund Offs. }
Calcutta, 7th November, 1838. }

MRS. B. REIF,

(LATE MISS DRUMMOND)

Portrait and Miniature Painter,

No. 3, JAUN BAZAR STREET,

(Three doors from Mesdames Wright and Co.)

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AND

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Compiled by Order of Government under the Superintendence of the Medical Board.

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Secretary to the Board.

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The following Gentlemen are admitted to the Service, in conformity with the Appointment by the Honorable the Court of Directors as a Cadet of Infantry and as Assistant Surgeons on this Establishment: The Cadet is promoted to the rank of Ensign, leaving the date of his Commission for future adjutantment:

Infantry.

State of arrival at Fort William.

Mr Thomas Charles Henry } 14th Nov., 1838.
D'Oyly,

Medical Department.

Mr John MacIntee, 13th do. "
Richard Valpy Shuter, ... 16th do. "
Surgeon James Innes, M.D., of the Medical Department, is permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlough, on Medical Certificate.

Lieutenant Colonel and Brevet Colonel Ezekiel Barton, of the 40th Regiment N. I., Town and Fort Major of Fort William, is permitted to proceed to the Cape of Good Hope, on Medical Certificate, and to be absent from Bengal on that account for two years. Lieutenant Colonel Thomas Fiddes, of the 45th Regiment N. I., is appointed to officiate as Town and Fort Major of Fort William, during the absence of Brevet Colonel Barton, or until further Orders.

The unexpired portion of the leave of absence obtained by Brevet Captain Francis Dashwood, of the Regiment of Artillery, Assistant Secretary to the Military Board, in General Orders No. 90, of the 18th June last, is cancelled from the 13th instant.

J. STUART, Lt.-Col.,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India Milg. Dept.

PORT WILLIAM, 19th November, 1838.

No. 128 of 1838.—The following Appointment made by the Hon'ble the President of the Council of India, is published in General Orders:

Lieutenant James George Babington, of the Madras Artillery, to be an Aide-de-Camp on His Honor's personal Staff.

J. STUART, Lt.-Col.,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India Milg. Dept.

PORT WILLIAM, 19th November, 1838.

No. 170 of 1838.—The Hon'ble the President in Council is pleased to make the following temporary Appointments in the Department of Public Works:

Captain Henry DeBude, of the Corps of Engineers, to officiate as Secretary to the Military Board, during the absence of Captain Sanders, ordered to join the Army of the Indus, or until further orders.

Captain James Arden Crommelin, of the Corps of Engineers, to officiate as Superintending Engineer, South Western Provinces, vice Captain DeBude.

Lieutenant George Hickson Pagau, of the Corps of Engineers, to officiate as Executive Engineer of the 1st or Dum-Dum Division, vice Captain Crommelin, retaining charge of such portions of the Embankments of the 24-Pargunnas as shall appear to the Military Board to be convenient to the service.

J. STUART, Lt.-Col.,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India Milg. Dept.

IN THE COURT FOR THE RELIEF OF INSOLVENT DEBTORS AT CALCUTTA.

In the matter of James Calder and others, heretofore trading in Partnership at Calcutta, as Merchants and Agents, under the style and firm of Mackintosh and Company, Insolvents.

At a Court held on Saturday, the Fifteenth day of September, instant, upon application for and on behalf of Thomas Holroyd, Esquire, the Assignee of the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvents, with a petition praying for an order, that the said Thomas Holroyd be discharged from being the Assignee of the said Insolvent's Estate, and also upon application for and on behalf of the several Creditors and representatives of Creditors of the said Insolvents, whose names appear subscribed to their petition, praying for an order that John Wallis Alexander, Esquire, be appointed the Assignee of the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvents in the room and stead of the said Thomas Holroyd. It was ordered, unless cause be shown to the contrary, on or before the Fourth day of December next, that the Indenture of Assignment of the Fourteenth day of May, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Thirty-eight, be declared null and void.

so far as relates to the said Thomas Holroyd, but as nevertheless, that no act or thing done prior to this order shall be cancelled or in any wise affected thereby, and that the said John Wallis Alexander be appointed the Assignee of the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvents, in the room, place and stead of the said Thomas Holroyd. It was also further ordered, that the said Thomas Holroyd do file his Accounts with the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvents up to the said Fourth day of December.

Notice whereof is hereby given.

19th September, 1838.

Messrs. COLLIER, BIRD and GRANT, Attorneys.

কলিকাতার জে.জি.এ. কর্তৃক প্রদত্ত

গের পরিচয় বাহে আদালত

নামের জেমস কাল বর্তমান মেপট ডর সাহেব ও গেরগের বি স্বর মাহার ১৫ স্বর জাহারা এহার পূর্ব কলি সবিরার তারি কাতার মেসিনোম এহং, গের আদালতে কোম্পানির নামে ও উপাধি উক্ত নাত্যানের তে বহুয় জে.জি.এ. ও বিগের মাল ও একেবিসিগিরি তারবার করি জাহাদানের মো তোঁক কারকার তামম হালরাইড সাহেবের পক্ষে আরজির সহিত এজা হার প্রার্থনা করে যে ঐ উক্ত তামম হালরা ইড সাহেবের উক্ত নাত্যানের বিগের জাহারা দেব মোক্তারকারি হইতে বরতরক এহং, ঐ উক্ত নাত্যানের বিগের মহাজন কেহবা নাং ও কাহারোবা প্রিতিবিগি তাহার বিগের নাম তাহারিগের আরজিতে বহুত হইয়াছে তাহার বিগের পক্ষে এজাহারে প্রার্থনা করে জে.জি.এ. ও গেরগের আদালতের সাহেব উক্ত নাত্যানের বিগের মোক্তারকারি কথ উক্ত তামম হাল রাইড সাহেবের নামে ও উপাধিতে মকরর হইবে এহাং এই হকম হইল জে.জি.এ. হিহার বিগেরিতে আগত বিগের মাহার ও তারিগের পূর্বে কোন কারণ না হইল যে ঐ তামম হালরাইড সাহেবের নাম লন ১৮৩৩ সালের মে মাহার ১৪ তারিখের মো জাহার নামা হইতে বহু হইবে না কিন্তু এই হকু মনামার পূর্বে ঐ তামম হালরাইড সাহেব জে সতন কথ করিয়াছেন তাহা কোন মতে রহিত হইবে না এহং, জাম ও গেরগের আদালতের সাহেব উক্ত নাত্যানের বিগের বিগের ও জাহার মোক্তারকারি কথ উক্ত তামম হালরাইড সাহেবের নামে ও উপাধিতে মকরর হইবে এহাং আর হকম হইল জে.জি.এ. উক্ত গ্রামস হালরাইড সাহেব ঐ উক্ত নাত্যানের বিগের জাহাদানের হিসাব ঐ ডিনের মাহার ও তারিগের দাখিল করেন

উহার এবং এজাহার দেওয়া কাইয়েছে

সদ ১৮৩৮ সাল ১২ মেপট

মিস্টার কলি-এর বহু এহং গুপট উকিল

IN THE COURT FOR THE RELIEF OF INSOLVENT DEBTORS AT CALCUTTA.

In the matter of James Cullen and Robert Browne, Insolvent Debtors. At a Court held on Saturday, the Fifteenth day of September, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Thirty-eight, upon ap-

petition for and on behalf of Thomas Holroyd, Esquire, Assignee of the said Insolvents, praying for an order that he may be discharged from the said Assigneeship, and also on the application of several Creditors, and representatives of Creditors of the said Insolvents, praying that John Wallis Alexander, Esquire, may be appointed Assignee in the place and stead of the said Thomas Holroyd. It was ordered that unless cause be shown to the contrary on or before Tuesday, the Fourth day of December next, the Assignment to the said Thomas Holroyd, be declared vacated, but so nevertheless that no act or thing done prior to this order shall be annulled or affected thereby, and that the said John Wallis Alexander, Esquire, be appointed Assignee of the said Insolvents in the place and stead of the said Thomas Holroyd. And it was further ordered, that the said Thomas Holroyd shall file his Accounts with the said Estate up to the said Fourth day of December next.

Notice whereof is hereby given.
Mr. WASHINGTON, Attorney.
September 19, 1839.

**কলিকাতার জেব্রহীন কলকাতার পর
আদালত**

নাতয়ান জেমস কলর সন ১৮৩৮ সা
এবং রাবট বোরোনের সন ১৫ সেপ্তেম্বর
বিসয়— শনিবার তারিখে
এ সকল নাতয়ানের এসাইনি জিউত তামস হা
লরাইড সাহেবের এ এসাইনির কয়ে হইতে
অবকাশ পাইবার পূর্বের এক আরজি এবং
এ নাতয়ানের দিগের বহু মহাশয় দিগের
জিউত জান ওয়ালিস আলিকজের সাহেবকে
এ তামস হালরাইড সাহেবের এ কয়ে নিযুক্ত
করিবার পূর্বের আরজি দেখাতে হুজম
হইল যে জম্মাপি আগাম ৪ ডিসেম্বর মকল
বর কিয়া তাহার পূর্বে তদবিশারিত কারন দেখ
নাগেলে তবে এ তামস হালরাইড সাহেবকে
যে টরনিমামা দেওয়া গিয়াছিল তাহা রহিত
হইবেতখাচ এই হুজমের পূর্বে যে সকল
কয়ে হইয়াছে তাহা অগুহ হইবেন। এবং এ
জান ওয়ালিস আলিকজের সাহেবকে এ কা
তস হালরাইড সাহেবের স্থানে এ নাতয়ানের
দিগের এসাইনি নিযুক্ত করা গেল। এবং
আরো হুজম হইয়াছে এ তামস হালরাইড
সাহেব এ বিসয়ের হিসাব এ আগাম ৪ ডি
সেম্বর তারিখে পয়স্তু দাখিল করিবেন ইহার
দ্বারা বর দেওয়া গেল।

মে. ওয়াড্ডিংটন সাহেব উকীল—

১১ সেপ্তেম্বর ১৮৩৮ সাল

**IN THE COURT FOR THE RELIEF OF IN-
SOLVENT DEBTORS AT CALCUTTA.**

■ the matter of Alexander Col- At a Court held on
vin, William Ainslie, Thomas Saturday the 15th day
Anderson and Daniel Ainslie, of September, 1839, upon
Insolvent Debtors. an application for
an order that he may be discharged from being
such Assignee. It was ordered, that unless cause be
shown to the contrary on or before Tuesday the 4th day
of December next, the Indenture of Assignment from
Patrick O'Hanlon, Esquire, the common Assignee of the
said Court to the said Elliot Macnaghten be declared
vacated, but so nevertheless, that no act or thing done
prior to this order, shall be annulled or in anywise affect-
ed thereby, and that John Wallis Alexander, Esquire, be
appointed Assignee of the said Insolvents in the place and
stead of the said Elliot Macnaghten. And it was further
ordered, that the said Elliot Macnaghten shall file his ac-
counts with the said Estate up to the said 4th day of
December next.

Notice whereof is hereby given.
Mr. WASHINGTON, Attorney.
Calcutta, 19th September, 1839.

**কলিকাতার জেব্রহীন কলকাতার পর
আদালত**

নাতয়ান আলিকজের সন ১৮৩৮ সা
কালবিন উইলিএম এললি সন ১৫ সেপ্তেম্বর
তামস এণ্ডরসন ও ডেনিএল শনিবার তারিখে
এমসলির বিসয়— এই সকল নাতয়ান
দিগের এসাইনি এলিএট মেকনাটন সাহেব
এ এসাইনি কয়ে হইতে অবকাশ পাইবার কা
রণ এক আরজি এ আদালতে দাখিল করিতে
হুজম হইল যে জম্মাপি আগাম ৪ ডিসেম্বর মকল
বর কিয়া তাহার পূর্বে তদবিশারিত কারন দেখ
নাগেলে তবে এ আদালতের সাধারণ এসা
ইনি জিউত পেটরিক ওয়ালিসান সাহেব যে
টরনিমামা এ এলিয়াট মেকনাটন সাহেবকে
দিয়াছেন তাহা রহিত হইবে তখাচ যে সকল
কয়ে এ তারিখের পূর্বে হইবে তাহা কোন প্রকা
রে অগুহ হইবেক না এবং জান ওয়ালিস আ
লিকজের এ নাতয়ানের দিগকে এ এলিএট মে
কনাটন সাহেবের কয়ে টরনি হইবেন এবং
আর হুজম হইল যে এ জিউত এলিয়াট মেকনা
টন সাহেব এ ইকোটের বিসয়ের হিসাব এ ৪
ডিসেম্বর নাগাইদ দাখিল করিবেন—

এই বর ইহার দ্বারা দেওয়া জাইতেছে

কলিকাতা ১১ সেপ্তেম্বর ১৮৩৮ সাল

মে. ওয়াড্ডিংটন সাহেব উকীল—

**IN THE COURT FOR THE RELIEF OF IN-
SOLVENT DEBTORS AT CALCUTTA.**

In the matter of William Fergusson, At a Court held on
the Clerk, William Ainslie, Saturday the 15th day of
John Colmore and William September, 1839, upon an
Frederick Fergusson, Insolvent application for and on be-
half of Elliot Macnaghten, Esquire, an Assignee of the said Insolvents, praying for an
order that he may be discharged from being such Assignee.
It was ordered, that unless cause be shown to the contrary,
on or before Tuesday the 4th day of December next, the
Assignment from Patrick O'Hanlon, Esquire, the com-
mon Assignee of the said Court, to William Colville and
Joseph Walker Jasper Ouseley, and the said Elliot Mac-
naghten, be declared vacated, so far as relates to the said
Elliot Macnaghten, but so nevertheless, that no act or
thing done prior to this order shall be annulled or affected
thereby. And it was further ordered, that the said Elliot
Macnaghten shall file his accounts with the said Estate up
to the said 4th day of December next.

Notice whereof is hereby given.

Mr. H. WASHINGTON, Attorney.

Calcutta, 19th September, 1839.

**কলিকাতার জেব্রহীন কলকাতার পর
আদালত**

নাতয়ান উইলিএম কলর সন ১৮৩৮ সা
লি কলিক উইলিএম মেলবি সন ১৫ সেপ্তেম্বর
ল জান গিলমোর উইলিএম শনিবার তারি
কিউজিক কারগিসনের বি ১৫ এ সকল নাত
য়ানের দিগের এসাইনি এলিএট মেকনাটন সাহেব এ এসাইনি
র কয়ে হইতে অবকাশ পাইবার কারণ এ
আদালতে এক আরজি দাখিল করিতে হুজম
হইল যে জম্মাপি আগাম ৪ ডিসেম্বর মকল
বর কিয়া তাহার পূর্বে তদবিশারিত কারন দেখ
নাগেলে তবে এ আদালতের সাধারণ

এসাইনি জীবিত পেরিটর ওয়াবলান সাহেব
 যে টরনিমামা উইলম কালবিল ও জেজেপ
 ওয়াকর কামপার ও উসলি এবং এ এলিএট
 মেকনাটন সাহেবেরদিগের দিয়াছেন তাহা
 এ এলিগাট মেকনাটন সাহেবের সন্মতিক্রম
 হিত হইবে তথ্য জেসকল কর এ হুমের
 পূর্বে হইয়াছে তাহা কোন প্রকারে অগৃহ্য
 হইবে। এবং আরো হুম হইল যে এলিএট
 মেকনাটন সাহেব এ ইন্ডেটের বিসয়ের হিসা
 ব এ ৪ বিলেক্সর তারিখ নাগাইদ দাখিল করি
 যেন এই ধর ইহার দ্বারায় দেওয়া গেলো

মে ওয়াডিন সাহেব উকীল

কলিকাতা ১১ নভেম্বর ১৮৩৮ খ্রিঃ

IN THE COURT FOR THE RELIEF OF IN-
 SOLVENT DEBTORS AT CALCUTTA.

In the matter of James Young, George Ballard, James Charles Colebrooke Sutherland and Nathaniel Alexander, Insolvent Debtors. At a Court held on Saturday, the 15th day of September, 1838, upon application for and on behalf of Thomas Holroyd, Esquire, one of the Assignees of the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvents, praying that he may be discharged from being one of the said Assignees. It was ordered, that unless cause be shown to the contrary on or before Tuesday, the 4th day of December next, the Assignment to the said Thomas Holroyd as such Assignee, as aforesaid, be declared voided, but so nevertheless, that no act or thing done prior to the said order be nullified, or in any wise affected thereby, and it was further ordered, that the said Thomas Holroyd and William Cuthbert Harry, the other Assignee of the said Insolvents, shall file their accounts with the said Estate up to the said 4th day of December next.

The above Notice contains the substance of the order therein recited as amended by an order bearing date the 12th day of October, 1838.

Wm. Cuthbert Harry and Thomas, Atties.
 Calcutta, October 12th, 1838.

কলিকাতার জোজহীন করজব্বারানের পরি
 জানাথে আদালত

নাতিয়ান জেমস ইয়ং সন ১৮৩৮ সালে
 জন্ম হালাত জেমস চ। র ১৫ সেপ্টেম্বর সনি
 রলস কোলব্রুক সন্মত বার তারিখে এ স
 লেগু এবং ন্যাথানিয়াল কল নাতিয়ানেরদি
 আলিকহেগরের বিষয় গের একজন এসাই
 নি জীবিত ডামস হালরাইড সাহেব এ নাতি
 যানদিগের এসাইনির কন্ম হইতে পরিজ্ঞাপ
 পাইবার প্রার্থনায় এক আরজি দেওয়াতে হুম
 হইল যে জরানি আনামি ৪ ডিসেম্বর মঙ্গল
 বারে কিম্বা এ তারিখের পূর্বে কোন কারণ
 দেখা না জায় তবে এ ডামস হালরাইড সাহেব
 কে এ এসাইনি কন্ম হইতে পরিজ্ঞাপ করা
 হইবে তথ্য এই হুমের পূর্বে জেসকল কন্ম
 হইয়াছে তাহা বাতিল হইবে। আর এ ডা
 মস হালরাইড ও দেসরা এসাইনি জীবিত উই
 লিয়াম কব হরি সাহেব এ নাতিয়ানেরদিগের
 হিসাব আনামি ডিসেম্বর নাগাইদ দাখিল
 করিবেন

এই পূর্বে উক্ত ধরতে যে এই ১২ আক্টো
 বর তারিখের জে হুমের দ্বারায় জে হুম
 সমতার করা জায় তাহার মোদা আছে

ওয়াইট বাইস এবং ডামস উকীল

কলিকাতা ১৫ আক্টোবর ১৮৩৮ খ্রিঃ

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Thomas Wilson, of Dhurumtollah, Paper Manufacturer, who has been adjudged entitled to the benefit of the Statute 9th Geo. IV, Cap. 73. Notice is hereby given, that at a Court holden on Saturday, the 31 day of November, instant, an Application was made by Thomas Wilson, setting forth that he was a Paper Manufacturer and Trader, in Calcutta, and that he did, on the 26th day of May, in the year 1838, file in this Court a Petition for relief under the Provisions of the Statute 9th Geo. IV, Cap. 73, that on the 18th day of August in the said year, he was adjudged entitled to the benefit of the said Statute; and that more than three months have passed since the filing of the said Petition, and that he is now desirous to apply to this Court for final discharge under the Statute 4th and 5th of Wm. IV, Cap. 29, entitled "an Act to amend the Laws relating to Insolvent Debtors in India," from all Debts or Liabilities due at the time of filing in this Court the Schedule of his Estate and Effects and of his Debts, for which he is now liable.

It was Ordered, that the Petition of the said Thomas Wilson be received and filed, and that the Chief Officer of the Court do forthwith cause notice of such Petition having been received and filed, to be published in the Gazette of this Presidency.

Published accordingly.

P. O'Hanlon, Examiner.

Office of Examiner, 16th November, 1838.

Messrs. Baillie and Molloy, Atties.

কলিকাতার জোজহীন করজব্বারানেরদিগের
 পরিজ্ঞাপাথে আদালত

নাতিয়ান ডামস উইলসান সাহে এতদ্বারায় ধর
 বের বিষয় জিনি কলিকাতার ধর দেওয়া জাইতে
 তলা মিহানি কাগজের আওতায় হে জে বর্তমান
 এবং জিনি তমবিষে প্রাপ্ত হইয়া মবেবর মাহার
 ছেন লব্ধে আইনের ও সন্মিত তা
 রিখের আদালতে এ উক্ত ডামস উইলসান সাহে
 বের পক্ষে আরজির দ্বারায় এমহার হয় তাহাতে
 নিশ্চিত থাকে যে তিনি ছিলেন এক ব্যক্তি কাগজে
 র আওতায় এবং ব্যবসা করিতেন কলিকাতায়
 এবং তিনি মোতাবেক আজ কোল বাবসাহের বাব
 সাইএর ১৮৩৮ সালের প্রকাশিত আইনের ৭৩ ধারানু
 সারে সন ১৮৩৮ সালের মে মাহার ২৬ তারিখে
 পরিজ্ঞাপাথে এক আরজি এই আদালতে দাখিল
 করিয়াছেন এবং তিনি এ সনের আগষ্ট মাহার ১৮
 তারিখে এ উক্ত আইনের লব্ধে প্রাপ্ত হইয়া পরি
 জ্ঞান পাইয়াছেন এবং এ উক্ত আরজি দাখিল
 তারিখ তিন মাস বহিষ্ঠ হইয়াছে এবং তিনি
 চতুর্থ উইলিয়াম বাবসাহের বাবসাইএর চতুর্থ এবং
 পঞ্চম বর্সীয় প্রকাশিত আইনের ৭৯ ধারা জাহা
 হিন্দুধর্মের নাতিয়ান করজব্বারাম সন্মিত আইন
 আইন পরিসোভে পূর্বে আরি হইয়াছে তদানুসা
 রে বাহিত আছে যে সকল দেবা ও দাবি মাল
 ও জায়দান দেবা ও পাণ্ডারানর কন্ম জাহা তাহার
 দখিল কানিন ও হার উপর আছে জাহা হইতে
 একেবারে প্রাণ পাইবার প্রার্থনায় আরজি দা
 খিল করিলেন

এহার হুম হইল যে এ উক্ত ডামস উইলসান
 সাহেবের আরজি গৃহ্য হইয়া সেপ্টেম্বর মাস
 হইতে এবং এই আদালতের প্রধান আফিসর এ
 উক্ত আরজি গৃহ্য হইয়া দাখিল হইবার ধর

এই সরহদেব-গেজেটে সন্মত প্রকাশ করেন
তদানুসারে প্রকাশ হইল

P. O'Hanlon, Examiner.

একজামিনর সাহেবের আফিস

সন ১৮৩৮ সাল ১৫ নবেম্বর

মেশন বেলি এরং মালাই উকিলগণ

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Catchick Astwachatter Cavorke, of Armenian Street, in Calcutta, Merchant, who has been adjudged entitled to the benefit of the Statute, Notice is hereby given, that at a Court holden on Saturday, the 3d day of November, instant, an Application was made by Petition for and in behalf of Catchick Astwachatter Cavorke, setting forth that he was a Merchant and Trader within the Town of Calcutta, and that he was on the 31st day of August, 1838, duly adjudged an Insolvent under the Provisions of the Statute 4th Geo. IV. Cap. 73, that more than three months have passed since the filing of the said Adjudication, and that he is now desirous to apply to this Court for final discharge under the Statute 4th and 5th of Wm. IV. Cap. 79, entitled "An Act to amend the Laws relating to Insolvent Debtors in India," from all Debts or Liabilities due at the time of filing in this Court the Schedule of his Estate, Effects, and Claims, and of his Debts for which he was then liable.

It was Ordered, that the Petition of the said Catchick Astwachatter Cavorke be received and filed, and that the Chief Officer of the Court do forthwith cause notice of such Petition having been received and filed, to be published in the Gazette of this Presidency.

Published accordingly.

P. O'Hanlon, Examiner.

Office of Examiner, 15th November, 1838.

Messrs. Osburn and Paul, Attys.

কলিকাতার জোজিহন করজদারানের পরী
জামাতি আদালত

নামকৃত কলিকাতা একজামিনর এতদ্বারা এইরূপ
চাটর ক্যাবোকে সাহেবের দেওয়া আইতেছে
বিসয় তিনি কলিকাতার এর যে বর্তমান নবেম্বর
মেরিএন ইস্ট্রীট নিবাসি নও র মাহার ৩ নবি
নাগরজিহন তজবিহের প্রাপ্ত বার তারিখের আ
হইয়াছেন নভে আইনের মালাই উক
কি একজামিনর চাটর ক্যাবোকে সাহেবের পক্ষে আ
রজিহন দ্বারা এজাহার হয় তাহাতে লিখিত থাকে
যে তিনি ছিলেন এক নওদাগর এবং ব্যাবসাই কা
রবার করিতেন কলিকাতায় এবং তিনি সন ১৮৩৮
সালের আগষ্ট মাহার ৩১ তারিখে চতুর্থ রাজি বাণ
সহের বাবসাই এর ৯ বৎসরের প্রকাশিত আইনের
১৩ ধারানুসারে নামকৃত বটে হির হইল এবং এ
উক্ত নামকৃত হিরজার তারিখ তিনি মাহার অতি
রেক গবে হইয়াছে এবং তিনি চতুর্থ উইনিএম
বাহনসহের বাবসাই এর চতুর্থ এবং পঞ্চম হারি
প্রকাশিত আইনের ১৩ ধারা আইন হিরজানের
প্রাপ্তরান করজদারন সংক্রিয় আইন পরিসোধন
লুকে জারি হইয়াছে তদনুসারে বাজিত জাহেদ
জনকন দেবা ও দাবি জাহা ত দ্বারা যেন ও পাও
না মালা ও জাহদারের কল দাবিল হইবার সময়
তাহার উপর থাকে তাহা হইতে একেবারে দালা
ল পাওয়ার প্রার্থনার এই আদালতে প্রেরণা দাবি
ন করিলেন

এতদ্বারা ইহম হইল যে এই উক্ত কলিকাতা একজামিনর
চাটর ক্যাবোকে সাহেবের আফিস গৃহ হইয়া

নবেরদার দাবিল হউক এবং এই আদালতের প্র
ধান আফিসর এই উক্ত আফিস গৃহ হইয়া দাবিল
হইবার প্রবর তৎপরে এই সরহদেব-গেজেটে প্রকা
স করেন

তদানুসারে ইহম হইল

P. O'Hanlon, Examiner.

একজামিনর সাহেবের আফিস

সন ১৮৩৮ সাল ১৫ নবেম্বর

মেশন বেলি এরং মালাই উকিলগণ

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Gopal-churn Seal, late of Colloah, late of Colloah, in Calcutta, Mer- At a Court holden on Saturday the 3rd day of November, instant, it was Ordered that the Petition filed by Muddasoodun Twenty-four Pergunahs. Ghose, the Positioning Creditor of the said Gopalchurn Seal, on the 28th day of May last past, and the proceedings had thereon, be, and the same was revoked: And that John Wallis Alexander, Esquire, the Assignee of the Estate and Effects of the said Gopalchurn Seal, do forthwith re-assign to the said Gopalchurn Seal, his Estate and Effects.

Notice whereof is hereby given.

Office of Examiner, 15th November, 1838.

Mr. Martindell, Atty.

কলিকাতার জোজিহন করজদারানের পরী
জামাতি আদালত

গোপাল চরণ সিলের বিষয় বর্তমান নবেম্বর
তিনি নবেম্বর কলিকাতার কল মাহার ৩ নবিবার
টোলা নিবাসি নওদাগর কিল তারিখের আদাল
একনে ২৪ পং সেনসহ নিবাস তে হুকুম হইল যে
গত মে মাহার ২৬ তারিখে এই উক্ত গোপাল চরণ
সিলের আরজদার মহাজন মধুসূদন ঘোষের দাবিল
করা আরজি এবং তাহার অন্য ২ কাগজাত না মঞ্জুর
হইল এবং এই উক্ত গোপাল চরণ সিলের মালা ও
জাহদারের মেকিঃরকার প্রযুক্ত জান ওয়াসিব আ
লিকদার সাহেব তাহার মালা ও জাহদার নভের
হস্তান্তর করণ পুনরায় এই গোপালচরণ সিলকে

উহার প্রবর এতদ্বারা দেওয়া আইতেছে

একজামিনর সাহেবের আফিস

সন ১৮৩৮ সাল ১৭ নবেম্বর

মে. মার্টিনডেল উকিল

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the matters of the Position and Schedule (the same having been filed in the Court) of

SHANK GHOSY, of Elliot Road, in Calcutta, Kharnasah, will be heard on Saturday, the 5th day of January, 1839, at the hour of noon.

"No Creditor will be allowed at the Hearing to oppose the discharge of a Prisoner, unless he shall have given notice of his intention to the Chief Clerk three clear days before the day of Hearing."

Office of Examiner, 17th November, 1838.

Mr. N. Hudson, Atty.

কলিকাতার জোজিহন করজদারানের পরী
জামাতি আদালত

এতদ্বারা এইরূপ দেওয়া আইতেছে যে এই আদা
লতে দাবিল করা আরজি ও কলের বিষয় বিচের
দাবিল

সেই যিনি—

জিনি কলিকাতার ইলিয়ট বোর্ডে নিবাসি প্রিন্স
মাতাহার বিষয় নূন নি হইবেক নন ১৮৩৯ সালের
জেনেওয়ারি মাহার ৫ সনিবার তারিখে খেলা হই
এহরের সময়—

কিন্তু " কোন মহাজন আপত্তা করিতে পারিবেন
নাই প্রাসঙ্গিকে কোর কএকর জবাবী সুনিবির
নিয়মিত দিবসের পূর্ব পূর্ব দিন দিবস থাকিতে
তাহার মানবের সম্বন্ধ চিক কোলকাতা নাহেবের
আজিবে বা নহে "—

এক কামিনর সাহেবের দপ্তরখানা

নব ১৮৩৮ সাল ১৭ নবেম্বর

মে. এন হুডসন উকিল—

*Notice to Exporters of Tobacco, Segars, &c., and to
Masters of Vessels on which Tobacco, &c. may be
Shipped.*

No Tobacco can be imported into the United Kingdom
unless the Master shall have on board a separate and
distinct Manifest for such Tobacco, containing the par-
ticular weight in each Hogshhead, Cask, Chest, or Case,
with the Tare of the same, and otherwise drawn up in
the form prescribed by the Act of Parliament.

Penalty on the Master £100—see 3 and 4 William 4,
C. 57, Sec. 3, 7 and 11.

Tobacco may not be imported into the United Kingdom
in any Ship or Vessel of less burthen than 120 Ton-
—nor unless in Hogshheads, Casks, Chests, or Cases,
containing at least 100 lbs. net weight, and not packed
in Bags or Packages within any such Hogshheads, Casks,
&c. Nor unpacked nor divided in any way whatever,
nor unless the particular weight of the Tobacco in such
Package, with the Tare of the same, be marked thereon
under penalty of forfeiture—3 and 4 William 4, C. 52,
Sec. 58. It is important that parties Shipping Tobacco
from this Port for Great Britain, should make themselves
thoroughly acquainted with such portions of the Acts
above quoted as relate to that Article.

R. WALKER, Collector of Customs.

Calcutta Custom House, the 16th July, 1838.

NOTIFICATION.

FORT WILLIAM, OPIUM DEPARTMENT.

THE 22^d OCTOBER, 1838.

NOTICE is hereby given, that on Monday, the 7th day
of January next, at the hour of 11 o'clock in the
Forenoon, will be put up to Sale, at the Exchange Rooms
at Calcutta, and sold by Public Auction, the undermen-
tioned Quantity of Opium, the Provision of 1837-38,
subject to the following Conditions, viz.

PRODUCER OF BEHAR AGENCY, 4,500

DITTO OF BENARES Ditto, 2,500

Total Cheats 7,000

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

First. The Opium to be all sold to the highest bidder.

Second. Each Lot to contain Five Cheats.

Third. A Deposit in a Promissory Note for 1,000
Ruppes per Lot, or 500 Ruppes per Cheat, shall be made
by the Purchaser in the Sale Room, and before the Lot is
registered in the Sale Book, and a Cash Promissory Note
shall be redeemed on the part of Purchasers at this Office,
by Sub-Treasurer's Receipts, or by submission of other
Public Securities of the Bengal Government, on or before
4 o'clock of the Afternoon of Friday, the 11th January
next, or on the other hand, failing such redemption by the
time aforesaid, then the Lot or Lots for which no Sub-
Treasurer's Receipts, or Deposit of other Public Securities
as aforesaid, shall have been delivered in, shall be re-sold
at such time or times, and under such Conditions of Re-
sale as the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium, shall see
fit, and all losses and expenses whatsoever attending such
Resale, shall be borne and paid by the Defaulters, whilst
any profit accruing from such Resale shall be forfeited
to Government.

Fourth. The Promissory Notes taken on the day of
Sale under the last mentioned Condition, if remaining
unredeemed on the said 11th of January next, will be
placed in the hands of the Attorney to the Hon'ble Com-
pany for realization in such manner as to him shall seem fit.

Fifth. No Tender of Money, Sub-Treasurer's Receipts,
or Public Securities on account of Opium upon which the
prescribed Deposit may not have been made before 4
o'clock of the 11th of January next, will be afterwards
accepted.

Sixth. The Opium now advertised for Sale shall be paid
for within One Calendar Month from the day of Sale, and
in case any Lots of such Opium shall not be so paid for
and adjusted, then the Cash Deposit of 1,000 Ruppes per
Lot, or 500 Ruppes per Cheat, or any Public Securities
that may have been deposited on account of such Lots or
Cheats, shall be forfeited, and the Opium be disposed of
on account of Government at such time and in such manner
as the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium, shall think fit.

Seventh. No Sub-Treasurer's Receipts, or Deposit
of Public Securities under the third of the present
Conditions, will be received in this Office except from the
party recorded as the Purchaser in the Sale Book, or his
authorized Agent. The Receipt for such Deposit will be
granted only in the name of such Purchaser, and the Public
Securities deposited will be returned when clearance has
been made by the said Purchaser or his order.

Eighth. The Officer Superintending the Sale on the part
of the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium, is empowered to
reject at his discretion the bid of any individual, unless
such individual shall on demand tender at the time a Deposit
either in Bank of Bengal Notes, Sub-Treasurer's Receipts,
or other Government Securities equal to One Thousand
Ruppes per Lot (or Two Hundred Ruppes per Cheat,) on
each Lot so bid for.

Ninth. The Purchaser of any Lot shall have the option
of buying and purchasing in immediate succession any
number of Lots of the same Agency Opium to the extent
of Fifty Lots; and for the Lots so purchased, the Pur-
chaser shall deposit 1,000 Ruppes per Lot, and pay the
same price per Cheat as that for which he purchased
his first Lot, provided always that there remain a sufficient
number of Lots of that Opium to complete the said Fifty
but not otherwise.

Tenth. In the event of any dispute or difference touch-
ing or concerning any matter, or question arising out of the
Sale of the Opium included in this Notification, or adjust-
ment of the account thereon, the same shall and may be
tried and decided in the Supreme Court of Judicature at
Fort William in Bengal, and all and every Plea and Plead-
ing to the Jurisdiction of the said Supreme Court shall be
waived.

Eleventh. The following Papers, together with Samples
of the Opium for Sale, will be exhibited for inspection on
the day of Sale, or may be seen previously to that date,
by application at the Office of the Secretary to the Board
of Customs, Salt and Opium.

No. 1. Certificate of the Opium now advertised for
Sale.

No. 2. Report of the examination of such Opium.

Twelfth. The Public are hereby informed, that in provi-
ding the fortification of the Behar and Benares Opium for the
year 1837-38, the same precautions have been taken as those
which have been observed during past Years, to have
the Drug procured and sent down in a pure state, to have
only the prescribed quantity of Leaves used in forming the
Cakes, and to have the due proportion of Opium put into each
Cake. An account of the Weight of the Drug when packed
at Behar and Benares, and a Statement of the average Weight
of Six Cheats from each dispatch at Calcutta, may be seen
on application at the Office of the Secretary to the Board of
Customs, Salt and Opium.

Thirteenth. Four Cheats of Behar and Benares Opium
which have been reserved from the provision of the two pre-
ceding years, will be also shown to the purchasers on the day
of Sale, to enable them to judge of the state of preservation
in which the Drug has kept.

Fourteenth. The Public are hereby informed, that in
addition to the quantity above mentioned, the following
quantities more or less of Behar and Benares Opium will
be brought to Sale this year or about the dates speci-
fied below:

11th February,	Cheats 2,500
23d April,	Do. 4,500
27th May,	Do. 2,500
1st July any about	Do. 3,708

Total in addition to the 7,000 now advertised for Sale
on 7th January, about cheats 13,208.

Fifteenth. That it is hereby further notified, that under the 6th Article of the Convention between Great Britain and France, dated the 7th March, 1813, quoted below. The Agents in India of His Majesty the King of the French, or Persons duly appointed by them, are entitled to demand that out of the quantities of Behar and Benares Opium declared as above for Sale at the five Sales, in the months of January, February, April, May and July, 1832, there shall be delivered to them at the average of the particular Sale or Sales, to which the Opium so applied for may belong

Behar, 218 a quantity not exceeding in the aggregate 300 Chests; and the Agents of the French Government must make Requisition for the whole of the Opium required by them during the year within 30 days after the publication of this Advertisement, specifying the particular Sale or Sales from which the quantity of Opium is intended to be taken. If the Agents of the French Government shall not make the Requisition for Opium within the time above-mentioned, the entire quantity of about 20,206 Chests of Behar and Benares Opium as above estimated, will be brought to Sale in the usual manner, and if they shall make application for a quantity of Opium to be delivered to them out of the quantity advertised for Sale at each or any of the five Sales above-mentioned, but shall not pay for it within the prescribed period of payment, the Governor of Bengal reserves to himself the right of disposing of the Opium,

which the French Authorities may in fail to pay for, either by increasing the quantity reserved at the Sale next opening the date of payment, or by selling it at a Sale to be held expressly for the purpose.

Article of the Convention } Article 6th.—“With regard to the Trade in Opium, it is agreed between the High Contracting Parties, that at each of the Periodical Sales of that Article, there shall be reserved for the French Government, and delivered upon requisition duly made by the Agents of His Most Christian Majesty, or by the Persons duly appointed by them, the number of chests so applied for, provided that such supply shall not exceed Three Hundred Chests in each year, and the price for the same shall be determined by the average rate at which Opium shall have been sold at every such Periodical Sale, it being understood that if the quantity of Opium applied for at any one time shall not be taken on account of the French Government by the Agents of His Most Christian Majesty, within the usual period of delivery, the quantity so applied for shall nevertheless be considered as so much in reduction of the Three Hundred Chests herein before mentioned, the requisitions for Opium as aforesaid, are to be addressed to the Governor General at Calcutta, within thirty days after notice of the intended Sales shall have been published in the Government Gazette.”

By Order of the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium,
S. G. PALMER, Actg. Secy.

No. 60 or 20th Quarter.

ABSTRACT of the Operations of the GOVERNMENT SAVINGS BANK from its commencement on 1st November 1822 to 31st October 1832, being 10 Years.

	Natives.		European Functionaries.		Military and Pymasters.		Miscellaneous.		
	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	
5,800 Depositors.	289	3,79,064 0 11	41	55,641 9 35	1033	7,72,875 6 6	1822	6,08,898 14 0	Gross Amount 17,15,480 15 6
Deduct Withdrawals.									
1,002 Absolute.	229	47,695 11 41	23	10,283 10 75	379	74,100 2 11	402	1,86,794 5 11	2,12,876 1 2
Partial.	...	1,00,731 4 29	...	4,421 11 19	...	60,204 4 0	...	5,33,495 14 09	7,30,022 14 5
	428	2,48,426 12 7	23	14,707 11 6	379	1,34,304 0 11	402	7,15,490 1 25	11,02,898 15 7
2,907	611	1,40,727 4 4	16	10,273 13 9	654	8,38,294 0 25	1024	8,94,408 13 05	Net Total, 17,15,480 15 11

Of this Sum is subscribed to the Government 4 per Cent. Loan, 18,34,373 2 4
And there remains at Open Credit, Balances amounting to 8,79,077 10 1

Amount of Open Balances brought forward, 3,78,777 10 73
Add Net sum of Extra Receipts, 240 15 6

Nett Amount of Open Balances and Receipts in the Bank, 3,79,017 10 39

Of which is—
Locked in the General Treasury, 3,46,391 7 34
Delivered A. N. W. Provinces, 3,427 15 42
Account, Rev. Dept., 5,906 12 04
Paid adjusted Int. on Absolute Withdrawals, 5,391 12 4
Balance on 31st October, 126 10 84
C. R. 3,79,324 10 32

B. E.

G. F. McCLINTOCK, Offg. Secy. G. S. B.

Government Savings Bank, Fort William, 31st October, 1832.

NOTICE of Public Sale for Arrears of Revenue, unless immediately liquidated; at the Collector's Office, of Billah Buckerunge, on the 4th day of December 1832 next, corresponding with 20th August 1245 B. S.

Name of Mohal to be paid and of the Pergannah in which it is situated, and No. of Lot in Collector's Sale Advertisement.	Recorded Proprietor.	Amount due under Jumma.	Arrears of Revenue, including interest and Penalty.	REMARKS.
No. 685, Nasirpore Tappa,	Hajee Lal Thakoor, ..	2874 2 4	2874 4 1	
No. 701, Kharjiah Olio, Shurrickah, Muzah Buxa Taloo	Mohammedunder Chaudhry, ..	7004 4 0	1441 10 3	

B. E.

F. BRUCE, Collector.

Billah Buckerunge, Collector's Office, 22 November, 1832.

NOTICE of Public Sale, for Auction of Revenue, unless intermediately liquidated, at the Collector's Office, Zillah Hooghly, on Friday, the 14th December, 1838, corresponding with 20th Aushun 1245 B. S.

Name of Mohal to be sold, and of the Pergunah in which it is situated, and No. of Lot in Collector's Sale Advertisement.	Recorded Proprietor.	Amount Sudder Jamma.	Amount of Revenue, including Interest for the month of Aug. and Sept. 1838.	REMARKS.
No. 36, Mundleghat, Ph. Mundleghat,	Mr. Hedger, &c.	223988 2 8	11721 7	This Land produces Paddy, Salt, Mulberry, Mesquit under Hutwarrah.
„ 37, Dukhishat, Ph. Baulia,	Nitta Nund Chandon Chondiger, &c.	11780 4 10	1202 0 8	Ditto Paddy, Potatoes, Sugar-cane, &c.
„ 38, Blockholder, Mouzah 22, Ph. Baulia,	Jugal Kishore Biswas, &c.	10148 0 8	1105 5 0	Ditto ditto ditto.
„ 40, Bahirgata, in 13 Mouzahs, Ph. Bauligunge,	Dayal Das Mullie, &c.	7953 1 7	853 12 7	Ditto ditto ditto.
„ 41, Bolee, &c. in 14 Mouzahs,	Ditto,	10134 1 7	1102 3 5	Ditto ditto ditto.
„ 42, Kachidul, Ph. Chanderpouh,	Ditto,	10794 10 4	1173 10 0	Ditto ditto ditto.
„ 43, Nekurhag, in 41 Mouzahs, Ph. Do.	Jugal Mohan Mukerjee, &c.	11239 7 2	1204 2 11	Ditto ditto ditto.
„ 44, Banepate, &c. 32 Mouzahs, Ph. Do.	Dayal Das Mullie, &c.	10840 7 9	1108 10 4	Ditto ditto ditto.
„ 45, Pandrah, &c. 10 Do. Ph. Baulia,	Rama Nath Chatterjee,	11158 14 8	1214 3 9	Ditto ditto ditto.
„ 46, Augur, &c. 60 Do. Ph. Chanderpouh,	Dayal Das Mullie, &c.	10084 10 7	1150 1 7	Ditto ditto ditto.

Hooghly, Collector's Office, 8th November, 1838.

W. H. BELL, Collector.

NOTICE of Public Sale, for Auction of Revenue, unless intermediately liquidated, at the Collector's Office, Zillah Hooghly, on Friday, the 14th December, 1838, corresponding with 20th Aushun 1245 B. S.

Name of Mohal to be sold, and of the Pergunah in which it is situated and No. of Lot in Collector's Sale Advertisement.	Recorded Proprietor.	Annual Sudder Jamma.	Amount of Revenue, including Interest for the first of Aug. and Sept. 1838.	REMARKS.
No. 33, Jagdishpore, &c. in 11 Mouzahs,	Gallee Nath Ray Chondree, &c.	38687 2 0	4142 8 0	This Land produces Paddy, Grain, Sugar-cane, &c.
„ 34, Bahadurpore,	Prasanna Coomur Takoor,	10002 0 1	1738 8 0	Ditto ditto ditto.
„ 35, Manoudipore,	Gulab Chander Banerjee,	10781 4 0	1179 2 0	Ditto ditto ditto.

Hooghly, Collector's Office, 8th November, 1838.

W. H. BELL, Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Two Admissions of Sounderhuns' Forest Land, Deeded in Favor of Government by the Presidency Special Commissioners, on the 25th July, 1837, and to be obtained on the usual jungle-bouses terms, upon application being made at the Office of the Commissioner of the Sounderhuns, at Allipore.

Name of Allotment.	Supposed area.	Boundaries.	Remarks.
Knowlakah Barisaul.	70,000	North, the Pangahree river, the Barweckhahar Khali, and the Jewthoora river.—East, the Balisaur river.—West, the Bhulab river.—South, the Choopa, Barweckhahar, and Kumarkhaloo Khals.	This allotment is situated on the Western bank of the Balisaur river, opposite to the neglected lands lately resumed from the possession of the Zemindars of Pergunah Bedyapora. It is high and dry, requiring little or no embanking to keep out the Salt Water, and a considerable portion of it would appear to have been at one time cleared of jungle. An abundance of large Sagodra timber might be procured from this allotment, and from its proximity to a district already cultivated, fresh water at all times of the year might be obtained without difficulty. From its situation and capabilities, the land of this allotment offers many advantages to speculation.
Ditto.....	70,000	North, the Choopa, Barweckhahar, and Kumarkhaloo Khals.—East, the Balisaur river.—South, the Bhulab river joining the Bhulab with the Balisaur river.—West, the Bhulab.	The like remarks apply modified, in as far as this allotment is to the south of the preceding one.

Sounderhuns, Commissioner's Office, Allipore, the 6th Sept. 1838.

G. T. WHITESIDE, Commissioner.

It is hereby notified, that notices marked for particular Ships, all Letters received at the General Post Office between Monday the 19th and Sunday the 18th November, both dates inclusive, were despatched by the undermentioned Vessels which sailed from Saugor on dates specified:

Letters received on dates from and to.	By what Ships despatched.	Bound to.	Sailed from Saugor.
19th to 18th November,.....	Enmore,	London,.....	Left town on the 19th instant.
18th Ditto,	Steamer Ganges,...	Rangoon and Madras,	Will leave Town on the 22d instant.
18th Ditto,	Siren,	China,	Left town on the 18th instant.

Wm. MOORE, Deputy Post Master.
Calcutta, General Post Office, the 20th November, 1838.

LIST OF UNCLAIMED LETTERS remaining in the General Post Office, which have accumulated between the 1st July and 30th September, 1838.

O.

Officer Commanding Her Majesty's Ship Rattlesnake, Diamond Harbour.
Owen, Esq. J. D.—Pergunah Amerthea, near Monghyr.
Odychand Mittra, Baboo—At Midnapore.

P.

Palmer, Esq., Hy.—(2 Letters) Allahabad.
Palmer, Esq., Henry—care of P. Palmer, Esq. Monghyr.
Park, Lieut. A.—20th Regt. N. I. Banda.
Pinnix, Esq. C.—on board the Neptune, Robert Town.
Van Dusen's Land, care of Mr. Miller, Jerusalem Coffee House, Cornhill, London.
Pinnix, Esq. Edward—Burgue Neptune, Robert Town, mailed please forward to India.
Ponnamby, Esq. Henry—(2 Letters) Marquo Crown, Calcutta.
Page, Esq. Charles George—24 Pagrunahs in Tantea Buggan, near Barbee Amaroor's Sambarra, Calcutta.
Peters, Mr. Wm.—Calcutta.
Ponnamby Mrs.—Castle Town, Isle of Man.
Pilot, Mr.—Quarter Master, Cape of Good Hope.
Parsell, Edward—Mushan, 43rd Native Infantry, Cawnpore, Bengal, East India.
Portner, Mr. Charles—A Scottish writer at Agre.
Powell, Mr. J. C.—Berhampore, Jangoreah Pargory.
Pryon, Private Thomas—No. 124, at H. Myler, 10th Lt. Infy. Regt., stationed and proceeding down to Calcutta, or else where.

Payne, James—Private soldier Her Majesty's 49th Regt. Hazrobaugh, East India or else where.
Perera, Sra Monica—en Calcutta, No. 18, care of Mr. Perira, Calcutta en No. 18, Bengala.
Preyre, Mrs. L. P.—Berhampore, if passed to be returned.
Paterson, Capt. John—(5 Letters) ship Red Rover, Bombay.

(To be Continued.)

Wm. MOORE, Deputy Post Master.
Calcutta, General Post Office, 30th October, 1838.

NOTICE.—In compliance with the following Requisition, a Public Meeting will be held in the Town Hall, on Saturday, the Twenty-fourth day of November, Instant, at 3 o'Clock in the Afternoon, precisely, for the purpose therein specified.

J. YOUNG, Sheriff.

Calcutta, Sheriff's Office, 16th November, 1838.

To JAMES YOUNG, Esquire,
High Sheriff of Calcutta.

Sir,—We the undersigned request that you will convene a Meeting of the Inhabitants of Calcutta, at an early day, in order to take into consideration the propriety of again petitioning both Houses of Parliament, for the repeal of Act No. XI. 1838, commonly called the Black Act.

We are, Sir,

Your obedient Servants,

T. Dickens.	Jas. Hastie.
W. F. Ferguson.	R. Leishman.
T. Holroyd.	William Cobb Hurry.
Colin Campbell.	John Storm.
H. Leighton.	Wm. F. Gilson.
J. P. McKilligan.	A. Pittar, Latley & Co.
A. Gilmore.	Jenkins and Co.
W. Carr.	Whyte, Holmes and Co.
Wm. Patrick.	E. Nosky and Co.
Rammanath Tagore.	R. E. Holat.
Geo. F. Kemfrey.	W. F. Scott.
Radamadub Bonnorjee.	Robert White.
H. Scott Thomson.	W. Dunlop.
Longueville Clarke.	J. Robison.
J. F. Leith.	W. Turner.
K. R. Mackenzie.	George S. Dick.
A. Gouger.	R. Campbell.
W. S. Smith.	Thos. Palmer.
Jm. Ogilvie.	W. W. Robinson.
Alex. Porteous.	Payne and Co.
Dwarkanath Tagore.	M. Collier.
Prosnannan Tagore.	Robert Frith.
J. Moore.	J. M. Edmond.
Henry Holroyd.	G. Vint.
R. Thomas.	David Hare.

Calcutta, November 8, 1838.

CHAUNDNEY CHOKE BAZAR.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the CHAUNDNEY CHOKE BAZAR will be let at the Receiver's Office, in the Court House, on Monday, the 28th instant, at 3 o'Clock, on a lease for three years, commencing from 1st December next.

For particulars apply to the Receiver's Office.

E. MACNAGHTEN.

Receiver's Office, Court House, (12th November, 1838.)

CAC  *lit*

The Calcutta Gazette.

Published by Authority.

It is requested that Government Notifications for the Calcutta Gazette, of any length, may be sent to the Press before Noon of Tuesday, and those of a few lines only before 5 P. M. of that day.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1838.

**FORT WILLIAM,
LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT,
THE 12TH NOVEMBER, 1838.**

The following Act is passed by the Hon'ble the President of the Council of India in Council on the 12th November 1838, with the assent of the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India, which has been read and recorded.

Ordered, that the Act be promulgated for general information.

Act No. XXIX. of 1838.

I. It is hereby enacted, that from the First day of December 1838, Sections I.X., I.X., and I.XI. Regulation X. 1819, of the Bengal Code, shall be repealed.

II. And it is hereby enacted, that when information shall be given to any Salt Agent or Superintendent of Salt Chokies that contraband Salt is stored in any warehouse, dwelling house, or other place situated in the tract of country in Bengal or Orissa within which the transportation of Salt without Revenue is not lawful, and such Salt Agent or Superintendent of Salt Chokies shall deem the information credible, and desire to act thereupon, he shall require the same to be given to him in writing, or shall take the deposition of the informant, as may be most convenient, so that the following particulars shall be placed on record in his office—First, the name, profession and place of residence of the informant. Second, the place, that is, the name of the town or village, and description of the house, warehouse or other place where the Salt may be stated to be in store. Thirdly, the name of the person to whom the house, warehouse, or other place belongs, or on account of, or by whom the Salt is there stored. Fourthly, the quantity and description of the Salt, and the grounds for believing the same to be contraband.

III. And it is hereby enacted, that if the contraband Salt so stated to be in store exceed in quantity one mowd or Indian mow, it shall be liable to seizure in manner following, that is to say, the Salt Agent or Superintendent of Chokies, having before him the written statement or deposition of an informant, given in or taken down as above prescribed, shall, provided the place of such store be not too distant, proceed in person, together with the informant, summoning by written notice the nearest Police Darogha or other Officer in charge of the Police Thana or Station to attend likewise, and witness the proceeding.

IV. And it is hereby enacted, that for the purpose of making seizure of Salt in store as informed against, it shall be competent to any Salt Agent or Superintendent, having a Police Officer in company, to break open the door of the house, warehouse or other place in which the Salt may be stated to be stored. If, upon requisition duly made, the door be not immediately opened by the owner or occupant thereof.

V. And it is hereby enacted, that if the Salt Agent or Superintendent shall not be able to proceed in person to make a seizure of Salt, in manner above provided, he shall send along with the informant one or more confidential Officers of his public establishment, not being under the rank of a Jemadar of Peons, giving to such Officer or Officers his warrant ordering and authorizing the seizure, and sending notice as above prescribed for the Police Darogha or other Police Officer to attend, and the Officer

so deputed shall have power to act in like manner as is provided for the Agent or Superintendent in person; provided that the door of no house, warehouse or other place, shall be broken open to make a seizure of Salt except in the presence of a Salt Agent or Superintendent of Chokies, or of an Officer so specially deputed, and of an Officer of Police.

VI. And it is hereby enacted, that it shall be competent to the Head Officer of any Salt Chokee or Amling for the manufacture of Salt, and for any Assistant to a Salt Agent or Superintendent, to receive information of Salt exceeding one mowd in quantity being in store in a house, warehouse or other place in the manner prescribed in Section II. and to act thereupon as provided in Sections III. and IV. of this Act for the Salt Agent and Superintendent, provided that the place of store described in such information be situated at a distance of more than three kos from the Station of a Salt Agent or Superintendent of Chokies, or from the place where the Salt Agent or Superintendent may be.

VII. And it is hereby enacted, that if the Darogha or person in charge of any Police Thana or Station, receiving notice to attend at a seizure of Salt in store as is above prescribed, shall not attend, or attending shall refuse to act in aid of the seizure, or shall in any way wilfully frustrate the object of the search and seizure, such Darogha or other Officer shall, on representation of the facts by the Officers of the Salt Department, and on conviction of the same before the Magistrate of the District, besides being dismissed from office, be liable to a fine equal to the amount of fine that would have been leviable on the owners of the Salt, if it had been seized according to the information laid.

VIII. And it is hereby enacted, that whenever it shall be necessary to break upon any house, warehouse or other place to effect a seizure of Salt the rules and precautions prescribed in Regulation XX. of 1817 and Section X. Regulation VII. of 1799 of the Bengal Code, for breaking into a house for execution of process of distress, shall always be observed by the Police Officer in attendance; provided however that the responsibility for the act, and the determination whether to require the door to be broken open or not shall rest with the Officers of the Salt Department only.

IX. And it is hereby enacted, that whenever a seizure of Salt in store in any house, warehouse or other place shall be made by a Salt Agent or Superintendent of Chokies, the circumstances which attended the seizure shall be recorded in an official proceeding to be placed on record in the office.

X. And it is hereby enacted, that if the seizure be made by an Officer of the Salt Department, other than an Agent or Superintendent of Chokies, such Officer shall report the circumstances within twenty-four hours to his Official Superior; and the Police Officer in attendance shall likewise report the occurrences at the time of seizure to his Official Superior.

XI. And it is hereby enacted, that no Salt found in store in any house or warehouse shall be deemed to be contraband, or shall be liable to seizure, unless, when the search is made, there shall be found more thereof than one mowd or Indian mow, and the owner or person in charge shall be unable to account satisfactorily for the excess of its being in his possession.

XII. And it is hereby enacted, that whenever Salt

any *Rauwaa* or other protecting document, the person or persons conveying, or having in charge the same shall be apprehended; and all Officers who are empowered to seize Salt under the provisions of Regulation X. 1819 of the Bengal Code, shall likewise be competent to arrest the parties found with or having the Salt in possession.

XIII. And it is hereby enacted, that it shall be lawful for the Salt Agents and Superintendents of Chokies, and other Officers who may be duly empowered to seize Salt, to stop and search any boat or vessels of a build adapted for sea navigation, if it may be found within the limits described in Section XXXIII. of this Act; and if Salt shall be found thereon, not accompanied by the necessary *Rauwaa* or other protecting document, to detain the vessel with the crew thereon, and to take them for adjudication of the case to the nearest accessible station of an Officer empowered to adjudicate cases of contravention of the Salt Law.

XIV. And it is hereby enacted, in modification of Section XXXVI. Regulation X. of 1819 of the Bengal Code, that if any person shall be found in the act of conveying Salt without *Rauwaa*, or other protecting document, exceeding in quantity five seers of 80 tola to the seer, within the tract of country in Bengal or Orissa wherein the transportation of Salt is prohibited, unless accompanied, or if several persons be found carrying Salt unprotected, in gangs or companies, which Salt shall exceed in the whole quantity five seers for each person in such gang or company, every such person shall be subject to the penalties prescribed by Regulation X. of 1819 aforesaid, and by this Act, for the illegal possession and transportation of Salt.

XV. And it is hereby enacted, in modification of Section CXXI. of Regulation X. 1819 aforesaid, that any person or persons, who may be convicted of smuggling Salt without *Rauwaa* singly or in gang, and sentenced to pay a fine to Government on account of Salt so smuggled, or attempted to be smuggled, shall, if the fine be not paid, be liable to imprisonment in the Criminal or Fouljaree jail, for a period not exceeding six months in commutation of such fine.

XVI. And it is hereby enacted, in further modification of Section CXXI. of Regulation X. 1819 aforesaid, that any person, who may be sentenced under Sections XXXI., LXXVIII. and LXX. of the said Regulation, to imprisonment in addition to fine, for the offences described in those Sections respectively, shall in like manner be liable, as above provided for persons convicted of gang smuggling, to undergo such punishment in the Fouljaree jail; and cases of the kind described in the said Sections shall be adjudicated, in like manner as cases in which fine only is adjudged; and the warrant of the Officer, adjudicating any case under this or the preceding Section of this Act, shall be authority for the Magistrate, or other person in charge of the Fouljaree jail, to hold the person described therein in confinement in such jail, as may be specified and required in the said warrant.

XVII. And it is hereby enacted, that when any person shall be convicted of gang smuggling, or of any of the offences described in Sections XXXI., and LXX. of Regulation X. of 1819 aforesaid, after having been previously convicted of a like offence, he shall be sentenced, in addition to the penalty attaching to such offence, to imprisonment in the Fouljaree jail for a period of six months, and a like punishment of six months imprisonment shall be incurred, in addition to the punishment which may be inflicted for a first offence, upon every subsequent conviction after the second.

XVIII. And it is hereby enacted, that it shall be lawful for any Salt Agent to proceed for the recovery of any balance that may be due to Government within the year, upon any contract made for the manufacture of Salt in the limits of his Agency, by the process of distress; and for the demand and levy of the same, in exercise the powers vested by the Regulations and Acts of the Government in zemindars and raddar farmers, being subject to like restrictions, and with the like remedies to any parties aggrieved thereby.

XIX. And it is hereby enacted, that if any person shall by threats or by violence prevent the lawful arrest of any person by an Officer duly authorized to seize Salt, or shall procure his release after arrest, or if the party found with the Salt in possession, or any other persons resist any such Officers, they shall severally and respectively be liable to the punishment prescribed in Section LVI. of Regulation X. 1819 of the Bengal Code.

XX. And it is hereby enacted, that if any Officer making an arrest upon account of Salt smuggling shall neglect to carry the person arrested to the proper Officer of the Salt Department, or shall delay to report the arrest to his superior, or shall release or connive in the escape of the person arrested, every such Officer shall, on conviction of any one of the above offences, besides dismissal from office, be liable to be sentenced for the same to a fine not exceeding 500 Rupees, and to imprisonment not exceeding three months; and the sentence may be adjudged by any Officer competent to adjudicate a forfeiture of salted Salt, and, in case of non-payment of the fine,

to a further imprisonment not exceeding three months, at the discretion of the Officer deciding the case.

XXI. And it is hereby enacted, that whenever any person may be arrested by an Officer of the Salt Department, or by any other Officer of other Departments duly empowered to make a seizure of Salt, the person making the arrest shall be bound to carry the party arrested direct to the Officer of the Salt Department who may be competent to try the case; and no person so arrested shall be released, until the case shall have been brought to judgment in the manner provided by Law.

XXII. And it is hereby enacted, that if any Officer of the Salt Department be convicted before the Magistrate of any District, of having vexatiously and unnecessarily seized the goods of any person on the pretence of seizing or searching for Salt, or of having vexatiously and unnecessarily arrested any person, or of having stopped and detained any boat unnecessarily and without authority, or of having detained any boat longer than is necessary for the purpose of search, every such Officer shall, besides dismissal, be punished with imprisonment not exceeding six months, and with fine not exceeding 200 Rupees, commutable, if not paid, to a further imprisonment not exceeding six months.

XXIII. And it is hereby enacted, in modification of Section CXXII. Regulation X. of 1819 aforesaid, that if any person shall wilfully and maliciously give false information in respect to there being illicit Salt in store in any house or warehouse, and so procure that such house or warehouse shall be searched to the injury or vexation of the owners thereof, or of any other person or persons whatsoever, such false informer shall, on conviction of the offence before any Magistrate, be liable to imprisonment for two years, and to fine not exceeding 500 Rupees, at the discretion of any Magistrate by whom the case may be tried, and in case of the non-payment of the fine to imprisonment for a further period of six months.

XXIV. And it is hereby enacted, that a person parties shall be convicted of the illegal possession or transportation of Salt, and shall be liable to the penalty of five Rupees per maund as prescribed in Section XXXVI. Regulation X. of 1819 of the Bengal Code, the fine shall be at the said rate according to the quantity of Salt seized, whether less or more than one maund, and each one of the singulars in company, or parties to the fraud on the Revenue, shall be liable to the whole fine.

XXV. And it is hereby enacted, that it shall be competent to the Governor or Deputy Governor of Bengal to vest with the power of adjudicating cases of contravention of the Laws for protection of the Revenue derived from Salt, any Assistant to a Salt Agent, or Uncommissioned Superintendent of Salt Chokies, who may seem to him qualified; and such Officers, when invested with such powers, shall exercise them subject to the same rules and restrictions as Commissioned Salt Agents and Superintendents of Chokies; provided that no Officer adjudicating cases of contravention of the Salt Revenue Laws shall receive any part of the rewards that may be decreed or otherwise benefit directly by the adjudication of such cases.

XXVI. And it is hereby enacted, that cases arising out of this Act shall be tried in the same manner as is prescribed in Regulation X. of 1819 of the Bengal Code for other cases of contravention of the Laws for the protection of the Revenue derived from Salt; and the Officer adjudicating the case shall be guided by the provisions of Sections C. to CXXVI. of that Regulation; and the Judge of the City or Zillah shall be bound to proceed in respect to persons sentenced to any fine or other penalty under the provisions of this Act, in the same manner, subject to the modifications and additions hereinafter provided, as is prescribed in respect to persons convicted of the offences and tried before the authorities specified and provided by the said Regulation.

XXVII. And it is hereby enacted, in modification of Clauses XXXII. and XXXIII. of Regulation X. 1819 of the Bengal Code, that it shall be the duty of every party under direct engagements with Government for the Land Revenue, either as a proprietor or farmer, and of every proprietor of *lakhiraj* lands upon whose *zemindaree*, farm or *lakhiraj* estate there shall be any works producing Salt, otherwise than under contract with a Salt Agent or on account of Government, to give notice of the same in writing to the nearest public Officer of Police or Land Revenue or of the Salt Department, within ten days from the date on which the works were first prepared; and in like manner it shall be the duty of every person employed in the collection of the Land Revenue of any *Mahal* on the part of Government, or of the Court of Wards, or of joint proprietors, to give like notice in respect to Salt manufactured on the lands under their management; and every such proprietor, farmer, proprietor of *lakhiraj* estate or manager who shall knowingly omit to give such notice, shall be liable on conviction before the Judge of any Zillah or City to a fine of 500 Rupees, for every *Khatree* or Salt Work established on his lands; and such knowledge shall not be required to be established by direct proof, but may be inferred from circumstances at the discretion of the Judge deciding the case; and any fine that may be adjudged under this Section shall be recoverable by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the offender, or by process of execution taken out by law.

Salt Agent or Superintendent of Chokies in the manner provided for decrees of the Civil Courts.

XXVIII. And it is hereby enacted, in modification of Section LXIV. Regulation X. of 1819 aforesaid, and in addition thereto, that when there may be no direct proof of the unauthorized removal of Salt from any golah or place of Government store, sufficient to convict the parties concerned therein of theft within the provisions of the said Section, the Officer or Officers who may have been entrusted with the charge of such golah, or place of Government store, shall nevertheless be liable for the offence of embezzlement if he has made away with, or shall not produce the true account of such store; and any person against whom the offence of embezzlement shall be established under this Section, shall be liable, on conviction before the Magistrate of the City or District, to be punished by fine and imprisonment under the general powers vested in the Zillah and City Magistrates.

XXIX. And it is hereby enacted, in addition to the Rules contained in Sections CXI., CXII., and CXIII. of Regulation X. 1819 of the Bengal Code, for the adjudication of cases of contravention of the Laws enacted for the protection of the Revenue derived from Salt, that if the attendance of the parties charged with such offences cannot be obtained by reason of their failure to attend in person or by valuer, after being served with a summons, or by reason of their evading process, the Officer adjudicating any such case shall issue notice for the attendance of the parties as prescribed in the manner prescribed in Section CII. of the said Regulation; and if the parties do not attend in person or by valuer within the time fixed by such notice the Officer adjudicating the case shall pass judgment thereon, under the said last mentioned Section, in like manner as if the parties concerned were present; and the Officer so adjudicating any case *ex parte*, may, at any time after such judgment, issue his warrant for the apprehension of the persons convicted for execution of the sentence, in the manner provided in Regulation X. of 1819 of the Bengal Code; and in this Act, for cases in which the parties were present; and further may at any time sue out process for levying the amount of decrees, from any Civil Court competent to execute its own decrees in the manner and form prescribed for the execution of the decrees of such Civil Court under Section XXX. of this Act.

XXX. And it is hereby enacted, that when the Officer holding proceedings in any case *ex parte*, as above provided, shall refer the case to the Judge of any City or Zillah, in consequence of the amount of fine being such as the said Officer is not competent finally to adjudicate, the Judge of the City or Zillah, to whom such case may be referred, shall issue such orders and institute such proceedings as are authorized by Sections CXI. to CXIII. of Regulation X. of 1819 of the Bengal Code, in like manner as if the offenders were sent away with the case or were present to be heard in their defence; and whenever any fine may be adjudged by the Zillah or City Judge, the same may be levied on the application of the Salt Agent or Superintendent of Salt Chokies under the rules in force for the execution of the decrees of Civil Courts.

XXXI. And it is hereby enacted, in modification of the Rules contained in Sections CIX. and CXII. of Regulation X. of 1819 of the Bengal Code, whereby the power of final adjudication by Salt Agents or Superintendents of Chokies, in cases of the contravention of the laws enacted for the protection of the Salt Revenue, is restricted to cases in which the quantity of Salt proposed to be confiscated shall not exceed twenty maunds, or the fine adjudicated shall not exceed 50 Rupees, that the judgment of any Salt Agent or Superintendent of Chokies, or of any other Officer vested by Government with like jurisdiction in such cases, shall be final in all cases wherein the Salt adjudged to be confiscated shall not exceed eighty maunds, and the fine imposed upon the defendant, or any one of several defendants, shall not exceed 400 Rupees. Provided however that every such judgment may under Section CXVII. of the said Regulation be brought by petition before the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium, and be reversed or amended by that authority.

XXXII. And it is hereby enacted, in modification of Section CXIV. Regulation X. 1819 of the Bengal Code, that the Zillah and City Judges shall pass final judgment in all cases referred to them for adjudication, when the quantity of Salt to be confiscated shall exceed eighty maunds, or the fine imposed shall exceed 400 Rupees; provided however that there shall in all such cases be an appeal open to the Sudder Dewany Adawlut, under the Rules for the admission of special appeals in that Court, upon any point of law which may be ruled by a Zillah or City Judge in any such judgment.

XXXIII. And it is hereby enacted, that the permission of this Act shall take effect only within the tract of Country guarded by Salt Chokies in the manner prescribed in Section XXXVI. of Regulation X. 1819 of the Bengal Code, and within which the transportation of Salt, not belonging to Government, without a *Riswana*, or Special Pass from the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium, is not

lawful; and it is hereby declared that such tract shall not extend, within the Delta of the Ganges and Megna Rivers, beyond the line of the reach of the tides in the Rivers communicating with the Bay of Bengal as follows: at spring tides in the dry season, not eastward of the Memo, north of the River Goomtee; nor westward of the River Hooghly, beyond a line drawn from a point on that River, one mile from the northern end of the town of Nysabad, and to the north thereof, to a like point distant one mile to the north of the town of Ghatank, and thence to a like point distant one mile to the north of the town of Madnapore, and thence to a like point distant one mile to the north of Huddipokur in Singhbhum, so as to include each of these towns respectively.

T. H. MADDOCK,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FORT WILLIAM, LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT,

Tue 19th November, 1838.

The following Act is passed by the Hon'ble the President of the Council of India in Council on the 19th November 1838, with the assent of the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India, which has been read and recorded.

Ordered, that the Act be promulgated for general information.

Act No. XXX. of 1838.

I. It is hereby enacted, that Sections II. and XIV. Regulation XXXVI. 1793, the Provisions of which were extended by Regulation XXVIII. of 1793, Regulation XVII. of 1803, Section XVII. Regulation VIII. of 1805, and Section XXXII. Regulation XII. of 1806, Section IV., and Clauses 2 and 3, Section VI. Regulation XX. 1812, and Section II. Regulation IV. of 1824, of the Bengal Code, be modified.

II. And it is hereby enacted, that in addition to the Offices to which those Sections relate, Offices for the Registry of Deeds may be established at any Civil Stations, and may be placed by the Orders of Government under the Superintendence of any Officers resident at such Stations whom Government may nominate for that purpose.

III. And it is hereby enacted, that the registration of Deeds at any Office of Registry authorized by this Act shall be subject to the payment of the same fees as are prescribed in Section XIV. Regulation XXXVI. 1793, for Deeds registered at an Office established at the Station of a Zillah or City Court.

IV. And it is hereby enacted, that Section XV. Regulation XXXVI. 1793, and Clauses 2 and 3, Section VI. Regulation XX. 1812 of the Bengal Code, shall not be held applicable to offices and persons established and appointed for the registry of Deeds under this Act.

V. And it is hereby enacted, that persons desirous of registering Deeds written in any European language at any Office of Registry in the Territories subject to the Presidency of Bengal, shall be required to pay for transcribing the same according to the established rates of Section Writing, in addition to the fees prescribed by Section XIV. Regulation XXXVI. 1793.

VI. And it is hereby enacted, that in case of the death or absence on leave of any person appointed by Government to register Deeds under this Act, it shall be lawful for the Zillah Judge or other Officer specially authorized by Government, to appoint any person whom he may think proper to take temporary charge of the Office and to register Deeds in the same manner as if such person had been appointed to the Office by the Orders of Government.

T. H. MADDOCK,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FORT WILLIAM, LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT,

Tue 19th November, 1838.

The following draft of proposed Articles of War for the Government of the Native Officers and Soldiers in the Military Service of the Honorable the East India Company and for the Administration of Justice by Courts Martial read in Council for the first time on

the 19th November 1838, and ordered to be published for general information.

SECTION I.

Of Enlisting and Discharges.

Articles of War Art. 1. Every Recruit, prior to being enrolled in his Regiment, shall have the Articles of War relating to Mutiny and Desertion read and explained to him, after which the following Declaration shall be made to him by the Officer Commanding, in front of the Regiment in presence of the Native Officers and Soldiers.

Declaration.

Declaration. "In time of Peace, after having served five years, on making application for your discharge through the Commanding Officer of your Company, it will be granted you within three months from the date of your application; provided it will not cause the vacancies in your Company to exceed Ten, in which case you shall remain until that objection be removed; but in time of War you have no claim to a discharge, but shall remain and do your duty until the necessity of retaining you in the Service shall cease."

The following Oath shall then be required from him, according to the forms of his religion, in front of the colours.

Oath.

Oath. "I, A. B., inhabitant of Village, Pargana, Subah, son of, do swear, that I will never forsake or abandon my colours; [the word guns to be substituted for colours in swearing in Artillery Recruits]—that I will march wherever I am directed, whether within or beyond the Company's Territories; that I will implicitly obey all the orders of my Superior Officers, and in every thing behave myself as become a good Soldier, and faithful Servant of the State."

Recruits for general service. Art. 2. And when any Recruit is enlisted for a Regiment raised for General Service, the following words shall be added to the Declaration made to him previously to enrolment.

"And you engage to embark on board ship, whenever the Service shall require your proceeding by sea;" and the following words shall be added to the form of Oath for all Recruits for those Regiments: "And I do further swear, that I will readily embark on board ship, whenever the Service shall require me to proceed by sea."

Commissioned Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers, and Soldiers by what authority to be dismissed and the Service. Art. 3. No Commissioned Officer shall be dismissed excepting by the sentence of a General Court Martial. No non-Commissioned Officer shall be discharged except by the sentence of a Court Martial. Soldiers may be discharged the Service by order of the Officer Commanding in Chief at the Presidency to which they may belong or by sentence of a Court Martial. Every such dismissal or discharge shall include forfeiture of all claim to pension; Provided that no sentence of discharge awarded by a Court Martial inferior to General shall be carried into effect without the concurrence of the General, or other Officer, Commanding the Division, District, or Field Force with which the Prisoner may be serving: Provided also, that the Governor General in Council in his executive capacity, and the Governor in Council of any Presidency to which a Commissioned or non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier may belong, shall have power to order his dismissal or discharge.

Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers to be furnished with a discharge Certificate. Art. 4. All non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers discharged the Service, shall be furnished by the Commanding Officer of the Regiment with a discharge Certificate, made out in the Vernacular Language of the individual discharged, with an English Translation, expressing the authority for, or cause of, such discharge, and the period of their service in the Regiment, to which they may at the time belong.

Penalty of Enlisting in other Regiments, &c., without a discharge from former Regiment. Art. 5. No non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier shall enlist himself in any other Regiment without a regular discharge from his former Corps, under the penalty of being reputed a Deserter and suffering accordingly.

SECTION II.

Crimes and Punishments.

Crimes Punishable with death, transportation, or imprisonment.

Penalty of Mutiny.

Art. 6. Any Officer, non-Commissioned Officer, or Soldier, who shall begin, excite, cause or join in, any Mutiny or Sedition in the Regiment or Corps to which he belongs; or in any other Corps or Regiment in the Service, or serving as allies, on any pretence whatsoever, or who, being present at any Mutiny or Sedition shall not use his utmost endeavours to suppress it, or who coming to the knowledge of any Mutiny, intended Mutiny, or concerted combination against the State, who shall not without delay give information thereof to his Commanding Officer;—or

Penalty of striking or drawing any weapon against a Superior Officer, &c.

Art. 7. Who shall strike his Superior Officer, or shall draw, or offer to draw, or lift up any weapon, or use or offer any violence against him, on any pretence whatever; or shall disobey any lawful command of his Superior Officer;—or

Penalty of Desertion.

Art. 8. Who shall be guilty of Desertion;—or

Penalty if a Sentry be found sleeping on his Post, or of quitting it before he is relieved in time of War or alarm.

Art. 9. Who, in time of War or alarm, shall be found sleeping upon his Post, or shall leave it before regularly relieved;—or

Penalty of doing violence to any person who brings Provisions to the Camp or Quarters, in time of War or alarm.

Art. 10. Who, in time of War or alarm, shall do violence to any person bringing provisions or other necessities to the Cantonment or Camp of the Troops employed; or shall force a safeguard;—or

Penalty of making known the watch word.

Art. 11. Who shall treacherously make known the watch word to any person not entitled to receive it, according to the Rules and Discipline of War;—or

Penalty of making false alarms in Camp or Quarters.

Art. 12. Who, in time of War, shall by discharging of Fire Arms, drawing of swords, beating drums, making signals, using words, or by any means whatsoever, intentionally occasion false alarms in Action, Camp, Garrison, or Quarters;—or

Penalty of holding correspondence with or giving intelligence to the Enemy.

Art. 13. Who shall be convicted of holding correspondence with or giving intelligence to the Enemy, or any person in rebellion, either directly or indirectly, or coming to the knowledge of such correspondence shall not discover it immediately to his Commanding Officer;—or

Penalty of relieving or harbouring an Enemy.

Art. 14. Who shall directly or indirectly assist or relieve the Enemy, or persons in rebellion, with money, victuals, or ammunition, or shall knowingly harbour or protect an Enemy or Rebel;—or

Penalty of going in search of Plunder.

Art. 15. Who shall leave his Commanding Officer, or his Post, or Company in time of Action, or go in march of Plunder;—or

Penalty of casting away Arms or Ammunition.

Art. 16. Who shall, in presence of an Enemy, cast away his Arms or Ammunition;—or

Penalty of misbehaving before the Enemy.

Art. 17. Who shall misbehave himself before the Enemy, or use means to induce others so to misbehave;—or

Penalty of shamefully abandoning, &c., to the Enemy any Garrison, Fortress, &c.

Art. 18. Who shall shamefully abandon, or deliver up to the Enemy, any Garrison, Fortress, Post or Guard, entrusted to his charge, or which it was his duty to defend, or who shall use means to induce any other Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer, or Soldier so to abandon, or deliver up any such Garrison, Fortress, Post or Guard;—or

Art. 19. Who shall be convicted of holding correspondence with or giving intelligence to the Enemy, or any person in rebellion, either directly or indirectly, or coming to the knowledge of such correspondence shall not discover it immediately to his Commanding Officer;—or

Art. 20. Who shall directly or indirectly assist or relieve the Enemy, or persons in rebellion, with money, victuals, or ammunition, or shall knowingly harbour or protect an Enemy or Rebel;—or

Art. 21. Who shall leave his Commanding Officer, or his Post, or Company in time of Action, or go in march of Plunder;—or

Art. 22. Who shall, in presence of an Enemy, cast away his Arms or Ammunition;—or

Art. 23. Who shall misbehave himself before the Enemy, or use means to induce others so to misbehave;—or

Art. 24. Who shall shamefully abandon, or deliver up to the Enemy, any Garrison, Fortress, Post or Guard, entrusted to his charge, or which it was his duty to defend, or who shall use means to induce any other Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer, or Soldier so to abandon, or deliver up any such Garrison, Fortress, Post or Guard;—or

Art. 25. Who shall be convicted of holding correspondence with or giving intelligence to the Enemy, or any person in rebellion, either directly or indirectly, or coming to the knowledge of such correspondence shall not discover it immediately to his Commanding Officer;—or

Art. 26. Who shall directly or indirectly assist or relieve the Enemy, or persons in rebellion, with money, victuals, or ammunition, or shall knowingly harbour or protect an Enemy or Rebel;—or

Art. 27. Who shall leave his Commanding Officer, or his Post, or Company in time of Action, or go in march of Plunder;—or

Art. 28. Who shall, in presence of an Enemy, cast away his Arms or Ammunition;—or

Art. 29. Who shall misbehave himself before the Enemy, or use means to induce others so to misbehave;—or

Art. 30. Who shall shamefully abandon, or deliver up to the Enemy, any Garrison, Fortress, Post or Guard, entrusted to his charge, or which it was his duty to defend, or who shall use means to induce any other Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer, or Soldier so to abandon, or deliver up any such Garrison, Fortress, Post or Guard;—or

Art. 31. Who shall be convicted of holding correspondence with or giving intelligence to the Enemy, or any person in rebellion, either directly or indirectly, or coming to the knowledge of such correspondence shall not discover it immediately to his Commanding Officer;—or

Art. 32. Who shall directly or indirectly assist or relieve the Enemy, or persons in rebellion, with money, victuals, or ammunition, or shall knowingly harbour or protect an Enemy or Rebel;—or

Art. 33. Who shall leave his Commanding Officer, or his Post, or Company in time of Action, or go in march of Plunder;—or

Art. 34. Who shall, in presence of an Enemy, cast away his Arms or Ammunition;—or

Art. 35. Who shall misbehave himself before the Enemy, or use means to induce others so to misbehave;—or

Art. 36. Who shall shamefully abandon, or deliver up to the Enemy, any Garrison, Fortress, Post or Guard, entrusted to his charge, or which it was his duty to defend, or who shall use means to induce any other Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer, or Soldier so to abandon, or deliver up any such Garrison, Fortress, Post or Guard;—or

Art. 37. Who shall be convicted of holding correspondence with or giving intelligence to the Enemy, or any person in rebellion, either directly or indirectly, or coming to the knowledge of such correspondence shall not discover it immediately to his Commanding Officer;—or

Art. 38. Who shall directly or indirectly assist or relieve the Enemy, or persons in rebellion, with money, victuals, or ammunition, or shall knowingly harbour or protect an Enemy or Rebel;—or

Art. 39. Who shall leave his Commanding Officer, or his Post, or Company in time of Action, or go in march of Plunder;—or

*Penalty of treach-
erously suffering an
Enemy to escape.*

Shall suffer death, or transportation for life or any term of years;—or imprisonment with or without hard labour for life, or for any term of years, as a General Court Martial shall award, together with solitary confinement for any portion or portions of the term of imprisonment not exceeding one month at a time, or three months in the space of one year.

Crimes not punishable with Death or Transportation.

*Penalty of selling
Stores, &c. the prop-
erty of Government.*

Art. 19. Who shall treacherously release, willfully aid, or connive at the escape of any Enemy or Rebel placed as a Prisoner under his charge, Shall suffer death, or transportation for life or any term of years;—or imprisonment with or without hard labour for life, or for any term of years, as a General Court Martial shall award, together with solitary confinement for any portion or portions of the term of imprisonment not exceeding one month at a time, or three months in the space of one year.

*Penalty of per-
suading any one to
desert.*

Art. 20. Any Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer, or Soldier who shall entice or fraudulently misapply any money entrusted to him on the public account, or for any Military purpose, or any Provisions, Forage, Arms, Clothing, Ammunition, or Military Stores, of whatever kind or description, the property of Government, entrusted to his charge, or who shall be concerned in, or connive at, any such embezzlement, or fraudulent misapplication, shall, on conviction thereof, before a General Court Martial, be dismissed the Service and fined to the extent of the loss or damage, and be further liable to suffer imprisonment with or without hard labour for a term which may extend to three years together with solitary confinement for any portion or portions of such term not exceeding one month at a time, or three months in the space of one year.

*Penalty of not
joining from leave
without delay when
Corps is ordered on
Service.*

Art. 21. Any Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer, or Soldier, who shall be convicted of having advised, or persuaded any other Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier to desert, or having connived at such desertion;—or

*Penalty of taking
a bribe for procuring
leave, &c.*

Art. 22. Who, being on leave of absence, shall have received information from the Head Quarters of his Regiment, or from other competent authority, that his Regiment has been ordered on Service, and shall not rejoin without delay;—or

*Penalty of occa-
sioning false alarms
in time of peace.*

Art. 23. Who directly or indirectly shall require or accept a bribe, present or gratification, on the pretence of procuring leave of absence, promotion, or any other advantage or indulgence for any Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer, or Soldier;—or

*Penalty of bring-
ing false alarms
in time of peace.*

Art. 24. Who, in time of peace, shall, by discharging fire arms, drawing swords, beating drums, or by any other means whatever, occasion false alarms in Camp, Garrison, or Quarters;—or

*Penalty of remain-
ing at night out of
Camp or Quarters.*

Art. 25. Who shall be found two miles from the Camp without leave;—or

*Penalty of not re-
pairing at the time
fixed in the parade,
&c.*

Art. 26. Who shall be absent from his cantonment after tattoo, or from Camp after retreat beating, without leave from his superior Officer;—or

*Penalty of quit-
ting Company or
Troop without leave.*

Art. 27. Who shall fail to repair at the time fixed to the parade or place appointed, if not prevented by sickness or some other sufficient cause;—or

*Penalty of quit-
ting Guard or Post with-
out being relieved,
&c.*

Art. 28. Who shall, without urgent necessity, or without leave of his superior Officer, quit his Company or Troop;—or

*Penalty of releas-
ing a prisoner with-
out orders, or suffer-
ing him to escape.*

Art. 29. Who shall quit his Guard or Post without being regularly dismissed or relieved;—or

Art. 30. Who, being in command of a Guard, shall refuse to receive any prisoner duly committed to his charge, or shall without proper authority release any prisoner, or shall suffer, through carelessness or neglect, any prisoner to escape;—or

*Penalty of not see-
ing reparation done
to persons ill treat-
ed, &c.*

Art. 31. Who, being in Command at any Post, or on the march, on complaint made to him of any person under his command beating or otherwise ill treating any person, or extorting from him more than he is obliged to furnish by authority, or disturbing fairs, or markets, or committing any kind of riot, shall not see reparation done to the party or parties injured, or if that be impracticable shall not report the same to his superior Officer, shall be punished by the sentence of a General or other Court Martial, in manner hereinafter mentioned.

*Penalty of enter-
taining and not con-
fining deserters.*

Art. 32. Any Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier who shall knowingly enlist a deserter, or shall not after his being discovered, immediately cause him to be confined, and give notice thereof to the nearest Commissioned Officer;—or

*Penalty of drunk-
ness on duty.*

Art. 33. Who shall be found drunk on duty;—or

*Penalty of strik-
ing or doing violence
to a Sentry.*

Art. 34. Who shall strike, or do violence to a Sentry;—or

*Penalty of false
Returns or Reports.*

Art. 35. Who shall knowingly make a false Return or Report to any of his superior Officer authorized to call for such Return or Report of the state of the men under his command, or of arms, ammunition, clothing, or other stores thereunto belong- ing, or of which he may otherwise have charge;—or

*Penalty of false
Certificates, &c. to
obtain Pension, &c.*

Art. 36. Who shall be con- victed of obtaining, or attempt- ing to obtain for himself, any Officer or Soldier, or for any other person whatsoever, any Pension or Allowance, by any false Statement, Certificate, or Document, or by the omission of the true Statement;—or

*Penalty of dis-
graceful conduct of
Commissioned Offi-
cers.*

Art. 37. Who, being an Officer, shall behave in a man- ner unbecoming the character of an Officer, the fact or facts whereon the charge is ground- ed being clearly specified, shall, if an Officer, on conviction thereof before a General Court Martial, be dismissed the service;—and if a Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier shall, on conviction thereof, be punished according to the sentence of a General or other Court Martial, in man- ner hereinafter mentioned.

*Penalty of breach
of arrest.*

Art. 38. Whatsoever Officer under arrest, shall leave his confinement before he is set at liberty by competent authority, shall, according to the sentence of a General Court Martial, be dismissed the service, or be punished in manner hereinafter men- tioned.

*Penalty of stealing
from a comrade, &c.*

Art. 39. Whatsoever Non-Commissioned Officer or Sol- dier shall be convicted of steal- ing money or goods, the property of a comrade, or of a Military Officer, or of committing any petty offence of a fraudulent nature, to the injury of, or with intent to injure, any person, Civil or Military, shall be punish- able according to the sentence of any Court Martial in manner hereinafter mentioned, and the property so fraudulently obtained shall be restored to the owner.

*Penalty of com-
mitting any waste or
spoil in Towns, Vil-
lages, Gardens, &c.*

Art. 40. Any Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer or Sol- dier, who shall, without orders, commit waste or plunder, either in towns or villages, gardens or fields, or shall injure or de- stroy the property, or shall do violence on the person of any of the inhabitants;—or

*Penalty of extort-
ing money, &c. as
for, duties, or un-
lawful pretence what-
soever.*

Art. 41. Any Commission- ed Officer Commanding at any post, or on the march, who shall, on any pretence whatever, ille- gally, and against the will of the parties, extort money or other property, or services;—or

*Penalty of a N. C.
O. or Soldier extort-
ing money, &c. as
for, duties, or un-
lawful pretence what-
soever.*

Art. 42. Any Non-Com- missioned Officer or Soldier at any post, or on the march, who shall extort money or prop- erty of any description, as for, duties, or on any pre- tence whatever, or shall, without authority, exact from villages or towns, tolls, portage, or provisions,

Penalty of selling or wasting ammunition delivered out.

Penalty of spoiling, &c. horse, arms, &c.

contempts, or Regimental necessaries, shall make compensation for the injury, loss, or damage sustained; and such loss, injury or damage shall in the case of any Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier be made good by monthly stoppages not exceeding half his pay and allowances, and shall be punishable according to the sentence of a General or other Court Martial in manner hereinafter mentioned.

Penalty of being absent without leave and of overstaying the period of leave.

shall forfeit his pay and allowances for the time he may have been so irregularly absent, and be further liable to be punished by the sentence of a General or other Court Martial in manner hereinafter mentioned.

Penalty of mutinying, &c.

shall be convicted of fringing, or producing disease or infirmity shall, if a Commissioned Officer, be dismissed the service, and if a Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier, shall forfeit all claim to pension on discharge in addition to such other punishment as may by any Court Martial be awarded.

Art. 47. All crimes not capital, and all disorders or neglects which Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers or Soldiers may be guilty of to the prejudice of good order and military discipline, though not specified in these Rules and Articles, are to be taken cognizance of by Courts Martial, and to be punished with any such punishments as Courts Martial are by these Articles enabled to inflict according to the nature and degree of the offence.

Crimes incident to Court Martials.

Penalty of not attending when summoned as a witness before a Court Martial or of refusing to be sworn.

as hereinafter is mentioned, shall be subjected to a fine not exceeding a thousand rupees, and such punishments as any Court Martial is enabled to inflict as hereinafter mentioned.

Penalty of Perjury.

by wilfully and knowingly giving false evidence on Oath or solemn affirmation or declaration, in any trial before any other General or other Court Martial, or any Military Court, entitled to administer an oath, shall be dismissed the service, and be further subject by the Sentence of a General Court Martial to fine to the amount of his arrears of pay and allowances, or imprisonment which may extend to three years; and every Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier so convicted shall be dismissed the service, and be liable to suffer such other punishment or punishments as any Court Martial may award under these Articles.

How punished for not attending, or for perjury.

mentioned, and summoned, refusing or neglecting to attend, or who attending shall give such evidence as, if given in a Civil Court, would render him guilty of perjury, shall be liable to trial in a Civil Court, and on conviction, shall suffer such penalties as may be inflicted upon a person offending in the manner in any Civil Court.

Penalty of using menacing words, gestures, &c. before a Court Martial.

as to disturb their proceedings, shall be punished according to the nature and degree of the offence.

Art. 43. Who shall sell, lose, or designedly, or through neglect, waste the ammunition delivered out to him;—or

Art. 44. Who shall sell or designedly, or through neglect, lose or injure his horse, or spoil his arms, clothes, accoutrements, or Regimental necessaries, shall make compensation for the injury, loss, or damage sustained; and such loss, injury or damage shall in the case of any Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier be made good by monthly stoppages not exceeding half his pay and allowances, and shall be punishable according to the sentence of a General or other Court Martial in manner hereinafter mentioned.

Art. 45. Any Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier who shall absent himself without leave, or shall without sufficient cause overstay the period for which leave may have been granted him, shall forfeit his pay and allowances for the time he may have been so irregularly absent, and be further liable to be punished by the sentence of a General or other Court Martial in manner hereinafter mentioned.

Art. 46. Whatsoever Commissioned Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier, shall be convicted of fringing, or producing disease or infirmity shall, if a Commissioned Officer, be dismissed the service, and if a Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier, shall forfeit all claim to pension on discharge in addition to such other punishment as may by any Court Martial be awarded.

Art. 47. All crimes not capital, and all disorders or neglects which Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers or Soldiers may be guilty of to the prejudice of good order and military discipline, though not specified in these Rules and Articles, are to be taken cognizance of by Courts Martial, and to be punished with any such punishments as Courts Martial are by these Articles enabled to inflict according to the nature and degree of the offence.

Art. 48. Any person amenable to these Articles of War, who, when duly summoned before a Court Martial, shall not attend; or shall refuse to be sworn, or to give evidence upon solemn affirmation or declaration as hereinafter is mentioned, shall be subjected to a fine not exceeding a thousand rupees, and such punishments as any Court Martial is enabled to inflict as hereinafter mentioned.

Crimes incident to Court Martials.

Art. 49. Any person amenable to these Articles of War, who, when duly summoned before a Court Martial, shall not attend; or shall refuse to be sworn, or to give evidence upon solemn affirmation or declaration as hereinafter is mentioned, shall be subjected to a fine not exceeding a thousand rupees, and such punishments as any Court Martial is enabled to inflict as hereinafter mentioned.

Art. 50. Whatsoever Officer shall be found guilty by a General Court Martial of perjury, by wilfully and knowingly giving false evidence on Oath or solemn affirmation or declaration, in any trial before any other General or other Court Martial, or any Military Court, entitled to administer an oath, shall be dismissed the service, and be further subject by the Sentence of a General Court Martial to fine to the amount of his arrears of pay and allowances, or imprisonment which may extend to three years; and every Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier so convicted shall be dismissed the service, and be liable to suffer such other punishment or punishments as any Court Martial may award under these Articles.

Art. 51. Any person not amenable to these Articles of War, having been upon any Court Martial as hereinafter mentioned, refusing or neglecting to attend, or who attending shall give such evidence as, if given in a Civil Court, would render him guilty of perjury, shall be liable to trial in a Civil Court, and on conviction, shall suffer such penalties as may be inflicted upon a person offending in the manner in any Civil Court.

Art. 52. Any person using menacing words, signs, or gestures, in the presence of a Court Martial, then sitting, or causing any disorder or riot as to disturb their proceedings, shall be punished according to the nature and degree of the offence.

Art. 53. Any person using menacing words, signs, or gestures, in the presence of a Court Martial, then sitting, or causing any disorder or riot as to disturb their proceedings, shall be punished according to the nature and degree of the offence.

Art. 54. Any person using menacing words, signs, or gestures, in the presence of a Court Martial, then sitting, or causing any disorder or riot as to disturb their proceedings, shall be punished according to the nature and degree of the offence.

the judgment of the same Court Martial, with imprisonment for any term not exceeding six months.

SECTION III.

Administration of Justice.

Courts Martial by whom convened. Sentences confirmed or mitigated.

may belong, is empowered to convene Courts Martial, for the trial and punishment of all offences specified in these Articles, and to confirm the sentences passed by such Courts, and to mitigate or remit the punishments awarded according to his discretion.

General Courts Martial how constituted. Not ordinarily to consist of less than thirteen Commissioned Officers. When may consist of five.

Officer, be conveniently assembled.

No sentence to be put in execution until confirmed.

the whole proceedings to the Commander-in-Chief of the Forces for the time being at the Presidency to which the Prisoner may belong, and until he shall have confirmed the same and have signified his directions thereon.

Courts Martial not being General by whom appointed.

Martial not being General Courts Martial, according to the nature of his Command, for the trial and punishment of all offences specified in these Articles, where General Courts Martial have not exclusive jurisdiction.

Sentence to be confirmed by the Commanding Officer previous to execution.

No Officer Commanding less than four Companies to confirm the sentence of a Court Martial.

shall have been confirmed by the Officer Commanding the Regiment to which the offender belongs, except when an immediate example is necessary.

Courts Martial not General how constituted not to consist of less than five Officers ordinarily.

Three when sufficient.

Senior Officer to preside at General Courts Martial.

At all inferior Courts Martial an European Officer to superintend.

Interpreter to be appointed.

Hours of sitting.

between the hours of six in the morning and four in the afternoon, and not otherwise, except in cases when any urgent business requires it.

Art. 52. The Commander-in-Chief or Commanding Officer of the Forces for the time being, at the Presidency to which the Prisoner to be tried may belong, is empowered to convene Courts Martial, for the trial and punishment of all offences specified in these Articles, and to confirm the sentences passed by such Courts, and to mitigate or remit the punishments awarded according to his discretion.

Art. 53. A General Court Martial shall not consist of less than thirteen Commissioned Officers, unless it be held out of the Hon'ble Company's Territories, where a General Court Martial may consist of five Commissioned Officers, if a greater number cannot, in the judgment of the convening Officer, be conveniently assembled.

Art. 54. No sentence of a General Court Martial shall be put in execution until after a report shall have been made of the whole proceedings to the Commander-in-Chief of the Forces for the time being at the Presidency to which the Prisoner may belong, and until he shall have confirmed the same and have signified his directions thereon.

Art. 55. The Commanding Officer of every Station, Cantonment, Garrison, Detachment or Regiment may assemble Courts Martial not being General Courts Martial, according to the nature of his Command, for the trial and punishment of all offences specified in these Articles, where General Courts Martial have not exclusive jurisdiction. No sentence awarded by such Courts Martial shall be carried into effect until the Commanding Officer shall have confirmed it.

Art. 56. No Officer on detached Command of less than four Companies or Detachments numerically equal to four Companies, shall carry into execution any punishment awarded by a Court Martial held by his order, until the sentence shall have been confirmed by the Officer Commanding the Regiment to which the offender belongs, except when an immediate example is necessary.

Art. 57. Courts Martial not being General, shall not consist of less than five Commissioned Officers, excepting where that number cannot conveniently be assembled, when three shall be sufficient, of whom the Senior Officer shall be President.

Art. 58. At all General Courts Martial the Senior Officer shall sit as President without being so appointed by Warrant.

Art. 59. At all Courts Martial inferior to General an European Officer, of not less than five years' standing in the Service, except in cases where no Officer of that standing may be available, shall be appointed to conduct the proceedings.

Art. 60. An Interpreter, if practicable, shall be appointed to all Courts Martial.

Art. 61. Trials by Courts Martial may be carried on between the hours of six in the morning and four in the afternoon, and not otherwise, except in cases when any urgent business requires it.

Form of Proceeding.

Art. 62. On the assembly of the Court the Judge Advocate or Superintending European Officer shall administer to the Interpreter the following Oath:

Oath.

Oath to be taken by the Interpreter. "I, A. B., swear that I will faithfully interpret and transcribe the proceedings of the Court, and that I will not divulge the sentence until it shall have been approved or published; and further, that I will not disclose or discover the vote or opinion of any particular Member of the Court, unless required to give evidence thereof by a Court of Justice or Court Martial in due course of Law."

"So help me God."

In case of the unavoidable absence of an Interpreter the European Superintending Officer of a Court Martial inferior to General shall take the oath prescribed for the Interpreter. The Judge Advocate or Superintending Officer shall then cause the following Declaration to be made by each Member on oath according to the forms of his religion:

Oath by Members of the Court. "I, A. B., do swear that I will duly administer justice according to the Articles of War without partiality, favour or affection, and, if any doubt shall arise, then according to my conscience, the best of my understanding, and the custom of War in the like cases, and that I will not divulge the sentence of the Court until it shall be approved of, or published; and further, that I will not disclose or discover the vote or opinion of any particular Member of the Court, unless required to give evidence thereof by a Court of Justice or a Court Martial in due course of Law."

"I, A. B., do swear that I will duly administer justice according to the Articles of War without partiality, favour or affection, and, if any doubt shall arise, then according to my conscience, the best of my understanding, and the custom of War in the like cases, and that I will not divulge the sentence of the Court until it shall be approved of, or published; and further, that I will not disclose or discover the vote or opinion of any particular Member of the Court, unless required to give evidence thereof by a Court of Justice or a Court Martial in due course of Law."

The following Oath shall then be administered by the Interpreter to the Judge Advocate or Superintending Officer.

Oath to be taken by Judge Advocate and Superintending Officer. "I, A. B., do swear that I will not disclose or discover the vote or opinion of any particular Member of the Court Martial unless required to give Evidence thereof by a Court of Justice, or a Court Martial, in due course of Law."

"So help me God."

Provided that it shall not be necessary to re-administer these Oaths on the commencement of fresh trials before the same Court.

Summoning and examination of Witnesses.

Persons not amenable to Military authority how summoned. Art. 63. In all cases where persons required as Witnesses before a Court Martial may not be amenable to these Articles, the Judge Advocate or Commanding Officer shall transmit to the Magistrate within whose jurisdiction the Witness may reside, his Summons for the attendance of such person, and the Magistrate shall cause the Witness to be duly Summoned.

Witnesses to be examined on Oath or solemn Declaration. Art. 64. All persons who give Evidence at a Court Martial are to be examined on Oath, according to the forms of their respective religions, or if they shall object, on the ground of any religious scruple to take an Oath, they may, at the discretion of the Court, be permitted to make their solemn affirmation or declaration in such manner as is hereinafter mentioned.

Hindoes exempted from taking an Oath and subscribe a Declaration. Art. 65. In the case of a Witness, of the Hindoo persuasion being exempted from taking an Oath, the following Declaration shall be subscribed by him previously to his deposition.

"I will faithfully answer according to the truth, such questions as may be put to me by the Court in the cause now before the Court; I will not declare any thing not warranted by the truth; if I declare any thing not warranted by the truth, I shall be deserving of punishment from Heaven."

Muslimans exempted from taking an Oath and subscribe a Declaration. And in the case of a Musliman Witness an exempted, the following Declaration shall be subscribed by him previously to his deposition.

"I sincerely promise and solemnly declare in the presence of Almighty God, that I will faithfully and without partiality answer according to the truth, any questions that may be put to me by the Court, respecting the cause now before the Court." After the Witness, whether Hindoo or Musliman, has given his deposition, he is to subscribe the following Declaration:

Declaration. "I solemnly declare in the presence of Almighty God, that I have faithfully, and without partiality, answered, according to the truth, the questions put to me by the Court, respecting the cause now before the Court."

Manner of Voting.

Members in voting to begin with the youngest, &c. Art. 66. All the Members of a Court Martial are to preserve order, and in giving their votes are to begin with the youngest, and in all cases where a sentence of death may not be awarded, the decision shall be by the majority of Members present, provided the number of Members present be not less than that required by the preceding Articles, but in case of an equality of votes, the decision shall be in favour of the prisoner, the President of a General Court Martial shall vote with the other Members, but shall have no casting vote. The European Superintending Officer at a Court Martial, inferior to General, shall not vote.

Equality of votes.

Casting vote.

Concurrence of two-thirds of the Members in a Sentence of death.

Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers may be placed in arrest or confined—preparatory to trial.

Art. 67. No Sentence of death shall be given against any offender by a Court Martial unless two-thirds of the Members present concur therein.

Art. 68. Whenever any Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer, or Soldier shall be charged with the commission of a Crime deserving punishment, his Commanding Officer, if he is of opinion that there are reasonable grounds for enquiry, shall order him to be put under arrest, if an Officer; or if a Soldier, to be confined, until he shall be either pardoned by a Court Martial, or shall be lawfully discharged by a proper authority; and a Court Martial for the trial shall be assembled within eight days, or if it cannot be conveniently assembled within that time, then as soon as it can be conveniently assembled.

Peculiar Jurisdiction of General Courts Martial.

Commissioned Officers amenable to General Courts Martial only. Offences of which the punishment may be death or imprisonment exceeding four months, or punishments in the next Article.

Powers of punishment vested in General Courts Martial.

Art. 69. All Commissioned Officers, all Prisoners charged with offences, which are punishable with death or with transportation, or with imprisonment exceeding four months, shall be tried by General Courts Martial only.

Art. 70. A General Court Martial, when a Commissioned Officer shall be convicted before it of any offence before specified, of which the punishment is not before defined, or is left discretionary, may adjudge such Officer to be suspended from rank and pay and allowances, for a stated period, or to be placed lower on the list of his rank, by an alteration of the date of his commission, thereby losing the corresponding benefit of length of service, and the Court shall, in every such sentence, specify the extent or degree of suspension or reduction, which they shall so adjudge. A General Court Martial may in the cases before mentioned adjudge a Commissioned Officer to be punished with imprisonment for any period not exceeding four months.

Powers of punishment vested in all Courts Martial—Non-Commissioned Officers punished with loss of rank, &c.

Art. 71. Any Court Martial, General or not General, when a Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier shall be convicted before it of any offence before specified of which the punishment is not before defined or is left discretionary, may adjudge such Non-Commissioned Officer to be reduced to serve as a private Soldier, or may adjudge a Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier to be placed lower in the list of the

rank which he holds, with proportionate loss in respect to length of service, such loss to be distinctly specified in the sentence, and to be restorable by the Commander in Chief, or may adjudge such Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier to be imprisoned for any period not exceeding four months, or to be imprisoned with hard labour for any period not exceeding two months;—and may direct the prisoner to be kept in solitary confinement for any portion or portions of his term of imprisonment, not exceeding one month at a time. And in addition to any such punishments may adjudge a forfeiture of all claims to pension on discharge which might otherwise have accrued to such Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier from the length or nature of his service. Provided, that no Soldier who has undergone the punishment of imprisonment with hard labour under the sentence of any Court Martial shall be capable of being re-admitted into the ranks, or receiving pension on discharge.

Corporal punishment not to be awarded, except for offences by Camp followers. Art. 72. It shall not be competent to any Court Martial to sentence any Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier to be flogged, but Camp-followers not above the condition of menial servants or laborers, shall be liable to corporal punishment not exceeding one hundred lashes, with or without nine tails.

No person to be tried a second time for same offence. Art. 73. No person being acquitted or convicted before a Court Martial of any offence, shall be liable to be tried a second time by the same or any other Court Martial for the same offence.

Limitation of liability to trial. Art. 74. No person shall be liable to be tried or punished for any offence against these Rules and Articles which shall appear to have been committed more than three years previous to the order directing the assembly of the Court Martial whereby he is to be tried, unless the person accused, by reason of his absencing himself, or some other manifest impediment, shall not have been amenable to justice within that period, in which case such person shall be liable to be tried, at any time not exceeding two years after the impediment shall have ceased.

Non-Commissioned Officers how to be reduced. Art. 75. No Non-Commissioned Officer shall be reduced to the ranks, but by the sentence of a Court Martial.

Punishments otherwise than by Courts Martial.

Jurisdiction of Commanding Officer without Court Martial may award Drill or Extra Duty—or confinement in the Quarter Guard. Art. 76. In cases of light offences, a Commanding Officer may without the intervention of a Court Martial, award extra Drill or Extra Duty not exceeding fifteen days; or confinement in the Quarter Guard for not exceeding three days, and none of these descriptions of punishment shall be awardable by sentences of a Court Martial.

Court Martial precluded from awarding such sentences.

Of Complaints.

An Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier, considering himself wronged by his superior, may complain to his Commanding Officer. Art. 77. If any Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier, shall think himself wronged by his superior or other Officer, he is to complain thereof to the Commanding Officer of his Troop or Company, by whom if the grievance be not redressed, such Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier, may complain to the Commanding Officer of his Regiment, who is hereby required to examine into such complaint, or remit it to his superior authority, as the circumstances may require; but if the complaint should appear to be frivolous or groundless, the party preferring it shall be liable to be punished by the sentence of a Court Martial according to the circumstances of the case, by being reduced to rank or suspended from rank, or by being imprisoned or deprived of Pay and Allowances according to the manner and to the extent as by these Articles may be awarded by any Court Martial.

Offences under Arrest. Art. 78. Any Commissioned Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier, under arrest, or in confinement under

confined on a criminal charge not entitled to full pay, &c. during his absence from his Regiment, &c.

a charge of any offence, shall not be entitled to receive his full pay and allowances from the day of his commitment till the day of his return to duty in his Regiment, or to the party he shall be ordered to join; but shall be subsisted at a rate proportioned to his rank, and if he be acquitted he shall receive the balance of all arrears of pay and allowances accruing during the time of his confinement.

Execution of Sentences by Courts Martial.

Sentence of Death—Nizamut Adawlut to give effect to sentences of Transportation.

Art. 79. Sentence of death shall be executed in like manner as such sentence is executed, when awarded by Courts Martial for the trial of the East India Company's European Troops. Whenever the sentence of a General Court Martial shall adjudge transportation or sentence of death shall be committed by competent authority to transportation, the Nizamut Adawlut shall give effect to such sentence or commuted sentence, on the sentence being certified to the Court by the Adjutant General, or his Deputy, under the authority of the Commander in Chief.

Imprisonment. Art. 80. Persons sentenced to imprisonment by Courts Martial shall be imprisoned in any public prison, or in any other fit place which the Commander in Chief at the Presidency to which the prisoner may belong shall appoint, provided such place be within such Presidency.

Magistrates to give effect to sentences of imprisonment by Military authority.

Art. 81. Whenever any sentence of a Court Martial shall adjudge imprisonment, or imprisonment with labour or with solitary confinement or both, it shall be the duty of any Magistrate to give force to such sentences on the offender sentenced to imprisonment being delivered to his custody, and on being furnished with a copy of the sentence by the General or other Officer Commanding the Division or District, within which the trial is held.

When a fine is adjudged by a Court Martial the pay or property, &c. of the offender within Camp, &c. shall be available. Art. 82. In every case wherein a fine or pecuniary compensation shall be adjudged by a Court Martial, any arrears of pay or public money due to the offender, or any property belonging to him in Camp, Garrison, or Cantonment shall be available, under an order from the Officer Commanding, for the payment of the amount so adjudged. And the goods and chattels of the offender may be distrained on and the distress sold by warrant under the hand of the President of the Court Martial.

SECTION IV.

Effects of the Dead.

Effects of deceased Commissioned Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers, Subjuncts and Public Servants.

Art. 83. When any Commissioned Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer, or Soldier, or any person receiving public pay drawn by any Officer in charge of a Public Department belonging to the Army, may die, or be killed in the service, the Commanding Officer of the Regiment or Party, or Officer in charge of the Department, shall secure his Effects and direct an inventory thereof to be taken, a duplicate of which is to be lodged in the Office of the Adjutant, or Officer in charge of the Department.

Rules to be observed in the disposal of the Effects of the deceased, if no Executor be on the spot.

Art. 84. If there be no Executor on the spot, appointed by the deceased, the Effects are to be publicly sold, the Commanding Officer of the Regiment or Party, or Officer in charge of the Department, after discharging the debts of the deceased, viz. the expense of funeral arrangements, his debts in Camp or Quarters, and Regimental debts of every description, shall account for the residue to the Heir or Heirs declared by Will, whether written or verbal, or in failure of such to the legal representative of the deceased, and in the event of no Executor, Heir, or other representative of the deceased attending and establishing his claim within twelve months from the date of the casualty, the amount in the hands of the Officer having charge of the Estate is to be remitted to the General Treasury at the Presidency.

SECTION V.

Articles relating to service out of the British Territories, Martial Law, Rebels, Pay during imprisonment by the Enemy, Effects of Deserters.

When troops are serving where there is no Court of Civil Judicature, serious offences may be tried by General Court Martial.

against person or property, shall be liable to be tried by a General Court Martial, and punished with death, or otherwise, according to law.

General Courts Martial may be assembled for the trial of any person accused of any crime committed against the property, &c. of an inhabitant of any place out of the British Territories where the Troops shall be in Military possession, &c.

the property or person of any inhabitant or resident at such place, or of having committed violence or any other offence, and every such Court Martial shall have power to adjudge any person so accused to suffer the punishment herein prescribed for the crime or offence charged, but no sentence passed by such Court shall be executed until confirmed by the Officer Commanding the Troops on service to which such Division, Detachment, or Party shall belong.

General Courts Martial may be assembled for the trial of persons owing allegiance to the British Government who may be taken in arms against the said Government, &c.

to the British Government who may be taken in arms against the said Government, or who may be assisting in rebellion by maliciously attacking or injuring the persons or properties of any loyal subjects, or in any other manner; and it shall be lawful for any such Court Martial to adjudge any person so found guilty to suffer death by being hanged by the neck until dead, or to be otherwise punished as to such Court Martial shall seem expedient. But no sentence shall be executed until confirmed by the said Commanding Officer.

And the Commanding Officer of every such Division, Detachment, or distinct Party, is hereby authorized to arrest and detain in custody all persons engaged in such rebellion, or suspected thereof, and to cause all persons so arrested and detained to be brought to trial and to execute the sentence of all such Courts Martial, whether of death, or otherwise, and to do all other acts necessary for such several purposes.

Persons aiding, &c. the Enemy, amenable to Court Martial, and liable to suffer death.

in arms against the State, or otherwise aiding and abetting the Enemy; and such person so found guilty shall be liable to the punishment of death, by being

Sentence not to be executed until confirmed by the Officer Commanding.

Commanding the Troops on service to which such Division, Detachment, or Party shall belong.

Any Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier made prisoner to forfeit all claim to pay and allowances, &c.

til he shall again return to the service; when, if he

Art. 85. Whenever any body of the Troops shall be employed where there is no British Court of Civil Judicature, any Officer, Soldier, or other person amenable to Military Law, accused of murder, robbery, or other serious offences

against person or property, shall be liable to be tried by a General Court Martial, and punished with death,

Art. 86. In any place out of the British Territories or in States in alliance with the British Government, where the Troops shall be in Military possession, the Officer Commanding any Division, Detachment, or distinct party, may assemble General Courts Martial, which shall consist of not less than seven Officers at the least, for the trial of any person under his Command, accused of any crime committed against

the property or person of any inhabitant or resident at such place, or of having committed violence or any other offence, and every such Court Martial shall have power to adjudge any person so accused to suffer the punishment herein prescribed for the crime or offence charged, but no sentence passed by such Court shall be executed until confirmed by the Officer Commanding the Troops on service to which such Division, Detachment, or Party shall belong.

Art. 87. And in all places within the Company's Territories where Martial Law shall have been by due authority proclaimed, the Officer Commanding the Division, Detachment, or distinct Party, may assemble General Courts Martial, which shall consist of not less than seven Officers, for the trial of any person owing allegiance to

the British Government who may be taken in arms against the said Government, or who may be assisting in rebellion by maliciously attacking or injuring the persons or properties of any loyal subjects, or in any other manner; and it shall be lawful for any such Court Martial to adjudge any person so found guilty to suffer death by being hanged by the neck until dead, or to be otherwise punished as to such Court Martial shall seem expedient. But no sentence shall be executed until confirmed by the said Commanding Officer.

And the Commanding Officer of every such Division, Detachment, or distinct Party, is hereby authorized to arrest and detain in custody all persons engaged in such rebellion, or suspected thereof, and to cause all persons so arrested and detained to be brought to trial and to execute the sentence of all such Courts Martial, whether of death, or otherwise, and to do all other acts necessary for such several purposes.

Art. 88. Every Court Martial, as constituted in the preceding Article, shall have power to try any person owing allegiance to the British Government, who shall be taken in arms against the State, or otherwise aiding and abetting the Enemy; and such person so found guilty shall be liable to the punishment of death, by being

hanged by the neck until dead, or to transportation for life. But no sentence passed by such Court shall be executed until confirmed by the Officer Commanding the Troops on service to which such Division, Detachment, or Party shall belong.

Art. 89. Any Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer, or Soldier, who shall be taken prisoner by the enemy shall forfeit all claim to pay and allowances during the period of his remaining a prisoner and until he shall again return to the service; when, if he

can establish, before a Court Martial, that he was unavoidably taken prisoner in the course of service and that he hath not served with or assisted the enemy, and that he hath returned as soon as possible to the service, he shall be entitled to receive either the whole, or such portion of his arrears of pay and allowances as the Court Martial shall award.

Effects of Deserters.

Art. 90. The Effects of Deserters are to be publicly sold, and the proceeds, after payment of Regimental debts, remitted by the Officer Commanding the Corps to which the Deserter belongs, to the General Treasury at the Presidency.

SECTION VI.

Application of the Articles.

Art. 91. All Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers, Soldiers; all Drivers or Farriers, Trumpeters, and Drummers; all Hospital Attendants, Sub-assistant Surgeons and Dressers; all Artificers and Laborers, Suttlers, Camp-followers, or others attached to or serving with any part of the Army, are to be governed by these Articles and subject to trials by Courts Martial.

SECTION VII.

Promulgation of the Articles.

Art. 92. These Articles are to be translated into the several languages of the different Presidencies, and the parts following, viz. are to be read once every six months at the head of every Troop or Company mustered in the Service.

Ordered, that this Draft be re-considered at the first Meeting of the Legislative Council after the 10th day of December next.

T. H. MADDOCK,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

No. 75.

FORT WILLIAM,
GENERAL DEPARTMENT,
THE 16TH NOVEMBER, 1838.

Notice is hereby given, that the Salaries and Allowances of the Civil and Marine Departments, for November, instant, will be discharged by the Sub-Treasurer and Marine Paymaster respectively, on or after Saturday, the 15th proximo.

Published by Order of the Hon'ble the President in Council,

H. T. PRINSEP,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FORT WILLIAM,

MILITARY DEPARTMENT, 17th Nov. 1838.

Notice is hereby given, that the Pay, Batta, and other Allowances for November 1838, of the Troops at the Presidency, and at the other Stations of the Army, will be issued on or after Monday, the 10th Proximo.

By Order of the Hon'ble the President in Council,

J. STUART, Lt.-Col.,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India Mily. Dept.

ORDERED BY THE RIGHT HON'BLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL OF INDIA.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT,

CAMP AT REWARA,

THE 12th NOVEMBER, 1838.

Mr. Assistant Surgeon A. Reid was appointed on the 9th instant, to be attached to the Political Agent at Loodhiana, proceeding to Peshawar.

By Order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India,

W. H. MACRAUGHTEN,

*Secy. to Govt. of India,
and the Govr. Genl.*

ORDERS BY THE RIGHT HON'BLE THE GOVERNOR
GENERAL OF INDIA.

SECRET DEPARTMENT,

CAMP AT ROOPUR,

THE 12TH NOVEMBER, 1858.

Lieutenant J. Hoppe, of the 16th Regiment Native Infantry, and Adjutant to the 2d Infantry, Oude Auxiliary Force, was, on the 8th instant, appointed to Shah Shouja's Force, vice Lieutenant Halliday, deceased.

By Order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India,

W. H. MACNAGHTEN,

Secy. to Govt. of India,

with the Govr. Genl.

No. 10.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT,
NORTH WESTERN PROVINCES,

Camp Nullagurh, the 14th November, 1858.

Mr. G. Mainwaring, Agent to the Governor General at Benares, has obtained leave of absence for three months, from the 1st Proximo, to enable him to proceed to the Presidency with the view of eventually applying for leave to proceed to the Cape of Good Hope or New South Wales, for the recovery of his health.

W. H. MACNAGHTEN,

Secy. to the Govt. N. W. P.

with the Govr. Genl.

No. 2890.

ORDERS BY THE RIGHT HON'BLE THE GOVERNOR
GENERAL FOR THE NORTH WESTERN PROVINCES.

SINLA,

GENERAL DEPARTMENT,

THE 22D OCTOBER, 1858.

ECCLIESIASTICAL.

The appointment of the Reverend R. Chambers, District Chaplain at Agra, to the discharge of the Ecclesiastical duties at Muzsoorie and Landour, is to commence from the 12th January next, instead of the 1st December, as stated in the Orders of the 13th September last.

REVENUE.

Lieutenant W. Maxwell, of the Artillery, is appointed to be an Assistant Revenue Surveyor, under Captain J. Furdye, Revenue Surveyor in Gorakhpore.

THE 25TH OCTOBER, 1858.

REVENUE.

APPOINTMENTS.

Abdool Rahmaan Khan to be a Deputy Collector in Zilla Furruckabad, under the provisions of Regulation IX of 1853.

Moulree Nusseerollah Khan and Muhammad Mohib and Deen to be Deputy Collectors in Zilla Mynpoory, under the provisions of Regulation IX. of 1853.

JUDICIAL.

Mr. A. J. Colvin, Judge of the Sudder Dewaney and Nizamut Adawlut, has obtained leave of absence for two months, from the 1st December next, on his private affairs, for the purpose of visiting the Presidency, preparatory to submitting an application to retire from the Service on an Annuity.

Mr. J. Dananure, Judge of Allahabad, has obtained leave of absence for one month, from the 2d December next, on his private affairs, for the purpose of proceeding to the Presidency, in the event of his obtaining permission to return to Europe on Furlough.

Mr. C. R. Cartwright, Judge of Azimgurh, is appointed to officiate as Civil and Sessions Judge of Allahabad, and directed to relieve Mr. Dananure by the date mentioned above.—Mr. Cartwright is authorised to make over charge of the current duties of the Judge's Office at Azimgurh to the Principal Sudder Ameen, if no other arrangement is made for relieving him before he quits his Station.

F. CURRIE,

Offg. Secy. to the Govr. Genl. N. W. P.

GENERAL ORDERS BY THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE
GOVERNOR GENERAL.

Camp Buddoe, 9th November, 1858.

The following Appointment was made in the Secret Department, under date the 29th ultimo :

Captain J. Griffin, of the 24th Regiment Native Infantry, to be Aide-de-Camp to Colonel F. H. Simpson, Commanding the Force of Shah Shoujahool-Moolk.

WM. CASEMENT, M. G.,

Secy. to the Govt. of India Milly. Dept.,

with the Rt. Hon'ble the Govr. Genl.

GENERAL ORDERS BY THE RIGHT HON'BLE THE
GOVERNOR GENERAL.

Camp, Hurua, 13th November, 1858.

The following Appointments were made by the Governor General, in the General Department, North Western Provinces, on the 12th instant :

Lieutenant C. E. Grant, Interpreter and Quarter Master, 62d Regiment Native Infantry, to be an Assistant Surveyor in the Allahabad District.

Assistant Surgeon M. Nightingale to be Civil Assistant Surgeon at Booldundshuhur.

WM. CASEMENT, M. G.,

Secy. to the Govt. of India Milly. Dept.,

with the Rt. Hon'ble the Govr. Genl.

GENERAL ORDERS BY THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE
GOVERNOR GENERAL.

Camp, Muchkaurra, 14th November, 1858.

The following Extract of a Letter from the Hon'ble the Court of Directors, in the Political Department, is published for general information :

Extract of a Letter, No. 81, from the Hon'ble the Court of Directors, in the Political Department, dated 16th May, 1858.

" Para. 2. In reply to Court's observations on the expediency of having every where some Functionary bound to receive charge of public property, when the Officer in custody of it is prevented by any circumstance from receiving charge. Para. 50. You express an opinion, that it must be considered the duty of every Functionary under Government, to take charge of public property, when required to do so. We trust that this opinion has been duly promulgated, for in the case which gave rise to our observations, all the Officers at the Station declined the responsibility of taking charge of certain public stores."

WM. CASEMENT, M. G.,

Secy. to the Govt. of India Milly. Dept.,

with the Rt. Hon'ble the Govr. Genl.

GENERAL ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE PRESIDENT IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM, 26th November, 1858.

No. 172 of 1858.—The undermentioned Officers have returned to their duty on this Establishment, without prejudice to their rank, by permission of the Hon'ble the Court of Directors :

Date of arrival at

Fort William.

Captain Alexander John Fraser, of the 50th Regiment N. I.

Lieutenant John Minshall Drake, of the 46th Regiment N. I.

Assistant Surgeon James Enbille, M. D., Medical Department.

22d November, 1858.

Mr. Thomas Menst Cameron is admitted to the Service, in conformity with his appointment by the Hon'ble the Court of Directors, as a Cadet of Infantry on this Establishment, and promoted to the rank of Ensign, leaving the date of his Commission for future adjustment. Date of arrival at Fort William, 23d November, 1858.

Lieutenant James Townsend Daniell, of the 47th Regiment Native Infantry, is permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlough, on Medical Certificate.

The unexpired portion of the leave of absence granted to Lieutenant James Ramsay, of the 35th Regiment Native Infantry, Deputy Assistant Commissary General, in General Orders No. 114, of the 30th July last, is cancelled from the 1st Instant.

J. STUART, Lt.-Col.,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India Mil. Dept.

FORT WILLIAM, 26th November, 1838.

No. 173 of 1838.—The undermentioned Men of Her Majesty's Service, are permitted to reside in India — Out-Pensioners of Chelsea Hospital, and draw their pay at the Stations specified opposite to their respective names, according to the 55th Article of the Pension Warrant of the 14th November 1829, pending a reference to the Home Authorities as to the amount of their pensions.

9th Foot.

Private John Sankey,..... Calcutta.
" Joseph Buckley,..... Chinsurah.

26th Foot.

Serjeant Nicholas McKenzie,..... Calcutta.
Private Thomas Saunders,..... Ditto.
" William Ryan..... Chinsurah.

J. STUART, Lt.-Col.,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India Mil. Dept.

FORT WILLIAM, 26th November, 1838.

No. 175 of 1838.—The Staff Salary of Ahlow-de-Camp on the personal Staff of the Governor General, the Vice President, the President of the Council, the Deputy Governor of Bengal, the Lieutenant Governor of Agra, and the Commander in Chief, is to be considered a consolidated allowance fixed with reference to the Appointment, and not alterable in any of its items, with the rank of the holder.

The rule with regard to House Rent laid down in the Appendix to the Pay and Audit Regulations, Section XVII, Clause 2, is accordingly to be expunged from that Compilation.

J. STUART, Lt.-Col.,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India Mil. Dept.

It is hereby notified, that unless marked for particular Ships, all Letters received at the General Post Office between Monday the 19th and Sunday the 25th November, with dates inclusive, were despatched by the undermentioned Vessels which sailed from Saugor as directed specified:

Letters received on dates from and to.	By what Ships despatched.	Bound to.	Sailed from Saugor.
9th to 20th November,.....	Ash,.....	London,.....	Will leave Calcutta on the 6th December.
Ditto,.....	David Scott,.....	China,.....	Ditto 30th Instant.
21st to 23d November,.....	Stemmer Ganges,...	{ Rangoon and Moulmein, .. }	Left Town on the 23d Instant.
24th to 25th Ditto,.....	Adolphus,.....	Marseilles,.....	Ditto 24th Instant.

WM. MOORE, Deputy Post Master.

Calcutta, General Post Office, the 27th November, 1838.

LIST OF UNCLAIMED LETTERS remaining in the General Post Office, which have accumulated between the 1st July and 30th September, 1838.

S.

Swinton, Esq. Edward G.—3d Light Dragoons, Cawnpore, East Indies.
Swincy, Dr.—For Mrs. Swincy, Calcutta.
Swincy, Mrs.—Care of Dr. Swincy, Chowringhee, Calcutta, Bengal.
Smith, Lieut. F. E.—Adj. of the 60th Regiment Bengal N. I., Calcutta.
Stuart, Esq. Hugh L.—Asst. Surgeon H. M. 44th Regt. Calcutta, East Indies.
Shaw, Esq. Samuel Lewis—To the care of Capt. J. M. Steward, Lindsay Street, Calcutta, East Indies.
Spencer, Surgeon William—14th Regt. N. I., Moradabad.
Samuels, Esq. E. A. — Officiating Magistrate, Hooghly.
Sutherland, Mr. David—Ship Master, Montrose, Simpson, Brother and Co. Messrs.—Calcutta.
Shepherd, Mr. Wm—Ship Calcutta, Calcutta.
Shuttleworth, Esq. Henry—Calcutta.
Swinton, Esq. F. G.—H. M. 3d Dragoons, Calcutta.
Suwerkrop, Esq. John H.—Messrs. Cauter and Co., Calcutta.
Seabell, Lieut. F.—H. M. 62d Regt., Moulmein, India.
Shepherd, Esq. William — Chief Officer Ship Calcutta, East Indies. Should the Ship not be in Port to be left at No. 22, Null Pooker, Calcutta.
Shand, Esq. Robert—Malacca.
Scott, Major Jonathan—Of the Invalid Establishment, Cape of Good Hope.
Shaw, Ensign A. A.—doing duty 16th Regt. N. I., Madras.
Self, Esq. Henry Samuel—Calcutta, East Indies.
Smith, Mrs. L. T.—Calcutta.
Sim, Malame J. C.—Nee Couperus, a Madras.
Sheppard, Esq. W. E.—Cape Town, C. of Good Hope.
Saur, Monsieur P.—Calcutta.
Smith, Mr. Stephen—To the care of Mr. J. P. Rocks, old Sudder Bazar, near the Fort. Agra.
Sutherland, Mr. Wm.—Steward on Board the Ship Jumna, Calcutta.
Scully, Mr. Jno. Michael—(2 Letters.) Calcutta, to the care of Capt. G. Clark.
Schweberger, Mr. Joseph Theodor—Dr. Medio, Batavia, East India.
SaMonie, Senhora Suzon da—Care of Anba. Pereira, Calcutta.
Stevens, Private H.—European Regt., Agra.
Shuly, Corporal John—49th Regt. or elsewhere, Richmond Barracks, Dublin, Chatham.
Shanah Bhaider's Mother—In care of Dr. Campbell, in Permit Ghant, Cawnpore.
Shaik Geman—Milgerpool, Calcutta.
Shah Hojatulla—Care of Messrs. Ainslie, Colvin, Cowie and Co., Calcutta, Bengal.
Smith, Captain David—Of the Barque Bracken Moor, Calcutta.
Silva, Silmo, Sur, Joze Caetano de Almeida e, &c. &c.—Calcutta.

T.

Taylor, Esq. W.—Special Deputy Collector and Superintendent of Khas Mohels of Burdwan, at Hooghly.
Tyller, Esq. Maurice W.—23d Regt. Native Infantry, Agra.
Thompson, Mr.—2d Master Delhi College, Delhi.
Turbull, Esq. T.—Merchant, Entalla, Calcutta.
Toole, Mr. James E.—Bengal Pilot Service, Bankshall, Calcutta.
Tucker, George—Brig Snipe, Calcutta.
Tomasson, Mr. William—Meerut.
Tilghman, Mr. Theophilus—Care of Messrs. Bell, Ramsie and Co., Calcutta.
Thompson, Mr. J. H.—4th Mate on board the Nepmans. C. S., Captain Kerria, Hobart Town, New South Wales.
Tarasachurn Mitter and { Jagannath Jotris, at Jug-
Nath Bhose— { ernach.
To be detained at Post
Office of that place.

(To be Continued.)

WM. MOORE, Deputy Post Master.

Calcutta, General Post Office, 30th October, 1838.

STEAM DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

NOTICE is hereby given, that it is the intent... of the Hon'ble the Governor in Council to despatch the Hon'ble Company's Steam Ship "Atalanta" to Suoz, with an Overland Packet, on Tuesday the 1st of January 1839.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Governor in Council,
(Signed) R. M. WOOD, *Lieut.-Col.*
Secy. to Govt.

Bombay Castle, 7th Nov. 1838.

With reference to the above Copy of a Notification, it is hereby notified, that the 18th of the ensuing month of December, will be the latest safe date for the transmission of letters, from Calcutta to Bombay, which may be intended for the January Steamer.

It is requested that parties who can make it convenient to do so, will have the goodness to send their letters a day or two before the 18th proximo, since the letters, &c. on the announced latest safe dates are becoming so numerous and consequently heavy, as very seriously to retard the transit of the mails of those dates.

G. ALEXANDER,
Offg. Post Master General.

Port William, General Post Office, }
the 21st November, 1838. }

Notice to Exporters of Tobacco, Segars, &c., and to Masters of Vessels on which Tobacco, &c. may be Shipped.

No Tobacco can be imported into the United Kingdom unless the Master shall have on board a separated and distinct Manifest for such Tobacco, containing the particular weight in each Hogshead, Cask, Che 1, or Case, with the Tare of the same, and otherwise drawn up in the form prescribed by the Act of Parliaments.

Penalty on the Master £100—see 3 and 4 William 4, C. 63, Sec. 3, 7 and 11.

Tobacco may not be imported into the United Kingdom in any Ship or Vessel of less burthen than 120 Ton—nor unless in Hogsheads, Casks, Chests, or Cases, containing at least 100 lbs. net weight, and not packed in Bags or Packages within any such Hogsheads, Casks, &c. Nor separated nor divided in any way whatever, nor unless the particular weight of the Tobacco in each Package, with the Tare of the same, be marked thereon under penalty of forfeiture—3 and 4 William 4, C. 63, Sec. 58. It is important that parties Shipping Tobacco from this Port for Great Britain, should make themselves thoroughly acquainted with each portion of the Acts above quoted as relate to that Article.

R. WALKER, *Collector of Customs.*
Calcutta Custom House, the 10th July, 1838.

NOTIFICATION.

FORT WILLIAM, OPIUM DEPARTMENT,
THE 22d OCTOBER, 1838.

NOTICE is hereby given, that on Monday, the 7th day of January next, at the hour of 11 o'clock in the Forenoon, will be put up to Sale, at the Exchange Rooms at Calcutta, and sold by Public Auction, the undermentioned Quantity of Opium, the Provision of 1837-38, subject to the following Conditions, viz.

PRODUCE OF BEHAR AGENCY, 4,500
DITTO OF BENARES Ditto, 2,500

Total Cheats 7,000

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

First. The Opium to be all sold to the highest bidder.
Second. Each Lot to contain Five Cheats.
Third. A Deposit in a Promissory Note for 1,000 Rupees per Lot, or 200 Rupees per Cheat, shall be made by the Purchaser in the Sale Room, and before the Lot is registered in the Sale Book, and all such Promissory Notes shall be redeemed on the part of Purchasers at the Office, by Sub-Treasurer's Receipts, or by subscription of other Public Securities of the Bengal Government, on or before 6 o'clock of the Afternoon of Friday, the 15th January next, or on the other hand, failing such redemption by the time aforesaid, then the Lot or Lots for which no Sub-Treasurer's Receipts, or Deposit of other Public Securities as aforesaid, shall have been delivered in, shall be re-sold at such time or times, and under such Conditions of Re-sale as the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium shall see fit; and all losses and expenses whatsoever attending such

Re-sale, shall be borne and paid by the Defaulters, whilst any profit accruing from such Re-sale shall be forfeited to Government.

Fourth. The Promissory Notes taken on the day of Sale under the last mentioned Condition, if remaining unredeemed on the said 15th of January next, will be placed in the hands of the Attorney to the Hon'ble Company for realization in such manner as to him shall seem fit.

Fifth. No Tender of Money, Sub-Treasurer's Receipts, or Public Securities on account of Opium upon which the prescribed Deposit may not have been made before 4 o'clock of the 15th of January next, will be afterwards accepted.

Sixth. The Opium now advertised for Sale shall be paid for within One Calendar Month from the day of Sale, and in case any Lots of such Opium shall not be so paid for and adjusted, then the Cash Deposit of 1,000 Rupees per Lot, or 200 Rupees per Cheat, or any Public Securities that may have been deposited on account of such Lots or Cheats, shall be forfeited, and the Opium be disposed of on account of Government at such time and in such manner as the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium, shall think fit.

Seventh. No Sub-Treasurer's Receipts, or Deposit of Public Securities under the third of the present Conditions, will be received in this Office except from the party recorded as the Purchaser in the Sale Book, or his authorized Agent. The Receipt for such Deposit will be granted only in the name of such Purchaser, and the Public Securities deposited will be returned when clearance has been made by the said Purchaser or his order.

Eighth. The Officer Superintending the Sale on the part of the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium, is empowered to reject at his discretion the bid of any individual, unless such individual shall on demand tender at the time a Deposit either in Bank of Bengal Notes, Sub-Treasurer's Receipts, or other Government Securities equal to One Thousand Rupees per Lot (or Two Hundred Rupees per Cheat,) on each Lot so bid for.

Ninth. The Purchaser of any Lot shall have the option of naming and purchasing in immediate succession any number of Lots of the same Agency Opium to the extent of Fifty Lots; and for the Lots so purchased, the Purchaser shall deposit 1,000 Rupees per Lot, and pay the same price per Cheat as that for which he purchased his first Lot, provided always that there remain a sufficient number of Lots of that Opium to complete the said Fifty but not otherwise.

Tenth. In the event of any dispute or difference touching or concerning any matter, or question arising out of the Sale of the Opium included in this Notification, or adjustment of the account thereof, the same shall and may be tried and decided in the Supreme Court of Judicature at Port William in Bengal, and all and every Plea and Pleas to the Jurisdiction of the said Supreme Court shall be waived.

Eleventh. The following Papers, together with Samples of the Opium for Sale, will be exhibited for inspection on the day of Sale, or may be seen previously to that date, by application at the Office of the Secretary to the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium.

No. 1. Certificate of the Opium now advertised for Sale.

No. 2. Report of the examination of such Opium.

Twelfth. The Public are hereby informed, that in providing the Investment of the Behar and Benares Opium for the year 1837-38, the same precautions have been taken as those which have been observed during past Years, to have the Drug procured and sent down in a pure state, to have only the prescribed quantity of Leaves used in forming the Cakes, and to have the due proportion of Opium put into each Cake. An account of the Weight of the Drug when packed at Behar and Benares, and a Statement of the average Weight of Six Cheats from each dispatch at Calcutta, may be seen on application at the Office of the Secretary to the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium.

Thirteenth. Four Cheats of Behar and Benares Opium which have been reserved from the provision of the two preceding years, will be also shown to the purchasers on the day of Sale, to enable them to judge of the state of preservation in which the Drug has kept.

Fourteenth. The Public are hereby informed, that in addition to the quantity above-mentioned, the following quantities more or less of Behar and Benares Opium will be brought to Sale this year on or about the dates specified below:

11th February,	Cheats 2,500
22d April,	Do. 4,500
27th May,	Do. 2,500
1st July say about	Do. 3,700

Total in addition to the 7,000 now advertised for Sale on 7th January, about cheats 13,200.

Fifteenth. But it is hereby further notified, that under the 6th Article of the Convention between Great Britain and France, dated the 7th March, 1815, quoted below, the Agents in India of His Majesty the King of the French, or Persons duly appointed by them, are entitled to demand that out of the quantities of Behar and Benares Opium declared as above for Sale at the five Sales, in the months of January, February, April, May and July, 1839, there shall be delivered to them at the average of the particular Sale or Sales, to which

Behar, 248
Benares, .. 52

Total 300

the Opium so applied for may belong to a quantity not exceeding in the aggregate 300 Chests; and the Agents of the French Government must make Requisition for the whole of the Opium required by them during the year within 30 days after the publication of this Advertisement, specifying the particular Sale or Sales from which the quantity of Opium is intended to be taken. If the Agents of the French Government shall not make the Requisition for Opium within the time above-mentioned, the entire quantity of about 30,208 Chests of Behar and Benares Opium as above estimated, will be brought to Sale in the usual manner, and if they shall make application for a quantity of Opium to be delivered to them out of the quantity advertised for Sale at each or any of the five Sales above-mentioned, but shall not pay for it within the prescribed period of payment, the Governor of Bengal reserves to himself the right of disposing of the Opium,

which the French Authorities may so fail to pay for, either by increasing the quantity reserved at the Sale next ensuing the date of payment, or by selling it at a Sale to be held expressly for the purpose.

Article of the Convention } Article 6th.—“With regard to the Trade in Opium, it is agreed between the High Contracting Parties, that at each of the Periodical Sales of that Article, there shall be reserved for the French Government, and delivered upon requisition duly made by the Agents of His Most Christian Majesty, or by the Persons duly appointed by them, the number of chests so applied for, provided that such supply shall not exceed Three Hundred Chests in each year, and the price for the same shall be determined by the average rate at which Opium shall have been sold at every such Periodical Sale, it being understood that if the quantity of Opium applied for at any one time shall not be taken on account of the French Government by the Agents of His Most Christian Majesty, within the usual period of delivery, the quantity so applied for shall nevertheless be considered as so much in reduction of the Three Hundred Chests herein before mentioned, the requisitions for Opium as aforesaid, are to be addressed to the Governor General at Calcutta, within thirty days after notice of the intended Sales shall have been published in the Government Gazette.”

By Order of the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium,

S. G. PALMER, Actg. Secy.

NOTICE of Public Sale for Arrears of Revenue, unless intermediately liquidated, at the Collector's Office, Zillah Moorshedabad, on Friday the 14th December 1838, corresponding with the 30th Aghsan 1245 H. S.

Name of Mehals to be sold, and of the Pergunnah in which they are situated, and No. of Lot in the Collector's Sale Advertisement.	Recorded Proprietor.	Annual Budder Jumma.	Arrears of Revenue, including Interest up to September 1838.	REMARKS.
No. 1, Ph. Koserportaub, &c.	Rajah Kishen Chund Sing and Koor Ram Chund Sing,	183647 9 6	26797 11 0	This Land produces Indigo, Mulberry, Paddy and Sugarcane.
No. 2, Hooda Ecooree, &c.	Ditto and Rames Jurno. Koorur,	105428 8 8	29496 8 6	Ditto.
No. 3, Kt. Ph. Gashpoor,	Bholanath, &c.	8076 12 6	2216 0 6	Ditto.
These Mehals are under Butwarah.				
No. 4, Dhee Gunkur, Churka.	Bindaban Beharree Takoo, Sewait Bejoy Gohind, &c.	14886 12 10	2478 1 5	Ditto.
No. 5, Turf Monerabdihee,	Mohes Chander, &c.	12016 4 0	3076 8 3	Ditto.
No. 6, Kt. Ph. Din Nughur,	Faqueer Gollah, &c.	8300 12 8	60 2 1	Ditto.

Moorshedabad Collectorate, the 22d November, 1838.

J. WARD, Offg. Collector.

NOTICE of Public Sale for Arrears of Revenue, unless intermediately liquidated, at the Collector's Office, of Zillah Backergunge, on the 4th day of December 1838 next, corresponding with 20th Aghsan 1245 H. S.

Name of Mehal to be sold and of the Pergunnah in which it is situated, and No. of Lot in Collector's Sale Advertisement.	Recorded Proprietor.	Annual Sudder Jumma.	Arrears of Revenue, including interest and Penalty.	REMARKS.
No. 698, Nasirpore Tupph,	Gopal Lal Thakoor, ...	28763 2 41	2974 4 1	
No. 701, Kharajah Ditto, Shurridun Nissah Bagum Talook,	Moheschunder Chowdry,	7804 4 31	1441 10 3	

E. E.

T. BRUGER, Collector.

Zillah Backergunge, Collector's Office, the 2d November, 1838.

NOTICE of Public Sale, for Arrears of Revenue, unless intermediately liquidated, at the Collector's Office, Zillah Hooghly, on Friday, the 14th December, 1838, corresponding with 30th Aushan 1245 B. S.

Name of Mohal to be sold, and of the Pergunnah in which it is situated And No. of Lot in Collector's Sale Advertisement.	Recorded Proprietor.	Amount Rudder Jumma.	Arrears of Revenue, including Interest for the month of Aug. and Sept. 1838.	REMARKS.
No. 36, Mundlegat, Ph. Mundlegat,	Mr. Hodger, &c.	203500 2 5	11721 9 7	This Land produces Paddy, Salt, Mulberry. Mohal under Butwarrah.
" 37, Dukhisbar, Ph. Baulin,	Nitta Nand Coondoo Choudrer, &c.	11750 4 10	1202 6 8	Ditto Paddy, Potatoes, Sugar-cane, &c.
" 38, Shookholier, Mouzah 22, Ph. Baulin,	Jogul Kissero Biswas, &c.	10140 0 9	1105 5 6	Ditto ditto ditto.
" 40, Bahingara, in 13 Mouzaha, Ph. Baulicgurree,	Buyatub Doss Mullie, &c.	7953 1 7	853 12 7	Ditto ditto ditto.
" 41, Beloo, &c. in 14 Mouzaha, Ph. Do.	Ditto,	10134 1 7	1103 3 6	Ditto ditto ditto.
" 42, Keoldok, Ph. Chundercoondoo,	Ditto,	10794 10 4	1173 10 9	Ditto ditto ditto.
" 43, Nekurbaug, in 41 Mouzaha, Ph. Do.	Juggo Mohun Mukerjee, &c.	11230 7 2	1204 2 11	Ditto ditto ditto.
" 44, Bonepore, &c. 32 Mouzaha, Ph. Do.	Buyatub Doss Mullie, &c.	10840 7 9	1163 10 4	Ditto ditto ditto.
" 45, Pandrah, &c. 19 Do. Ph. Baulin,	Ruma Noth Chatterjee,	11150 14 0	1214 3 9	Ditto ditto ditto.
" 46, Angus, &c. 50 Do. Ph. Chundercoondoo,	Buyatub Doss Mullie, &c.	10984 10 7	1160 1 7	Ditto ditto ditto.

Hooghly, Collector's Office, 8th November, 1838.

W. H. NELLI, Collector.

NOTICE of Public Sale, for Arrears of Revenue, unless intermediately liquidated, at the Collector's Office, Zillah Hooghly, on Friday, the 14th December, 1838, corresponding with 30th Aushan 1245 B. S.

Name of Mohal to be sold, and of the Pergunnah in which it is situated And No. of Lot in Collector's Sale Advertisement.	Recorded Proprietor.	Annual Rudder Jumma.	Arrears of Revenue, including Interest for the 1st of Aug and Sept. 1838.	REMARKS.
No. 33, Jagdispore, &c. in 114 Mouzaha,	Collee Nath Roy Choudree, &c.	36087 2 4	4142 6 6	This Land produces Paddy, Grain, Sugar-cane, &c.
" 34, Babadoorpore,	Progunno Cosmar Tabor,	18002 0 1	1748 8 0	Ditto ditto ditto.
" 35, Mamoodpore,	Gobind Chunder Baberjee,	10931 4 9	1179 2 5	Ditto ditto ditto.

Hooghly, Collector's Office, 8th November, 1838.

W. H. NELLI, Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undermentioned Two Allotments of Sunderbans' Forest Land, Deeded in favor of Government by the Presidency Special Commissioner, on the 24th July, 1837, can be obtained on the usual Jungle-booree terms, upon application being made at the Office of the Commissioner of the Sunderbans, at Aitipore.

Name of Allotment.	Supposed area.	Boundaries.	Remarks.
Khewtanah Bar-saadi.	70,000	North, the Pangachee river, the Barweekhater Khali, and the Jewdhooa river.—East, the Balisaur river.—West, the Sholok river.—South, the Choope, Barweekhater, and Kamarkhater Khali.	This allotment is situated on the Western bank of the Balisaur river, opposite to the cultivated lands lately resumed from the possession of the Zemindars of Pergunnah Beyadpore. It is high and dry, requiring little or no embanking to keep out the Salt Water, and a considerable portion of it would appear to have been at one time cleared of jungle. An abundance of large Sundree timber might be procured from this allotment, and from its proximity to a district already cultivated, fresh water at all times of the year might be obtained without difficulty. From its situation and capabilities, the land of this allotment offers many advantages to speculators.
Ditto.....	70,000	North, the Choope, Barweekhater, and Kamarkhater Khali.—East, the Balisaur river.—South, the Dhamir river joining the Sholok with the Balisaur river.—West, the Khali.	The like remarks apply modified in so far as this allotment is to the south of the preceding one.

Sunderbans, Commissioner's Office, Aitipore, the 6th Sept. 1838.

G. T. SHAKESPEAR, Commissioner.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Brojnanth Baboo, late of Calcuttollah, in Calcutta, Merchant and Trader, but at present residing at Jhaperch, in the District of Hooghly. At a Court holden on Saturday, the 17th day of November, instant, It was Adjudged, that the Position of Saumohund Seal presented to the Court in this matter, is true, and that the said Brojnanth Baboo has committed an act of Insolvency, under the provisions of the Statute 9th Geo. IV. Cap. 73, entitled "an Act to provide for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors in the East Indies, until the 1st day of March, 1838, continued until the 1st day of March, 1836, by 2d Wm. IV. Cap. 43, and further continued by an Act of the Governor General of India in Council (Act No. IV. of 1836,) until the 1st day of March, 1839."

Notice whereof is hereby given.

P. O'Hanlon, Examiner.

Office of Examiner, 20th November, 1838.

Mr. Anley, Atty.

**কলিকাতার জেজিহীন করজবানারেরবিগের
পরিজ্ঞাপার্থে আদালত**

ব্রজনাথ বাবুর বিসয় জিনি সাহেব বর্তমান নবে
কলিকাতার কলটোলা নিবাসিন ও ব্রজনাথ বাবুর
নাগর এবং বাবুসাইজিৎ একত্রে স্ববিবর তা
হুগলি জেলার বাগড়মতে বাস ক রিধের আদা
রণ — লত তজবি
আইন কে নামটাই নিলের এই আদালতে রাখিল
করা আরজি হয় জবান এবং এই উক্ত ব্রজনাথ বাবু
করিয়াছেন এক কর্ম নাটয়ানের মোতাবেক আজ
ফোর্ড বাবুসাহের বাবুসাইএর ৯ বৎসরের প্রকাসি
ত আইনের ৭৩ ধারায় আহর নাম হিন্দুস্থানের
অরুম করজবানারেরবিগের পরিজ্ঞাপার্থে আইন
সন ১৮৩৩ সালের মার্চ মাহার ১ তারিখ অবধি
এবং আহর সন ১৮৩৬ সালের মার্চ মাহার ১ তারি
খ অবধি উইলিয়াম ফোর্ড বাবুসাহের বাবুসাইএর
২ বৎসরের প্রকাসিত আইনের ৪৩ ধারা ত্তিক
পুনঃসংস্থাপিত হইয়াছে এবং পুনরায় এই আইন
ইতিএর গবরনর জেনেরেল বাবুসাহের মোতাবেক
(এক আইন নং ৪ সন ১৮৩৬ সালের) সন ১৮৩১
সালের মার্চ মাহার ১ তারিখ অবধি সংস্থাপিত
হইয়াছে —

উহার প্রবর এতদ্বারা দেওয়া জাইতেছে —

P. O'Hanlon, Examiner.

একজামিনর সাহেবের আকিব —

সন ১৮৩৮ সাল ২৬ নবেম্বর —

মেং এমলি উকিল —

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Matters of the Petition and Schedule, (the same having been filed in the Court,) of

KISHORCHANDRA SEAT,

of Burr's Bazar, in Calcutta, Writer, remanded from 16th September and 20th October last, and from 28 and 17th November, instant, will be heard on Tuesday, the 4th day of December, 1838, at the hour of noon.

"No Creditor will be allowed at the Hearing, to oppose the discharge of a Prisoner, unless he shall have given notice of his intention to the Chief Clerk three clear days before the day of Hearing."

Office of Examiner, 20th November, 1838.

Mr. Jackson, Atty.

কলিকাতার জেজিহীন করজবানারেরবিগের

পরিজ্ঞাপার্থে আদালত

এতদ্বারা দেওয়া জাইতেছে যে এই আ
দালতে রাখিল করা আরজি ও বর্তমান বিসয় নিচের
নাথিত —

তত্ত্বদার সেট —

জিনি কলিকাতার বকীজার নিবাসি কেরানি
মূলতবি গডো ১৪ সেপ্টেম্বর এবং ২০ অক্টোবরে
র এবং বর্তমান নবেম্বর মাহার ৩ এবং ১৭ তারি
খের তাহার বিসয় সন ১৮৩৮ সালের ডিসেম্বর মা
হার ৪ মঙ্গলবার তারিখে বেলা দুইএকটোর সময়
সুনানি হইবেক —

“কোন মহাজন আগত করিতে পারিলেন
নাই বালাগিতে কোন করজবান অদ্যপি সুনানির
নিয়মিত দিনের পূর্ণ পূর্ণ দিন বিবস থাকিতে
তাহার মানসের অব্যাহতি কৈলক সাহেবের
আজিবে না দেন” —

একজামিনর সাহেবের আকিব —

সন ১৮৩৮ সাল ২৬ নবেম্বর —

মেং জবান উকিল —

Administration.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of HUGH ROSS, late of Chawpore, a Lieutenant Colonel in the Military Service of the East India Company, and Commanding the Seventh Regiment Bengal Native Infantry, are requested to make payment to the Registrar of the Supreme Court at Fort William, Administrator to the Estate, to whom all Creditors are also desired to make known their Claims. [B]

5th November, 1838.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE,

9th NOVEMBER, 1838.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Sessions of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery and also an Admiralty Sessions, will be holden by the Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William, and the Places subordinate thereto, at the Court House in the said Town of Calcutta, on Saturday the 8th day of December next, at 11 of the clock in the forenoon, of which all persons are required to take notice.

J. YOUNG, Sheriff.

জবান আকিব ৯ নবেম্বর ১৮৩৮ সাল —

কলিকাতার দেওয়া জাইতেছে যে আগানি ৮ মিল
সন ১৮৩৮ সাল সনিবার এগার ফটার সময় মহর
কলিকাতার জেজি উইলিয়ামের এবং তাহার অ
পাতি যে সন ১৮৩৮ সালে তরমিতে বহমেনে জেজি
উইলিয়ামের পূর্ণরম জেজি আগর আগর আদাল
কেন এবং ওপর টরমির এবং এতদ্বারা সেট অ
মহাজন করজবান মোতব্বার বিজাত্য এক সেনি
আন অদ্যপি রাখিল করিলেন সকলেই সন ১৮৩৮
সালের

J. YOUNG, Sheriff.